

Converting Colors

YUV(39.7330, 18.3726,
-12.9208)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208)
contains.

YUV(39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(39.7330, 18.3726,
-12.9208)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19284D
RGB	25, 40, 77
RGB Percent	10%, 16%, 30%
CMY	0.9020, 0.8431, 0.6980
CMYK	0.68, 0.48, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	223°, 51%, 20%
HSV	223°, 68%, 30%
XYZ	2.4992, 2.2601, 7.3257
YIQ	39.7330, -20.8170, 8.3270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

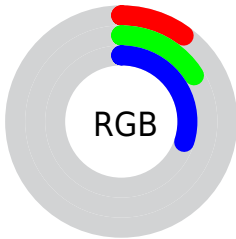
Format	Color
RYB	25, 37, 77
Decimal	1648717
CIELab	16.80, 7.32, -24.80
CIElCh	17, 25.855, 286.439
Yxy	2.2601, 0.2068, 0.1870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279838797 (0xFF19284D)
YUV	39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208
Hunter-Lab	15.0336, 3.3660, -18.3679

Details

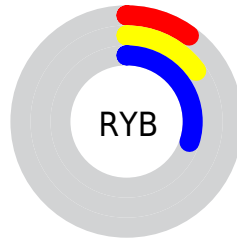
The YUV color **39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **62.2670, -18.3726, 12.9208**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.3850, 19.5302, -10.8616**, and **4.8220, 13.3988, -4.2289** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.4060, 20.9988, -15.2651**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.0600, 15.7464, -10.5766**.

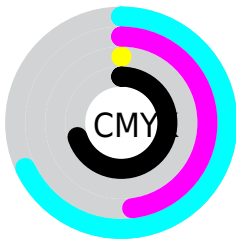
Distribution



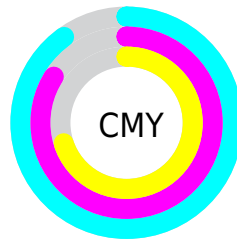
- Red (10%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.7330, 18.3726,
-12.9208

■ 39.7330, 18.3726,
-12.9208

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 17.8960, 17.7993,
-15.6948

■ 86.3850, 19.5302,
-10.8616

■ 4.8220, 13.3988,
-4.2289

■ 110.9120, 20.2564,
-10.4468

■ 0.5700, 2.1840,
-0.4999

■ 136.4390, 20.9826,
-10.0320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 162.9660, 21.7088,
-9.6172

■ 190.0800, 22.1456,
-9.7172

■ 217.1680, 18.6512,

-8.9173

■ 241.9760, 6.4208,
-6.1180

■ 39.7330, 18.3726,
-12.9208

■ 39.7330, 18.3726,
-12.9208

■ 34.4060, 20.9988,
-15.2651

■ 45.0600, 15.7464,
-10.5766

■ 28.7910, 23.7670,
-16.4797

■ 50.6750, 12.9782,
-9.3620

■ 23.4640, 26.3932,
-18.8239

■ 56.0020, 10.3520,
-7.0178

■ 21.6920, 27.2668,
-19.0239

■ 61.9160, 7.4364,
-5.1883

■ 66.9440, 4.9576,
-3.4589

■ 72.8580, 2.0420,
-1.6295

■ 78.1850, -0.5842,
0.7148

■ 84.0990, -3.4998,
2.5442

■ 89.1270, -5.9786,
4.2736

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.7800, 20.3215, -31.3791



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



42.8670, 11.8976, 10.6406

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



40.2500, -12.4482, 26.0907



32.9980, -0.4920, -28.9392

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



62.2670, -18.3726, 12.9208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.7520, -10.7237, -13.8145



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



39.0610, -19.2571, 16.6095

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



40.1610, -4.0234, 30.5538



38.3860, -18.9243, 3.1695



35.1640, 7.8071, -30.8388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



42.3800, 7.2077, 21.5917



38.3860, -18.9243, 3.1695



31.7270, -2.8234, -27.8246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



85.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



59.6280, 0.6764, -30.3688



42.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441



179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208



41.6210, 28.2878, -19.8386



33.9180, 21.2394, 0.9489



35.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



28.6510, 36.1611, -25.1269



64.9620, 81.3637, -56.9717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2580, -1.1132, 30.4687



45.5420, -1.7462, 46.8827



68.0820, -21.2394, -0.9489



35.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



33.8040, -2.3684, 59.8079



76.2940, -5.0749, 134.8002

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

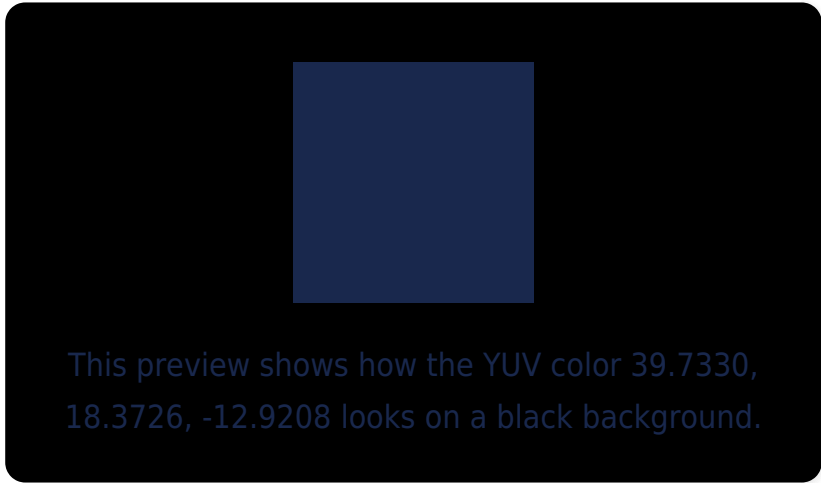
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

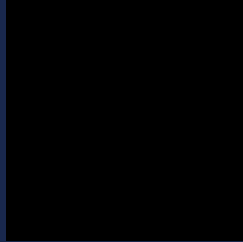
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 39.7330, 18.3726,

-12.9208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208

Protanopia

38.8360, 18.8149, -14.7652

Deuteranopia

33.2040, 20.6054, -29.1199



Tritanopia

32.7020, 8.5279, -28.6797

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208

Protanomaly

39.1350, 18.6674, -14.1504

Deuteranomaly

35.4220, 20.0050, -23.1721

Tritanomaly

35.3590, 12.1480, -23.1168

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208

Achromatopsia

40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

39.9870, 6.4154, -4.3736

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 40, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 40, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 40, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 40, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 40, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 40, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 40, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 40, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 40, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 40, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 39.7330, 18.3726, -12.9208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 40, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 40,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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