

# Converting Colors

YUV(35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(35.6270, 6.0999,  
50.3161)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D0430
RGB	93, 4, 48
RGB Percent	36%, 2%, 19%
CMY	0.6353, 0.9843, 0.8118
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.48, 0.64
HSL	330°, 92%, 19%
HSV	330°, 96%, 36%
XYZ	5.0911, 2.6274, 3.0351
YIQ	35.6270, 38.9200, 32.5520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

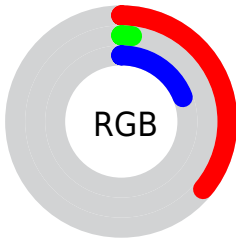
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">93, 4, 48</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6095920</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">18.49, 39.84, -1.18</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">18, 39.853, 358.298</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.6274, 0.4734, 0.2443</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284286000 (0xFF5D0430)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">16.2092, 27.6985, 0.2446</a>

# Details

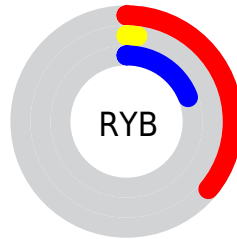
The YUV color **35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **61.3730, -6.0999, -50.3161**, and the grayscale version is **36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.4760, 1.7373, 49.5715**, and **13.5690, -6.1965, 27.5650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.0510, 6.3839, 52.5753**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.4800, 5.6794, 45.1830**.

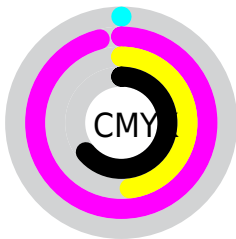
# Distribution



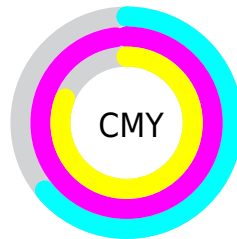
- Red (36%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (64%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (81%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.6270, 6.0999,  
50.3161

 35.6270, 6.0999,  
50.3161


 252.6520, 1.1576,  
2.0592


 23.1110, 1.9173,  
38.4907

 90.4760, 1.7373,  
49.5715

 13.5690, -6.1965,  
27.5650

 116.2590, 0.8583,  
51.5159

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 143.1560, 0.4161,  
53.3602


 170.7540, 0.1213,  
54.5897


 196.2590, 0.8583,  
51.5159


 215.8870, 4.9857,

34.3021


 235.5150, 9.1131,  
17.0883


 35.6270, 6.0999,  
50.3161


 35.6270, 6.0999,  
50.3161


 33.0510, 6.3839,  
52.5753

 41.4800, 5.6794,  
45.1830

 47.8060, 4.5326,  
39.6351

 53.6590, 4.1121,  
34.5021

 59.5120, 3.6916,  
29.3690

 65.3650, 3.2711,  
24.2359

■ 71.6910, 2.1243,  
18.6880

■ 77.5440, 1.7038,  
13.5549

■ 83.3970, 1.2833,  
8.4218

■ 89.7230, 0.1366,  
2.8739

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.0140, 15.7691, 28.9287



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



37.4190, -8.5876, 47.8675

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



39.2060, -19.3286, -7.1967



43.0010, 25.1425, -37.7119

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



61.3730, -6.0999, -50.3161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.6670, 14.9542, -36.5420



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



33.5390, -11.1117, -29.4137

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



42.5830, -20.9934, 13.5207



38.3610, 2.2870, -33.6426



40.5050, 30.8100, -35.5229



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



40.0900, -19.7644, 39.3861



38.3610, 2.2870, -33.6426



42.9040, 22.2323, -37.6268

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



97.4030, 2.2663, 19.8176



27.6010, 32.2417, 18.7669



47.4190, 1.2724, 11.9105



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



42.6060, 8.0822, 67.8745



30.6110, -13.1192, 54.7152



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



39.0460, 7.3723, 62.2267



84.2010, 16.1699, 134.0047



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161



42.6060, 8.0822, 67.8745



66.3890, 13.1192, -54.7152



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



39.0460, 7.3723, 62.2267

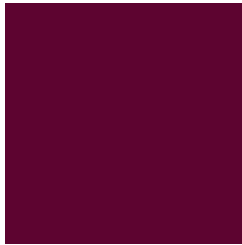


84.2010, 16.1699, 134.0047



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

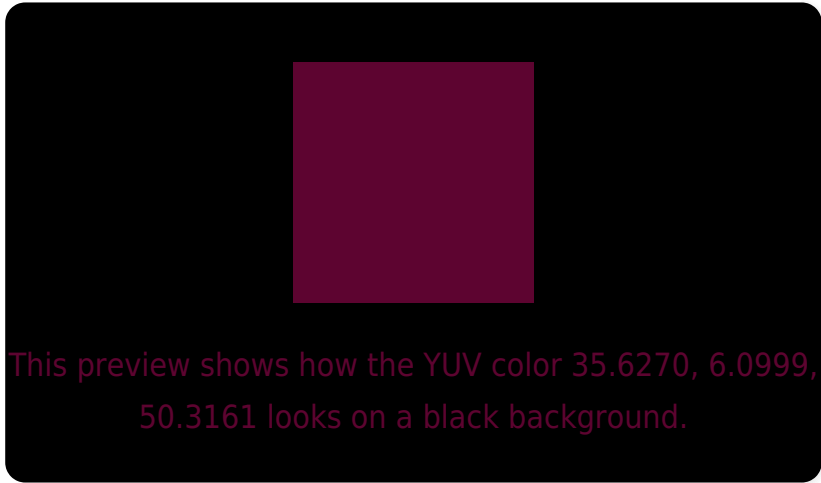
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

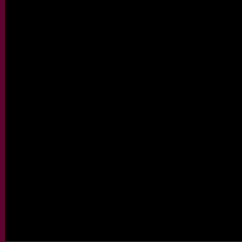
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161

### Protanopia

48.6000, 10.0572, -5.7882

### Deuteranopia

49.0500, -2.4896, 5.2182



## Tritanopia

40.8270, -10.7607, 44.8787

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161

## Protanomaly

43.9770, 8.3923, 14.9292

## Deuteranomaly

43.9580, 0.5137, 21.9618

## Tritanomaly

39.1460, -4.5090, 46.3530

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161

## Achromatopsia

36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

35.6910, 2.1243, 18.6880

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 4, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 4, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 4, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 4, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 4, 48) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 4, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 4, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 4, 48); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 4, 48); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 4, 48) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 35.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 4, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 4,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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