

Converting Colors

YUV(36.1750, 11.2527,
-15.9395)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395)
contains.

YUV(36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(36.1750, 11.2527,
-15.9395)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	12293B
RGB	18, 41, 59
RGB Percent	7%, 16%, 23%
CMY	0.9294, 0.8392, 0.7686
CMYK	0.69, 0.31, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	206°, 53%, 15%
HSV	206°, 69%, 23%
XYZ	1.8318, 2.0302, 4.4330
YIQ	36.1750, -19.4860, 0.7220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

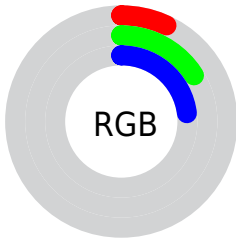
Format	Color
R_{YB}	18, 33, 59
Decimal	1190203
CIE _{Lab}	15.65, -2.35, -14.24
CIE _{LCh}	16, 14.435, 260.646
Yxy	2.0302, 0.2208, 0.2448
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279380283 (0xFF12293B)
YUV	36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395
Hunter-Lab	14.2487, -1.9872, -8.4721

Details

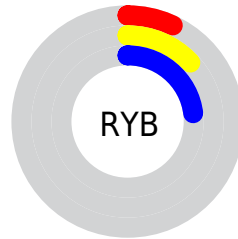
The YUV color **36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **40.8250, -11.2527, 15.9395**, and the grayscale version is **36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.0010, 11.8315, -14.9099**, and **2.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.6200, 13.0053, -18.0837**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.7300, 9.5001, -13.7952**.

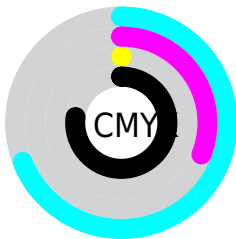
Distribution



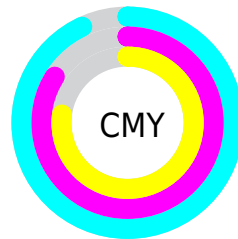
- Red (7%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.1750, 11.2527,
-15.9395

■ 36.1750, 11.2527,
-15.9395

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 16.5450, 10.0843,
-14.5100

■ 82.0010, 11.8315,
-14.9099

■ 2.2970, 6.2626,
-2.0145

■ 106.2290, 12.7051,
-15.1098

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 131.9300, 12.8525,
-15.7246

■ 158.0440, 13.2893,
-15.8246

■ 185.0440, 13.2893,
-15.8246

■ 213.1580, 13.7261,

-15.9246

■ 239.5620, 7.6109,
-14.5249

■ 36.1750, 11.2527,
-15.9395

■ 36.1750, 11.2527,
-15.9395

■ 32.6200, 13.0053,
-18.0837

■ 39.7300, 9.5001,
-13.7952

■ 29.6520, 14.4686,
-20.7428

■ 42.6980, 8.0369,
-11.1361

■ 26.0970, 16.2212,
-22.8871

■ 46.2530, 6.2843,
-8.9919

■ 49.2210, 4.8210,
-6.3328

■ 52.4770, 3.2158,
-4.8033

■ 56.0320, 1.4632,
-2.6591

■ 59.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 62.5550, -1.7526,
2.1443

■ 65.5230, -3.2158,
4.8033

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8100, 11.4327, -27.0204



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



39.3830, 9.1782, -3.8439

Triad

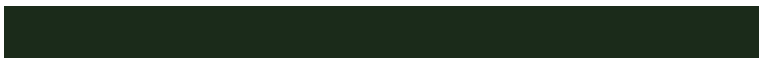
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



39.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138



36.2780, -5.0671, -8.1368

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



40.8250, -11.2527, 15.9395

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.0080, -8.8779, 0.8700



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



39.4380, -7.6109, 14.5249

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



40.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845



38.5360, -9.6312, 9.1769



33.7050, 0.6384, -18.1583

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



40.2700, 7.2619, 4.1482



38.5360, -9.6312, 9.1769



36.5450, -6.6777, -4.8630

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



67.2210, 4.8210, -6.3328



44.1190, -4.0027, -22.9064



32.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



41.4280, 17.5370, -24.9314



24.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



28.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



41.8270, 25.7213, -36.6823



98.0960, 61.0847, -86.0302

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.8810, 4.0027, 22.9064



36.2400, 6.2907, 35.7465



52.5650, -17.0405, 5.6435



29.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



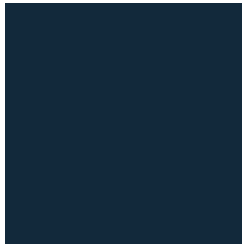
34.1480, 9.2940, 52.4902



80.5140, 21.4386, 124.0832

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

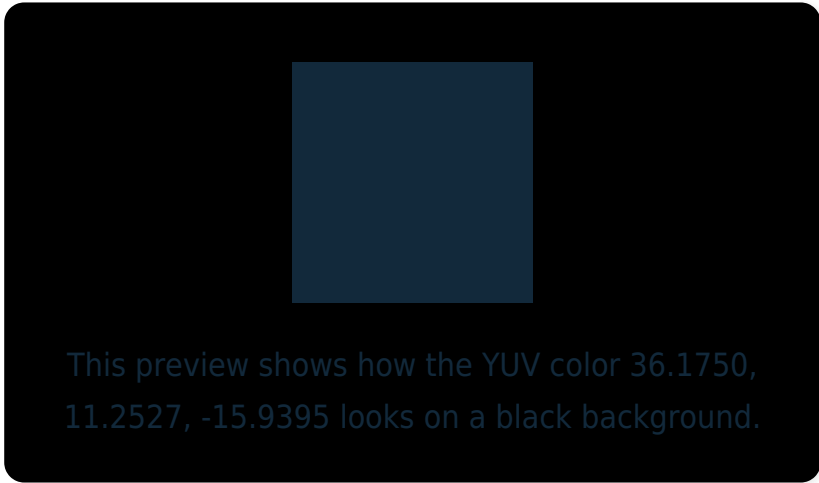
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

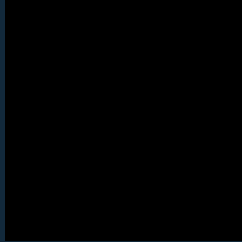
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 36.1750, 11.2527,

-15.9395.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395

Protanopia

39.2580, 8.7468, -5.4883

Deuteranopia

38.2900, 10.2100, -8.1473



Tritanopia

33.2900, 6.7590, -21.3023

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395

Protanomaly

38.4640, 9.6312, -9.1769

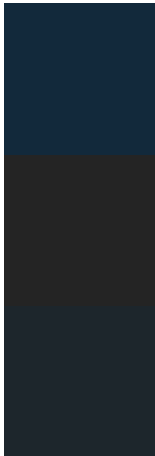
Deuteranomaly

37.6810, 10.5103, -11.1212

Tritanomaly

34.0560, 8.3534, -19.3431

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395

Achromatopsia

36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

35.9930, 3.9475, -6.1329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 41, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 41, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 41, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 41, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 41, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 41, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 41, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 41, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 41, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 41, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 36.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 41, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 41,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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