

Converting Colors

YUV(40.1250, -16.3306,
11.2914)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(40.1250, -16.3306,
11.2914)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	352807
RGB	53, 40, 7
RGB Percent	21%, 16%, 3%
CMY	0.7922, 0.8431, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.87, 0.79
HSL	43°, 77%, 12%
HSV	43°, 87%, 21%
XYZ	2.2653, 2.2898, 0.5236
YIQ	40.1250, 18.3410, -7.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

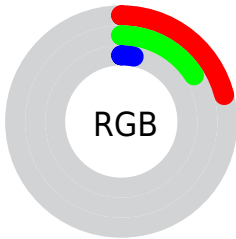
Format	Color
RYB	25, 53, 7
Decimal	3483655
CIELab	16.94, 1.91, 21.72
CIELCh	17, 21.802, 84.978
Yxy	2.2898, 0.4460, 0.4509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281673735 (0xFF352807)
YUV	40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914
Hunter-Lab	15.1321, 0.2410, 8.5410

Details

The YUV color **40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **19.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.0220, -16.7728, 13.1357**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.9680, -18.2252, 12.3061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.2820, -14.4360, 10.2767**.

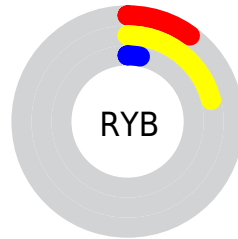
Distribution



 Red (21%)

 Green (16%)

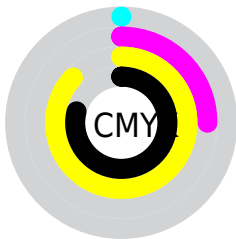
 Blue (3%)



 Red (10%)

 Yellow (21%)

 Blue (3%)

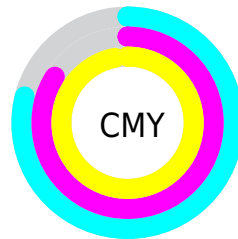


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (25%)

 Yellow (87%)

 Black (79%)



 Cyan (79%)

 Magenta (84%)

 Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.1250, -16.3306,
11.2914

■ 40.1250, -16.3306,
11.2914

■ 252.4920, -9.6096,
2.1995

■ 21.0090, -10.3574,
8.7621

■ 86.0220, -16.7728,
13.1357

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.5060,
-17.5045, 14.4652

■ 135.9900,
-18.2361, 15.7948

■ 162.1750,
-18.8203, 16.5095

■ 189.3600,
-19.4045, 17.2243

■ 217.2460,

-19.8413, 17.3243

■ 242.7290,
-19.0934, 10.7617

■ 40.1250, -16.3306,
11.2914

■ 40.1250, -16.3306,
11.2914

■ 38.9680, -18.2252,
12.3061

■ 41.2820, -14.4360,
10.2767

■ 38.1530, -18.8094,
13.0208

■ 43.1400, -12.3940,
8.6472

■ 44.2970, -10.4994,
7.6325

■ 46.0410, -8.8942,
6.1030

■ 47.3120, -6.5628,
4.9884

■ 49.0560, -4.9576,
3.4589

■ 50.2130, -3.0630,
2.4442

■ 51.9570, -1.4578,
0.9147

■ 53.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.9180, -12.2846, 20.2429



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



39.0310, -13.8193, -0.9042

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



34.9190, 9.4069, -30.6240



42.9660, 8.3978, 13.1848

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



19.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.2350, 13.6881, -3.7141



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



35.8140, 15.3747, -31.4089

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



33.2090, 2.8550, -29.1243



34.1500, 19.1531, -29.9495



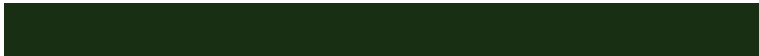
42.1970, 1.3819, 23.5062

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



37.2300, -8.9874, -10.7257



34.1500, 19.1531, -29.9495



43.1010, 10.3032, 8.6814

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



64.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736



22.2360, -1.1023, 26.9800



32.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442



163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



49.3940, -24.3512, 17.1945



44.7660, -18.6186, -1.5488



25.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



64.1790, -31.6402, 21.7680



155.8680, -76.8429, 53.6128

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914



19.0190, 24.6406, -16.6797



15.2340, 18.6186, 1.5488



23.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



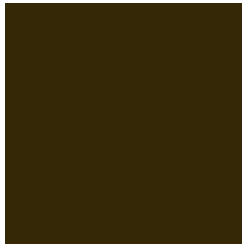
24.8210, 31.6402, -21.7680



60.5450, 77.1323, -53.0980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

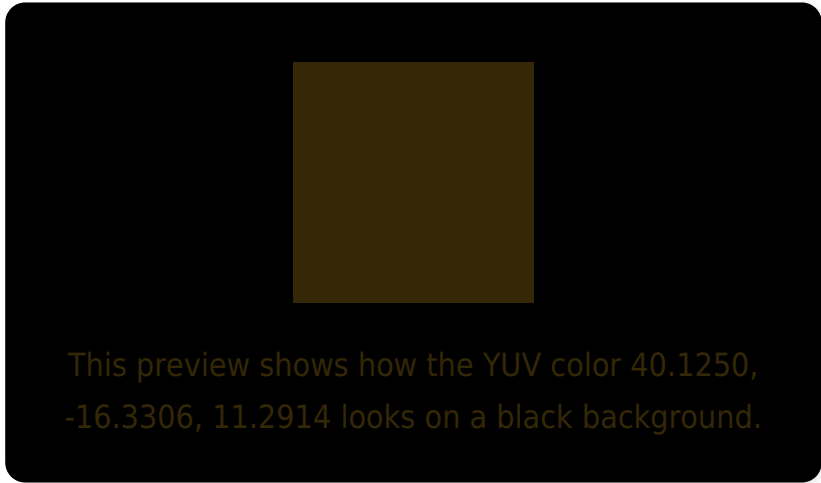
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

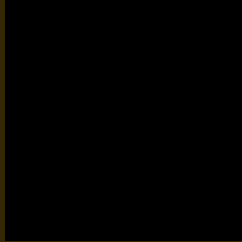
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914.

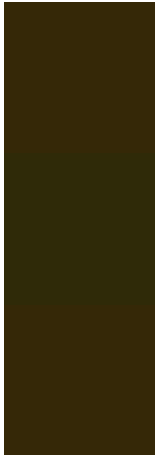


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.1250, -16.3306,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914

Protanopia

39.6190, -15.5882, 6.4731

Deuteranopia

40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914



Tritanopia

42.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914

Protanomaly

39.6300, -15.5936, 8.2175

Deuteranomaly

40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914

Tritanomaly

41.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914

Achromatopsia

40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

40.1270, -5.9786, 4.2736

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 40, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 40, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 40, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 40, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 40, 7) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 40, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 40, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 40, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 40, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 40, 7) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.1250, -16.3306, 11.2914 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 40, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 40,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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