

Converting Colors

YUV(40.0770, 13.2730,
-10.5915)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(40.0770, 13.2730,
-10.5915)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C2943
RGB	28, 41, 67
RGB Percent	11%, 16%, 26%
CMY	0.8902, 0.8392, 0.7373
CMYK	0.58, 0.39, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	220°, 41%, 19%
HSV	220°, 58%, 26%
XYZ	2.2849, 2.2380, 5.6217
YIQ	40.0770, -16.0940, 5.3300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

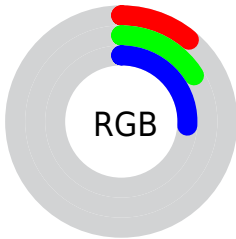
Format	Color
RYB	28, 38, 67
Decimal	1845571
CIELab	16.69, 3.40, -18.11
CIELCh	17, 18.428, 280.636
Yxy	2.2380, 0.2252, 0.2206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280035651 (0xFF1C2943)
YUV	40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915
Hunter-Lab	14.9599, 1.0838, -11.8084

Details

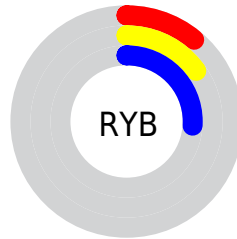
The YUV color **40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **54.9230, -13.2730, 10.5915**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.0170, 14.2886, -9.6619**, and **3.3230, 10.1938, -2.9143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.6360, 15.4625, -12.8358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.5180, 11.0836, -8.3473**.

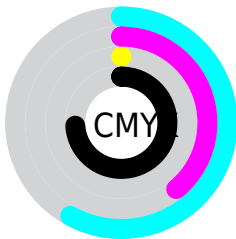
Distribution



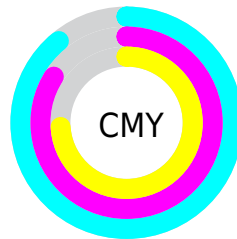
- Red (11%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.0770, 13.2730,
-10.5915

■ 40.0770, 13.2730,
-10.5915

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 18.9520, 12.8417,
-12.2359

■ 86.0170, 14.2886,
-9.6619

■ 3.3230, 10.1938,
-2.9143

■ 110.2450, 15.1622,
-9.8619

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 135.6580, 15.4516,
-9.3471

■ 162.4730, 16.0358,
-10.0618

■ 189.4730, 16.0358,
-10.0618

■ 217.0000, 16.7620,

-9.6470

■ 242.8510, 5.9895,
-7.7623

■ 40.0770, 13.2730,
-10.5915

■ 40.0770, 13.2730,
-10.5915

■ 35.6360, 15.4625,
-12.8358

■ 44.5180, 11.0836,
-8.3473

■ 30.9070, 17.7938,
-13.9504

■ 49.2470, 8.7522,
-7.2326

■ 26.4660, 19.9833,
-16.1947

■ 53.6880, 6.5628,
-4.9884

■ 21.4380, 22.4621,
-17.9241

■ 58.7160, 4.0840,
-3.2589

■ 20.5520, 22.8989,
-18.0241

■ 63.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

■ 67.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 72.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442

■ 77.3550, -5.1050,
4.0737

■ 81.4970, -7.1470,
5.7031

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.9390, 15.8061, -29.7645



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



42.4380, 9.1511, 4.8779

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



41.3570, -8.0640, 19.8579



34.5260, -1.2453, -20.6323

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



54.9230, -13.2730, 10.5915

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.7790, -8.2720, -6.8222



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



40.2870, -11.9735, 13.7803

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



41.5620, -2.2491, 21.4321



39.7050, -12.6726, 4.6437



33.4200, 6.2019, -29.3093

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



42.8690, 5.4876, 13.2699



39.7050, -12.6726, 4.6437



36.4620, -4.1718, -15.3142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



76.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



53.8570, 0.0705, -22.6766



37.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915



44.6940, 20.8569, -16.3946



34.2400, 16.1507, -0.2105



30.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



29.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



69.5610, 76.1384, -61.0050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1430, -0.0705, 22.6766



46.5190, -0.2559, 35.5018



60.7600, -16.1507, 0.2105



31.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



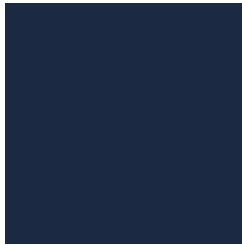
32.6510, -0.3209, 56.4341



75.5260, -0.2593, 130.2117

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

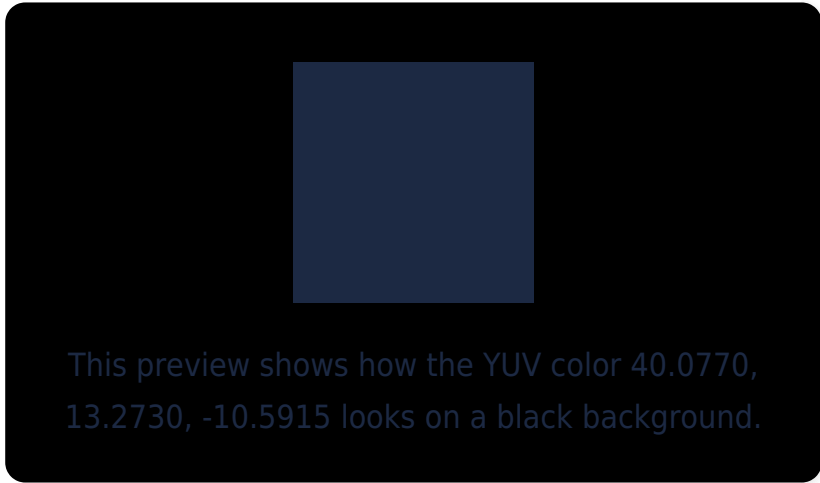
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

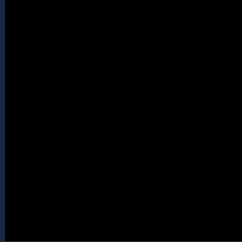
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.0770, 13.2730,

-10.5915.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915

Protanopia

40.2730, 12.6834, -8.1324

Deuteranopia

39.4790, 13.5679, -11.8211



Tritanopia

37.9810, 5.4324, -15.7693

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915

Protanomaly

39.9740, 12.8308, -8.7472

Deuteranomaly

39.7780, 13.4204, -11.2063

Tritanomaly

39.0890, 8.3371, -14.1101

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915

Achromatopsia

40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

39.9440, 4.9576, -3.4589

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 41, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 41, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 41, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 41, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 41, 67) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 41, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 41, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 41, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 41, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 41, 67)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.0770, 13.2730, -10.5915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 41, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 41,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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