

# Converting Colors

YUV(38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107)  
contains.

<b>YUV(38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(38.2170, 4.3300,  
11.2107)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	331E2F
RGB	51, 30, 47
RGB Percent	20%, 12%, 18%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8824, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.08, 0.80
HSL	311°, 26%, 16%
HSV	311°, 41%, 20%
XYZ	2.3426, 1.8376, 2.9205
YIQ	38.2170, 7.0590, 9.7390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

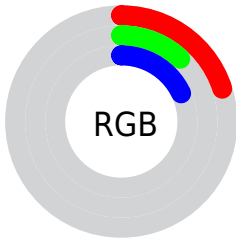
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	51, 30, 47
Decimal	3350063
CIE Lab	14.61, 13.57, -7.09
CIE LCh	15, 15.308, 332.403
Yxy	1.8376, 0.3299, 0.2588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281540143 (0xFF331E2F)
YUV	38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107
Hunter-Lab	13.5558, 7.1244, -3.2848

# Details

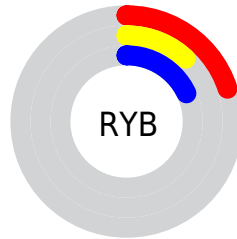
The YUV color **38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **42.7830, -4.3300, -11.2107**, and the grayscale version is **38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.3420, 4.7614, 12.8551**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1680, 5.3402, 13.8847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.2660, 3.3199, 8.5367**.

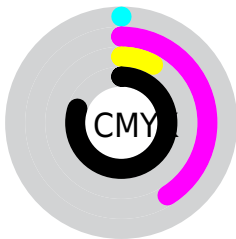
# Distribution



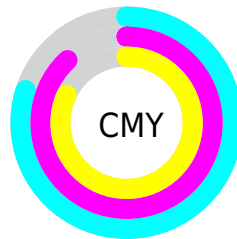
- Red (20%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.2170, 4.3300,  
11.2107

■ 38.2170, 4.3300,  
11.2107

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 16.3420, 4.7614,  
12.8551

■ 83.3420, 4.7614,  
12.8551

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 107.7550, 5.0508,  
13.3699

■ 133.0540, 4.9034,  
13.9846

■ 159.4670, 5.1928,  
14.4994

■ 186.4670, 5.1928,  
14.4994

■ 213.8800, 5.4822,

15.0142

240.6840, 6.0718,  
12.5551

38.2170, 4.3300,  
11.2107

38.2170, 4.3300,  
11.2107

35.1680, 5.3402,  
13.8847

41.2660, 3.3199,  
8.5367

32.1190, 6.3503,  
16.5586

44.3150, 2.3097,  
5.8627

29.0700, 7.3605,  
19.2326

47.3640, 1.2995,  
3.1888

26.0210, 8.3706,  
21.9066

50.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

22.3850, 9.6702,  
25.0954

54.0490, -1.0102,  
-2.6740

■ 19.9230, 10.3910,  
27.2545

■ 57.0980, -2.0203,  
-5.3479

■ 60.1470, -3.0305,  
-8.0219

■ 63.1960, -4.0406,  
-10.6959

■ 66.2450, -5.0508,  
-13.3699

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.8890, 8.4357, 0.9743



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



37.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287

# Triad

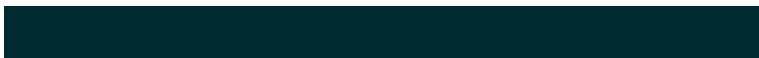
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



36.1720, -10.9308, 5.9882



30.1260, 8.8119, -26.4205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



42.7830, -4.3300, -11.2107

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4700, 3.7123, -24.0912



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



35.1000, -8.4303, -2.7187

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



36.9710, -9.3527, 13.1804



33.1140, -3.0142, -13.2550



30.4510, 12.5957, -26.7055



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



37.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138



33.1140, -3.0142, -13.2550



29.7840, 7.5015, -26.1206

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



61.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



33.5900, 8.5831, 0.3596



30.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



46.5320, 6.6397, 17.0734



37.0770, -0.0380, 12.2105



24.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



34.8190, 18.3302, 47.5167



84.8330, 44.4523, 115.9105



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107



46.5320, 6.6397, 17.0734



43.9230, 0.0380, -12.2105



24.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



34.8190, 18.3302, 47.5167

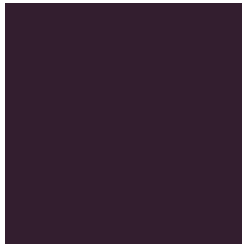


84.8330, 44.4523, 115.9105



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

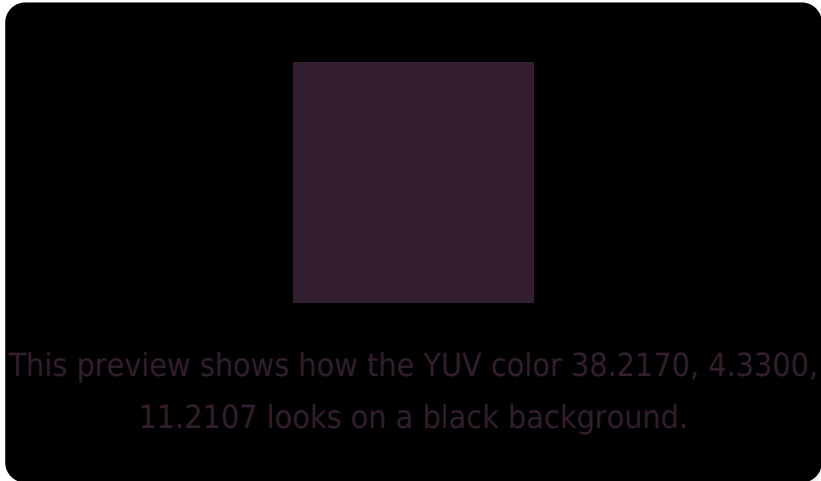
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

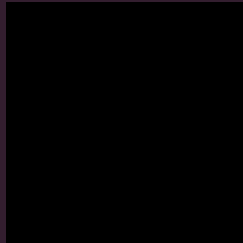
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 38.2170, 4.3300,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107

### Protanopia

37.5140, 7.1416, -3.9588

### Deuteranopia

37.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



## Tritanopia

37.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107

## Protanomaly

37.6180, 6.1043, 2.0890

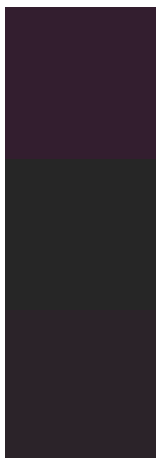
## Deuteranomaly

37.7600, 4.0623, 3.7185

## Tritanomaly

37.5930, 0.6937, 10.8809

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107

## Achromatopsia

38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

38.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 30, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 30, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 30, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 30, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 30, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 30, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 30, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 30, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 30, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 30, 47)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 38.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 30, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 30,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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