

# Converting Colors

YUV(36.0540, 71.9514,  
-24.6034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034)  
contains.

<b>YUV(36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(36.0540, 71.9514,  
-24.6034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0816B6
RGB	8, 22, 182
RGB Percent	3%, 9%, 71%
CMY	0.9686, 0.9137, 0.2863
CMYK	0.96, 0.88, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	235°, 92%, 37%
HSV	235°, 96%, 71%
XYZ	8.8305, 4.0028, 44.5632
YIQ	36.0540, -59.7040, 46.7920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

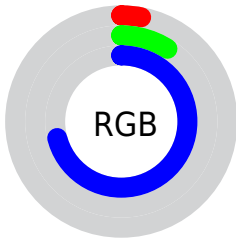
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	8, 21, 182
Decimal	530102
CIE Lab	23.68, 55.42, -80.08
CIE LCh	24, 97.383, 304.686
Yxy	4.0028, 0.1539, 0.0697
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278720182 (0xFF0816B6)
YUV	36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034
Hunter-Lab	20.0071, 43.7722, -118.0557

# Details

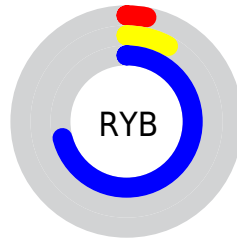
The YUV color **36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **153.9460, -71.9514, 24.6034**, and the grayscale version is **35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.4100, 68.8179, 0.5174**, and **14.4780, 55.4733, -12.6972** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.5530, 75.1564, -25.9180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4150, 64.3784, -22.2890**.

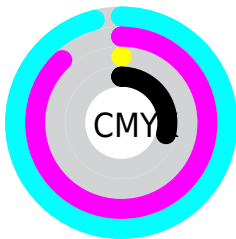
# Distribution



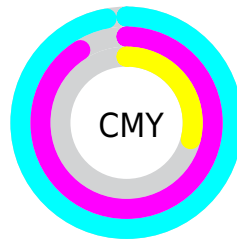
- Red (3%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 36.0540, 71.9514,  
-24.6034

■ 36.0540, 71.9514,  
-24.6034

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 17.5560, 67.2669,  
-15.3966

■ 99.4100, 68.8179,  
0.5174

■ 14.4780, 55.4733,  
-12.6972

■ 125.4770, 63.8548,  
5.7207

■ 11.5140, 44.1166,  
-10.0978

■ 150.0080, 51.7611,  
11.3940

■ 13.9470, 30.5921,  
-12.2315

■ 175.1260, 39.3779,  
16.5525

■ 8.2760, 21.5559,  
-7.2581

■ 200.2440, 26.9947,  
21.7110

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,  
-4.0289


■ 225.6500, 14.4696,


■ 0.1140, 0.4368,


25.7400


-0.1000


 242.6730, 6.0772,  
10.8108


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 36.0540, 71.9514,  
-24.6034


 36.0540, 71.9514,  
-24.6034


 29.5530, 75.1564,  
-25.9180

 51.4150, 64.3784,  
-22.2890

 66.1890, 57.0948,  
-19.4598

 81.8490, 49.3744,  
-16.5306

 97.2100, 41.8015,  
-14.2162

 112.5710, 34.2285,  
-11.9018

■ 127.3450, 26.9449,  
-9.0726

■ 142.7060, 19.3719,  
-6.7582

■ 158.3660, 11.6516,  
-3.8290

■ 173.7270, 4.0786,  
-1.5146

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.8560, 72.0490, -56.0017



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



56.5510, 31.7734, 75.8158

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



42.9020, -21.1507, 64.1069



53.4240, 6.6930, -46.8528

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



153.9460, -71.9514, 24.6034

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.6120, -21.9937, -39.1247



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



52.5730, -25.9185, 6.5135

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



46.3450, -22.8481, 95.2904



41.6770, -20.5468, -36.5507



63.0340, 38.4372, -55.2808



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



57.9560, 7.4167, 94.7546



41.6770, -20.5468, -36.5507



49.8730, -4.3744, -43.7386

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



179.3880, 28.4027, -9.9873



128.2640, 19.0968, -105.4715



84.5490, 17.4773, -5.7435



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034



38.1710, 98.0227, -33.4760



49.6630, 65.2421, 27.4825



84.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



25.4150, 64.3784, -22.2890



4.3660, 11.6516, -3.8290



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6220, -19.5336, 105.5715



73.0290, -26.6363, 143.8026



140.6360, -65.3895, -26.8678



85.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



48.1260, -17.3171, 94.6055

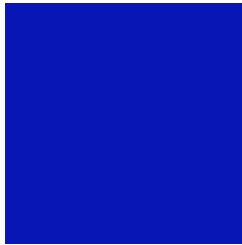


8.6000, -3.2538, 17.0138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

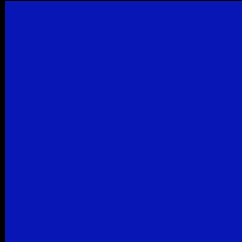
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

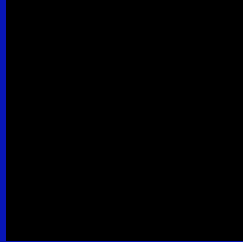
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 36.0540, 71.9514,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034

### Protanopia

45.5090, 34.7521, -39.9114

### Deuteranopia

45.9190, 26.1689, -40.2710



## Tritanopia

45.2060, 10.7444, -39.6457

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034

## Protanomaly

42.0980, 48.2657, -34.2889

## Deuteranomaly

42.6050, 42.5927, -34.7336

## Tritanomaly

42.0860, 32.9886, -34.2784

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034

## Achromatopsia

36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

36.1170, 26.0713, -8.8726

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 22, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 22, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 22, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 22, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 22, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 22, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 22, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 22, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 22, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 22, 182)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 36.0540, 71.9514, -24.6034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 22, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 22,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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