

Converting Colors

YUV(36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(36.4060, -2.6652,
-31.9281)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00381F
RGB	0, 56, 31
RGB Percent	0%, 22%, 12%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7804, 0.8784
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.45, 0.78
HSL	153°, 100%, 11%
HSV	153°, 100%, 22%
XYZ	1.6615, 2.9273, 1.7738
YIQ	36.4060, -25.3510, -19.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

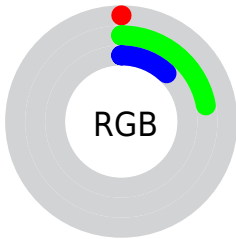
Format	Color
RYB	0, 36, 56
Decimal	14367
CIELab	19.75, -24.33, 10.94
CIELCh	20, 26.677, 155.793
Yxy	2.9273, 0.2611, 0.4601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204447 (0xFF00381F)
YUV	36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281
Hunter-Lab	17.1093, -12.6070, 5.8297

Details

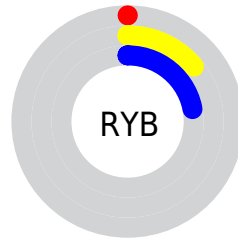
The YUV color **36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **19.5940, 2.6652, 31.9281**, and the grayscale version is **36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.4450, -5.1494, -28.4543**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.5420, -2.2392, -28.5393**.

Distribution



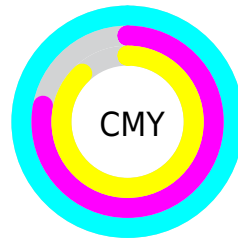
- Red (0%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.4060, -2.6652,
-31.9281

■ 36.4060, -2.6652,
-31.9281

■ 250.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 21.4570, -6.6343,
-18.8178

■ 85.4450, -5.1494,
-28.4543

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.3310, -5.5862,
-28.3543

■ 135.9180, -5.8756,
-28.8691


■ 162.5050, -6.1650,
-29.3839


■ 190.0920, -6.4544,
-29.8987


■ 217.6790, -6.7437,


-30.4135


 239.2220, -3.5604,
-24.7507


 36.4060, -2.6652,
-31.9281

 38.5420, -2.2392,
-28.5393

 40.2650, -2.1026,
-25.6654

 42.4010, -1.6767,
-22.2767

 44.1240, -1.5401,
-19.4027

 46.2600, -1.1142,
-16.0140

■ 48.2820, -1.1250,
-12.5253

■ 50.1190, -0.5517,
-9.7514

■ 52.1410, -0.5625,
-6.2627

■ 53.9780, 0.0108,
-3.4887

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.8730, -14.2344, -7.7816



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



39.2730, 5.7814, -34.4424

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



41.9700, 22.1998, -27.1607



46.5540, -10.1331, 30.2091

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



19.5940, 2.6652, 31.9281

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5570, -1.2606, 31.0835



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



48.9200, 14.8294, 3.5782

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



41.1600, 20.6271, -36.0973



48.7930, 7.4971, 22.1065



46.4360, -17.9629, 21.5426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



40.7550, 11.4598, -35.7421



48.7930, 7.4971, 22.1065



46.6620, -7.2284, 31.8684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



66.2820, -1.1250, -12.5253



40.3470, -19.8911, -13.4593



33.1300, -0.5571, -8.0070



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



48.1120, -3.5062, -42.1942



37.4950, 9.1230, -32.8831



26.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444



59.8180, -4.3473, -52.4604



142.3470, -10.5241, -124.8383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5940, 2.6652, 31.9281



25.8880, 3.5062, 42.1942



18.5050, -9.1230, 32.8831



26.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



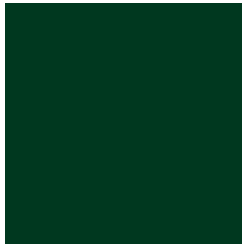
32.1820, 4.3473, 52.4604



76.6530, 10.5241, 124.8383

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

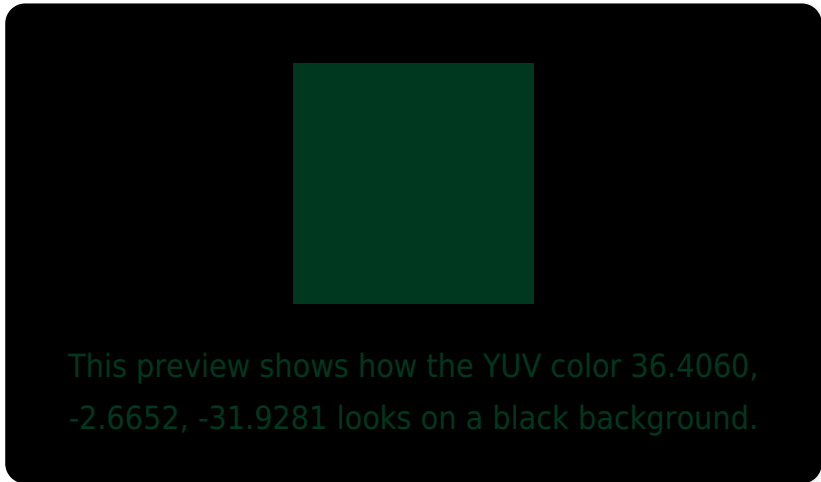
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

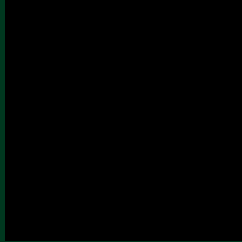
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281.

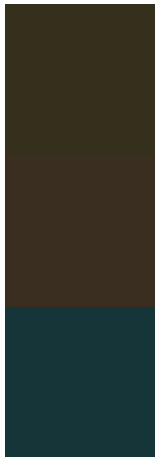


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 36.4060, -2.6652,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

47.2150, -9.4730, 5.0734

Deuteranopia

48.1060, -7.4473, 8.6770

Tritanopia

43.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

43.4090, -7.1036, -8.2517

Deuteranomaly

44.0610, -5.9461, -6.1925

Tritanomaly

41.0570, 3.4229, -24.6060

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

35.9940, -0.9830, -11.3957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 56, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 56, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 56, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 56, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 56, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 56, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 56, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 56, 31); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 56, 31); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 56, 31) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 36.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 56, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 56,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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