

# Converting Colors

YUV(35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(35.3410, -3.6191,  
40.9199)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	520D1C
RGB	82, 13, 28
RGB Percent	32%, 5%, 11%
CMY	0.6784, 0.9490, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 0.66, 0.68
HSL	347°, 73%, 19%
HSV	347°, 84%, 32%
XYZ	3.8332, 2.1655, 1.3146
YIQ	35.3410, 36.3090, 19.2930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

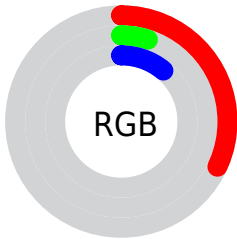
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	82, 13, 28
Decimal	5377308
CIELab	16.33, 32.10, 9.87
CIELCh	16, 33.581, 17.084
Yxy	2.1655, 0.5241, 0.2961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283567388 (0xFF520D1C)
YUV	35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199
Hunter-Lab	14.7157, 20.7437, 5.0046

# Details

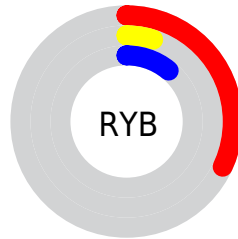
The YUV color **35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **59.6590, 3.6191, -40.9199**, and the grayscale version is **35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.7390, -7.2663, 44.0789**, and **9.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9610, -3.9248, 45.6382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7210, -3.3135, 36.2017**.

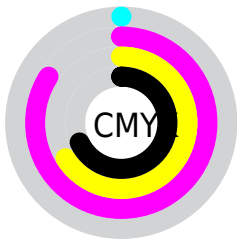
# Distribution



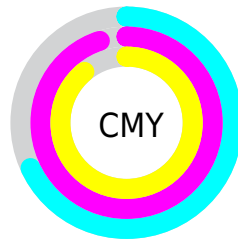
- Red (32%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



35.3410, -3.6191,  
40.9199

35.3410, -3.6191,  
40.9199

252.0650, 1.4470,  
2.5740

17.1570, -7.9654,  
34.9423

85.7390, -7.2663,  
44.0789

9.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

110.9350, -7.8560,  
46.5380

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

137.3050, -9.0244,  
47.9675

164.2020, -9.4666,  
49.8118

191.0990, -9.9088,  
51.6562

212.2220, -6.5184,

37.5163

231.8500, -2.3910,  
20.3026

35.3410, -3.6191,  
40.9199

35.3410, -3.6191,  
40.9199

29.9610, -3.9248,  
45.6382

40.7210, -3.3135,  
36.2017

26.5700, -4.2250,  
48.6121

46.2150, -2.5710,  
31.3834

52.1820, -2.5547,  
26.1504

57.6760, -1.8123,  
21.3321

63.0560, -1.5066,  
16.6139

■ 68.5500, -0.7641,  
11.7957

■ 73.9300, -0.4585,  
7.0774

■ 79.8970, -0.4422,  
1.8443

■ 85.3910, 0.3002,  
-2.9739

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.1690, 7.3117, 34.9318



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



36.5130, -18.0009, 33.7531

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



30.2690, -14.9226, -20.4069



36.9200, 24.6894, -32.3788

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



59.6590, 3.6191, -40.9199

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.9000, 18.2903, -33.2383



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



32.6560, -1.8024, -28.6393

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



36.9020, -18.1927, 1.8399



36.0930, 8.8282, -31.6536



35.5020, 25.3885, -23.2423



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



38.5180, -18.9894, 24.1017



36.0930, 8.8282, -31.6536



37.8660, 23.2371, -33.2085

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



88.7570, -1.3592, 15.9991



36.7130, 22.3265, 25.6847



42.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



34.6150, -5.7262, 63.4816



44.1970, -15.3801, 33.1532



38.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



34.0170, -5.4314, 62.2521



75.0680, -12.3585, 137.6294



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199



34.6150, -5.7262, 63.4816



50.8030, 15.3801, -33.1532



38.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



34.0170, -5.4314, 62.2521

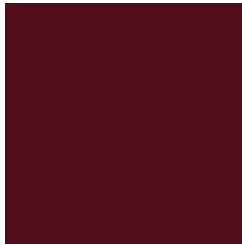


75.0680, -12.3585, 137.6294



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

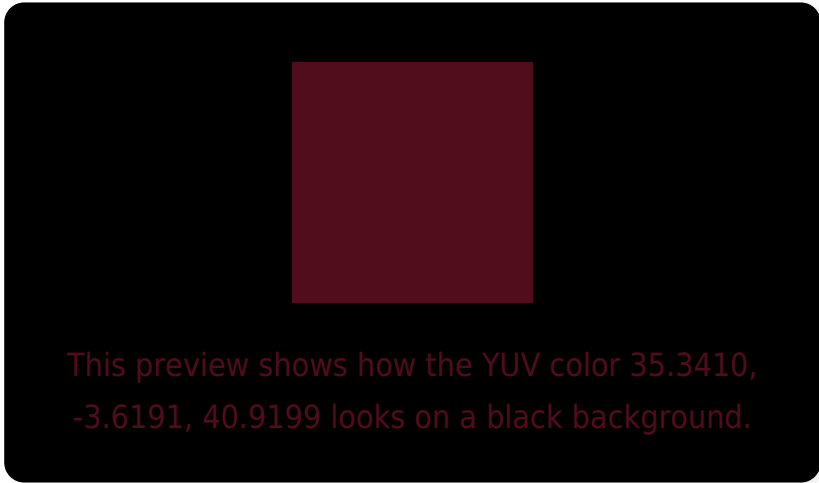
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 35.3410, -3.6191,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199

### Protanopia

42.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147

### Deuteranopia

42.3510, -9.0470, 8.4622



## Tritanopia

35.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199

## Protanomaly

40.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843

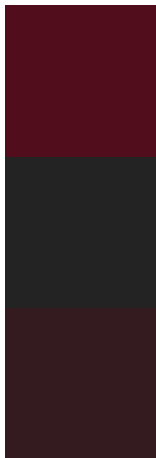
## Deuteranomaly

39.8840, -7.3378, 20.2727

## Tritanomaly

35.6030, -7.6923, 40.6902

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199

## Achromatopsia

35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

35.0450, -1.5012, 14.8695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 13, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 13, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 13, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 13, 28) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 13, 28) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 13, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 13, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 13, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 13, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 13, 28)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 35.3410, -3.6191, 40.9199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 13, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 13,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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