

# Converting Colors

YUV(37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(37.7810, 19.3350,  
51.9351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61004D
RGB	97, 0, 77
RGB Percent	38%, 0%, 30%
CMY	0.6196, 1.0000, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.21, 0.62
HSL	312°, 100%, 19%
HSV	312°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	6.2693, 3.0772, 7.2847
YIQ	37.7810, 33.0950, 44.5110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

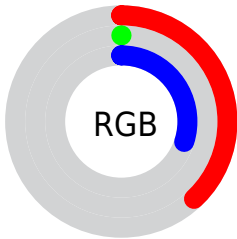
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	97, 0, 77
Decimal	6357069
CIELab	20.35, 45.34, -18.52
CIELCh	20, 48.975, 337.782
Yxy	3.0772, 0.3770, 0.1850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284547149 (0xFF61004D)
YUV	37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351
Hunter-Lab	17.5420, 33.0956, -12.3422

# Details

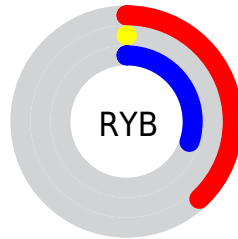
The YUV color **37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **59.2190, -19.3350, -51.9351**, and the grayscale version is **38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.3200, 15.1252, 48.8314**, and **18.4130, 7.1914, 26.8248** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.8790, 17.3147, 46.5871**.

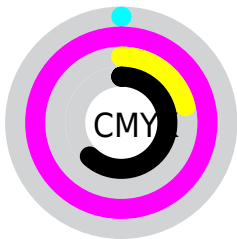
# Distribution



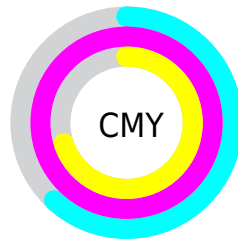
- Red (38%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.7810, 19.3350,  
51.9351

■ 37.7810, 19.3350,  
51.9351

■ 253.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 27.3850, 13.1212,  
38.2504

■ 95.3200, 15.1252,  
48.8314

■ 18.4130, 7.1914,  
26.8248

■ 121.9180, 14.8304,  
50.0609

■ 2.9620, 1.0047,  
4.4183

■ 149.2170, 14.6830,  
50.6757

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 176.3420, 15.1144,  
52.3201

■ 201.6510, 16.4411,  
46.7871

■ 220.3670, 17.0741,

30.3731

■ 236.8030, 8.9711,  
15.9588

■ 37.7810, 19.3350,  
51.9351

■ 43.8790, 17.3147,  
46.5871

■ 49.3900, 15.5837,  
41.7540

■ 55.4880, 13.5634,  
36.4060

■ 61.5860, 11.5431,  
31.0581

■ 67.6840, 9.5228,  
25.7101

■ 73.1950, 7.7919,  
20.8770

■ 79.2930, 5.7716,  
15.5290

■ 85.3910, 3.7512,  
10.1811

■ 90.9020, 2.0203,  
5.3479

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.4980, 28.3485, 7.4563



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



37.3790, 2.2782, 62.8116

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



45.7840, -22.5715, 6.3284



47.5830, 22.3906, -41.7303

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



59.2190, -19.3350, -51.9351

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5930, 7.1027, -38.2311



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



36.7370, -18.1113, -24.3253

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



46.2370, -22.7948, 31.3642



38.5600, -9.6431, -33.8171



48.4440, 33.3051, -42.4854



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



34.0450, -7.9102, 63.9815



38.5600, -9.6431, -33.8171



46.9160, 17.2964, -41.1453

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



101.7820, 7.5025, 20.3622



16.7390, 39.5687, 1.9829



49.9290, 4.4720, 12.3403



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



48.6610, 24.8171, 66.9493



32.3090, -1.6313, 56.7340



45.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



43.6340, 22.3654, 59.9570



93.4200, 47.6139, 128.5507



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351



48.6610, 24.8171, 66.9493



64.6910, 1.6313, -56.7340



45.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



43.6340, 22.3654, 59.9570

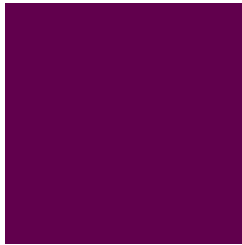


93.4200, 47.6139, 128.5507



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

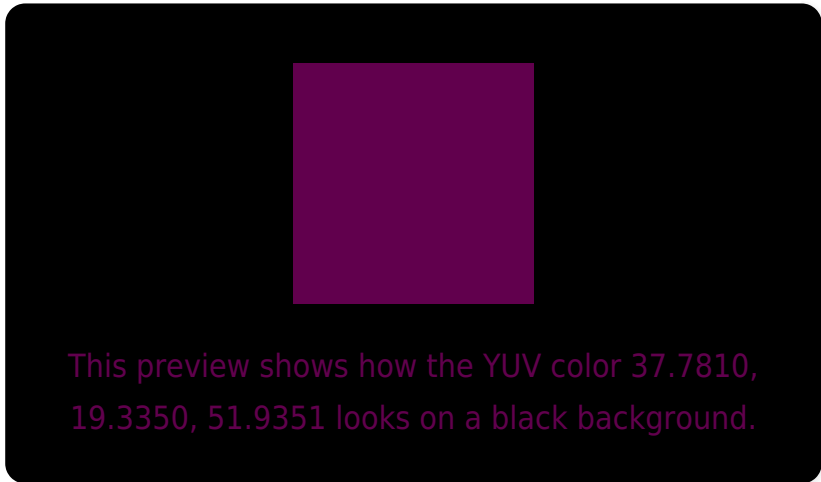
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

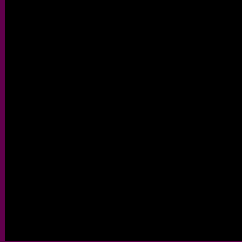
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 37.7810, 19.3350,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

42.3630, 32.8520, -37.1524

### Deuteranopia

52.7850, 9.4730, -5.0734

### Tritanopia

49.0650, -8.4130, 38.5310

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

40.3070, 27.9496, -4.6542

## Deuteranomaly

47.2420, 13.1917, 15.5738

## Tritanomaly

44.7310, 1.6116, 43.2089

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

37.6570, 7.0711, 18.7178

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 0, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 0, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 0, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 0, 77) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 0, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 0, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 0, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 0, 77); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 0, 77); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 0, 77) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 37.7810, 19.3350, 51.9351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 0, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 0,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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