

Converting Colors

YUV(39.2340, 28.4786,
-34.4082)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(39.2340, 28.4786,
-34.4082)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003061
RGB	0, 48, 97
RGB Percent	0%, 19%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8118, 0.6196
CMYK	1.00, 0.51, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	210°, 100%, 19%
HSV	210°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	3.2146, 2.9770, 11.7144
YIQ	39.2340, -44.3370, 5.0630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

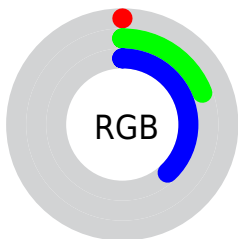
Format	Color
RYB	0, 32, 97
Decimal	12385
CIELab	19.95, 6.73, -33.14
CIElCh	20, 33.815, 281.486
Yxy	2.9770, 0.1795, 0.1663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202465 (0xFF003061)
YUV	39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082
Hunter-Lab	17.2539, 3.0625, -28.1769

Details

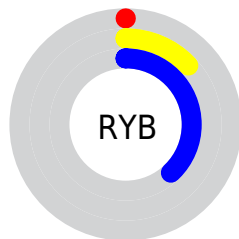
The YUV color **39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **57.7660, -28.4786, 34.4082**, and the grayscale version is **39.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.1970, 28.0039, -22.0978**, and **5.7000, 21.8399, -4.9989** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.1590, 25.5576, -30.8344**.

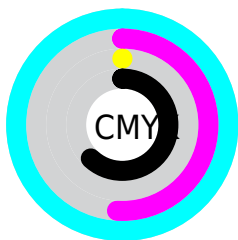
Distribution



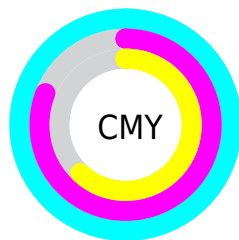
- Red (0%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.2340, 28.4786,
-34.4082

■ 39.2340, 28.4786,
-34.4082

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 24.7580, 23.7833,
-21.7128

■ 91.1970, 28.0039,
-22.0978

■ 5.7000, 21.8399,
-4.9989

■ 117.0230, 28.5827,
-21.0682

■ 4.3660, 11.6516,
-3.8290

■ 142.9630, 29.5982,
-20.1386

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 170.0770, 30.0350,
-20.2385

■ 197.0340, 28.5772,
-19.3238

■ 221.8420, 16.3469,

-16.5244

■ 247.5360, 3.6798,
-13.6251

■ 39.2340, 28.4786,
-34.4082

■ 45.1590, 25.5576,
-30.8344

■ 50.7850, 22.7840,
-27.8754

■ 56.7100, 19.8630,
-24.3017

■ 62.6350, 16.9419,
-20.7279

■ 68.5600, 14.0209,
-17.1541

■ 73.5990, 11.5367,
-13.6803

■ 79.5240, 8.6157,
-10.1065

■ 85.4490, 5.6946,
-6.5328

■ 91.0750, 2.9210,
-3.5738

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.1150, 25.5793, -37.8119



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



49.7620, 17.8653, 9.8557

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



45.4470, -14.5174, 36.4420



37.6940, -2.8071, -33.0576

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



57.7660, -28.4786, 34.4082

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.3190, -17.4123, -15.1888



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



45.5950, -22.4783, 23.1572

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



44.9820, -2.4561, 41.2348



44.8980, -22.1347, 6.2285



41.1310, 7.8234, -36.0719

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



48.5530, 11.5594, 25.8250



44.8980, -22.1347, 6.2285



36.6680, -6.7383, -32.1578

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



102.4850, 11.0999, -13.5803



62.5250, -6.6678, -54.8344



50.0790, 6.8631, -7.9623



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082



50.6440, 36.6575, -44.4148



11.0580, 42.3694, -9.6979



45.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



45.6400, 32.7155, -40.0263



97.2130, 70.3940, -85.2558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.4750, 6.6678, 54.8344



44.4430, 8.6556, 70.6485



85.9420, -42.3694, 9.6979



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.8720, 7.9511, 63.2563



85.3260, 16.6013, 135.6491

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

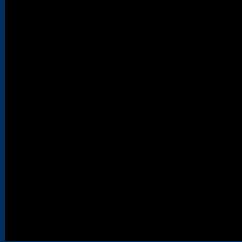
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 39.2340, 28.4786,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082

Protanopia

43.9150, 25.6779, -22.7275

Deuteranopia

39.2680, 23.5319, -34.4380



Tritanopia

38.3100, 9.7072, -33.5979

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082

Protanomaly

41.8220, 26.7098, -27.0309

Deuteranomaly

39.1370, 25.5685, -34.3231

Tritanomaly

38.7320, 16.4011, -33.9680

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082

Achromatopsia

39.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

38.9690, 10.3683, -12.2508

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 48, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 48, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 48, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 48, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 48, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 48, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 48, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 48, 97); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 97); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 39.2340, 28.4786, -34.4082 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 48, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 48,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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