

Converting Colors

YUV(37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(37.4090, -3.6526,
4.9033)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B241E
RGB	43, 36, 30
RGB Percent	17%, 14%, 12%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8588, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.30, 0.83
HSL	28°, 18%, 14%
HSV	28°, 30%, 17%
XYZ	1.8615, 1.8691, 1.4910
YIQ	37.4090, 6.0980, -0.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

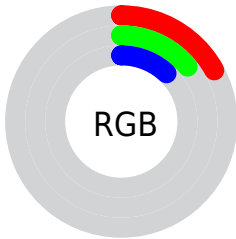
Format	Color
R_YB	43, 41, 30
Decimal	2827294
CIE Lab	14.78, 2.08, 5.23
CIE LCh	15, 5.628, 68.281
Yxy	1.8691, 0.3565, 0.3580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281017374 (0xFF2B241E)
YUV	37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033
Hunter-Lab	13.6714, 0.3793, 3.1041

Details

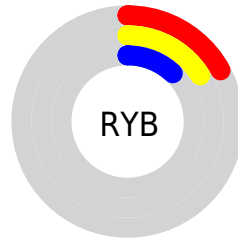
The YUV color **37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **35.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033**, and the grayscale version is **37.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.0070, -3.9475, 6.1329**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.7790, -4.8210, 6.3328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738**.

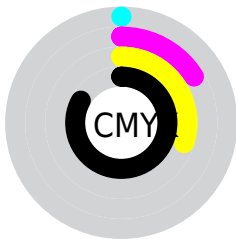
Distribution



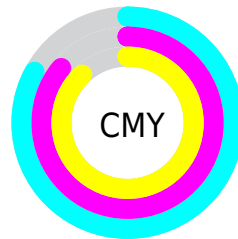
- Red (17%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.4090, -3.6526,
4.9033

■ 37.4090, -3.6526,
4.9033

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 16.2520, -5.5472,
5.9180

■ 82.0070, -3.9475,
6.1329

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 105.8930, -4.3842,
6.2328

■ 131.7790, -4.8210,
6.3328

■ 157.7790, -4.8210,
6.3328

■ 184.1920, -4.5317,
6.8476

■ 212.0780, -4.9685,

6.9476

■ 240.3770, -5.1159,
7.5624

■ 37.4090, -3.6526,
4.9033

■ 37.4090, -3.6526,
4.9033

■ 35.7790, -4.8210,
6.3328

■ 39.0390, -2.4842,
3.4738

■ 33.4480, -6.1369,
8.3771

■ 41.3700, -1.1684,
1.4295

■ 31.8180, -7.3053,
9.8066

■ 43.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 30.1880, -8.4737,
11.2361

■ 44.6300, 1.1684,
-1.4295

■ 27.8570, -9.7895,
13.2804

■ 46.9610, 2.4842,
-3.4738

■ 26.2270, -10.9579,
14.7099

■ 48.5910, 3.6526,
-4.9033

■ 24.5970, -12.1263,
16.1394

■ 50.2210, 4.8210,
-6.3328

■ 52.4380, 5.7001,
-8.2771

■ 54.1820, 7.3053,
-9.8066

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.6480, -2.7845, 6.4477



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



36.6860, -3.7892, 2.0294

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



35.8850, 1.0427, -7.7921



37.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



35.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



35.7540, 3.0793, -7.6773

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



35.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



36.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181



37.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



36.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297



36.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181



37.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



53.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



34.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



26.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



47.2630, -5.5527, 7.6623



40.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145



19.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



48.0090, -23.6684, 31.5641



120.9140, -59.6106, 79.8824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033



44.7370, 5.5527, -7.6623



32.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145



18.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



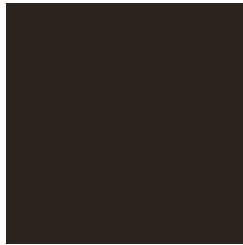
35.9910, 23.6684, -31.5641



91.0860, 59.6106, -79.8824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

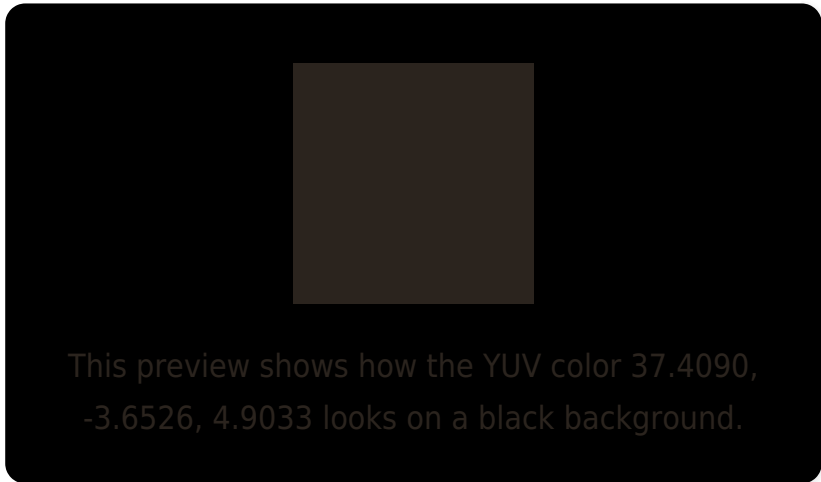
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

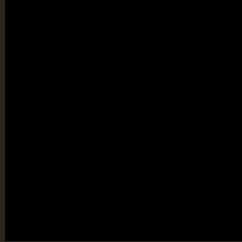
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 37.4090, -3.6526,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Protanopia

36.9140, -2.9156, 1.8294

Deuteranopia

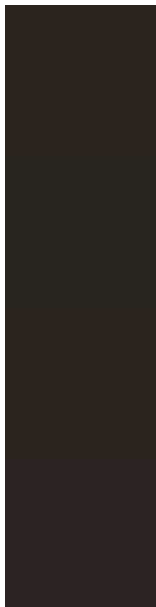
37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



Tritanopia

38.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Protanomaly

37.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442

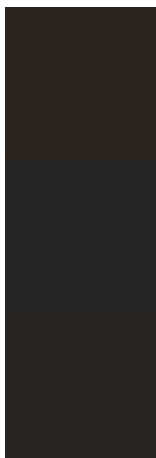
Deuteranomaly

37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Tritanomaly

37.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Achromatopsia

37.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

37.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 36, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 36, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 36, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 36, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 36, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 36, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 36, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 36, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 36, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 36, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 37.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 36, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 36,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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