

Converting Colors

YUV(39.5100, 16.5106,
-22.3723)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(39.5100, 16.5106,
-22.3723)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E2E49
RGB	14, 46, 73
RGB Percent	5%, 18%, 29%
CMY	0.9451, 0.8196, 0.7137
CMYK	0.81, 0.37, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	207°, 68%, 17%
HSV	207°, 81%, 29%
XYZ	2.3607, 2.5284, 6.6669
YIQ	39.5100, -27.7390, 1.6130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

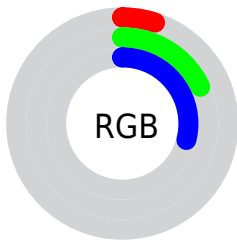
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 35, 73
Decimal	929353
CIE _{Lab}	18.05, -0.87, -20.13
CIE _{LCh}	18, 20.147, 267.526
Yxy	2.5284, 0.2043, 0.2188
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279119433 (0xFF0E2E49)
YUV	39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723
Hunter-Lab	15.9009, -1.3260, -13.7285

Details

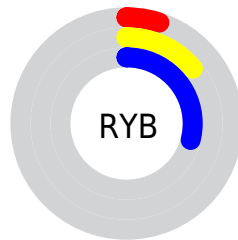
The YUV color **39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **47.4900, -16.5106, 22.3723**, and the grayscale version is **39.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.6460, 16.9365, -18.9835**, and **4.4800, 12.0884, -3.9290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.6560, 18.4106, -25.1313**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.3640, 14.6105, -19.6132**.

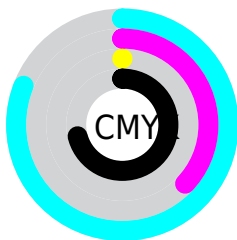
Distribution



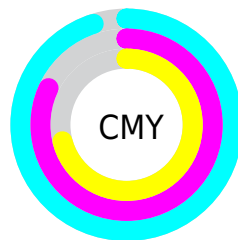
- Red (5%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.5100, 16.5106,
-22.3723

■ 39.5100, 16.5106,
-22.3723

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 20.9620, 14.3157,
-18.3837

■ 87.6460, 16.9365,
-18.9835

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,
-3.9290

■ 112.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 137.8740, 17.8101,
-19.1835

■ 164.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687

■ 191.5150, 18.9731,
-18.8687

■ 218.8740, 17.8101,

-19.1835

■ 244.5680, 5.1430,
-16.2841

■ 39.5100, 16.5106,
-22.3723

■ 39.5100, 16.5106,
-22.3723

■ 35.6560, 18.4106,
-25.1313

■ 43.3640, 14.6105,
-19.6132

■ 31.8020, 20.3106,
-27.8904

■ 48.1040, 12.2737,
-16.7542

■ 51.9580, 10.3737,
-13.9952

■ 55.8120, 8.4737,
-11.2361

■ 60.2530, 6.2843,
-8.9919

■ 64.4060, 4.2368,
-5.6181

■ 68.2600, 2.3368,
-2.8590

■ 72.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 76.8540, -1.9000,
2.7590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.1020, 15.2327, -32.5385



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



44.9040, 12.3723, -1.6698

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



44.1340, -6.4751, 23.5615



38.8210, -5.3348, -15.6290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



47.4900, -16.5106, 22.3723

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1880, -11.9247, -1.9189



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



44.0210, -11.8424, 18.3986

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



44.9580, 0.5137, 21.9618



42.9830, -14.2886, 9.6619



34.7250, 3.5866, -30.4538

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



45.7590, 8.9928, 8.9814



42.9830, -14.2886, 9.6619



39.8710, -7.8244, -10.4109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



81.5520, 6.1369, -8.3771



51.7110, -5.2805, -33.0725



40.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723



42.1370, 25.5685, -34.3231



22.4870, 24.9029, -7.4431



33.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



42.9840, 27.6159, -37.6970



98.0790, 63.5581, -86.0153

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2890, 5.2805, 33.0725



35.7950, 7.9891, 51.0458



64.5130, -24.9029, 7.4431



33.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



35.7570, 8.9938, 55.4641



81.8950, 20.2648, 127.2571

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

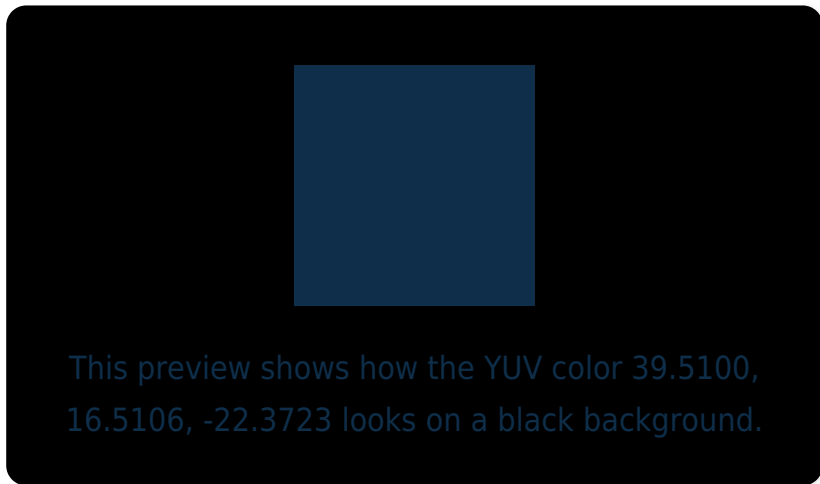
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

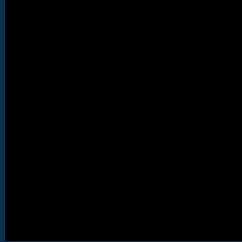
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 39.5100, 16.5106,

-22.3723.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723

Protanopia

43.5010, 13.5570, -8.3324

Deuteranopia

42.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



Tritanopia

34.8050, 8.9701, -30.5240

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723

Protanomaly

42.1090, 14.7363, -13.2506

Deuteranomaly

41.0160, 15.7681, -17.5540

Tritanomaly

36.5110, 11.5801, -27.6351

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723

Achromatopsia

40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

39.8510, 5.9895, -7.7623

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 46, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(14, 46, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 46, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 46, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 46, 73) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 46, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 46, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 46, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 46, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 46, 73)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 39.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 46, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 46,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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