

# Converting Colors

YUV(35.4140, -11.5431,  
-31.0581)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(35.4140, -11.5431,  
-31.0581)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	003A0C
RGB	0, 58, 12
RGB Percent	0%, 23%, 5%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7725, 0.9529
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.79, 0.77
HSL	132°, 100%, 11%
HSV	132°, 100%, 23%
XYZ	1.5794, 3.0527, 0.8538
YIQ	35.4140, -19.8020, -26.6020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

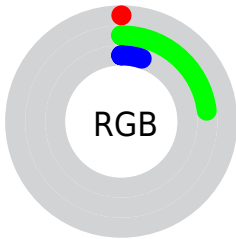
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 48, 58
Decimal	14860
CIELab	20.25, -28.67, 22.71
CIELCh	20, 36.576, 141.623
Yxy	3.0527, 0.2879, 0.5565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204940 (0xFF003A0C)
YUV	35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581
Hunter-Lab	17.4719, -14.4397, 9.3329

# Details

The YUV color **35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **22.5860, 11.5431, 31.0581**, and the grayscale version is **36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.0510, -14.3221, -26.3547**, and **1.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.7780, -10.2436, -27.8693**.

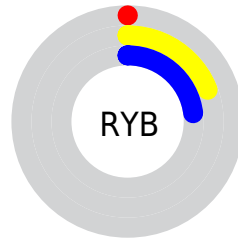
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (23%)

Blue (5%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (23%)

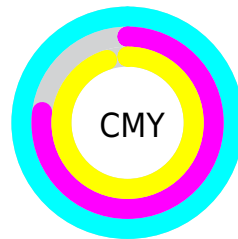


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 35.4140, -11.5431,  
-31.0581

■ 35.4140, -11.5431,  
-31.0581

■ 249.2890, -5.0725,  
-6.3925

■ 21.7190, -10.7075,  
-19.0476

■ 85.0510, -14.3221,  
-26.3547

■ 1.1740, -0.5788,  
-1.0296

■ 110.5240,  
-15.0483, -26.7695

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 135.9970,  
-15.7745, -27.1844


■ 162.4700,  
-16.5007, -27.5992


■ 190.0570,  
-16.7901, -28.1140


■ 217.6440,


-17.0795, -28.6288


 237.6110,  
-13.6122, -20.7068


 35.4140, -11.5431,  
-31.0581

 37.7780, -10.2436,  
-27.8693

 40.0280, -9.3808,  
-24.5806

 42.0930, -7.9338,  
-22.0066

 44.3430, -7.0711,  
-18.7178

 46.7070, -5.7716,  
-15.5290

■ 49.0710, -4.4720,  
-12.3403

■ 51.3210, -3.6093,  
-9.0515

■ 53.3860, -2.1623,  
-6.4775

■ 55.6360, -1.2995,  
-3.1888

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.9680, -21.6762, -0.8489



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



39.7800, 0.1085, -34.8871

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



43.3260, 28.9263, -37.9969



43.6790, -6.2507, 45.0085

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



22.5860, 11.5431, 31.0581

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2730, 6.2744, 40.9796



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



46.3720, 25.9456, -15.2352

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



45.0070, 22.6745, -39.4711



50.0730, 16.2330, 20.1070



45.4270, -20.9165, 35.5825



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



42.5330, 8.1182, -37.3014



50.0730, 16.2330, 20.1070



43.8300, -1.8882, 45.7531

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



67.9570, -4.9088, -12.2403



47.8000, -23.5654, -1.5786



32.5600, -2.7411, -7.5071



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581



47.0230, -15.2943, -41.2392



38.7200, 1.1240, -33.9574



26.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



56.1700, -18.3248, -49.2611



133.6830, -43.7207, -117.2400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.5860, 11.5431, 31.0581



29.9770, 15.2943, 41.2392



19.2800, -1.1240, 33.9574



26.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



35.8300, 18.3248, 49.2611



85.3170, 43.7207, 117.2400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

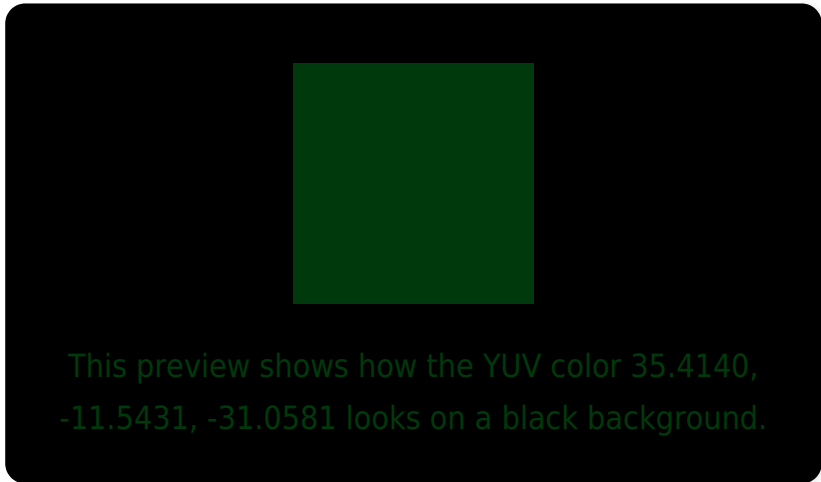
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

47.2340, -18.3564, 7.6878

### Deuteranopia

48.0650, -15.3150, 12.2210

### Tritanopia

45.4860, 6.1694, -18.8432

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

43.1290, -15.8396, -6.2521

## Deuteranomaly

43.3080, -13.9558, -3.7781

## Tritanomaly

41.4440, -0.2189, -23.1914

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

34.8970, -3.8932, -11.3107

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 58, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 58, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 58, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 58, 12) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 58, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 58, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 58, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 58, 12); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 58, 12); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 58, 12) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 35.4140, -11.5431, -31.0581 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 58, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 58,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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