

Converting Colors

YUV(40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(40.2000, -3.0566,
47.1826)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E0E22
RGB	94, 14, 34
RGB Percent	37%, 5%, 13%
CMY	0.6314, 0.9451, 0.8667
CMYK	0.00, 0.85, 0.64, 0.63
HSL	345°, 74%, 21%
HSV	345°, 85%, 37%
XYZ	5.0619, 2.8093, 1.7888
YIQ	40.2000, 41.2600, 23.1800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

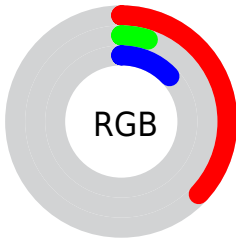
Format	Color
R _Y B	94, 14, 34
Decimal	6164002
CIE Lab	19.26, 36.12, 9.96
CIE LCh	19, 37.467, 15.409
Yxy	2.8093, 0.5240, 0.2908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284354082 (0xFF5E0E22)
YUV	40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826
Hunter-Lab	16.7608, 24.5766, 5.4048

Details

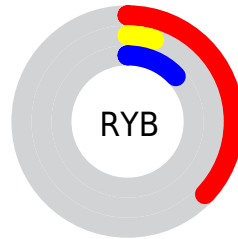
The YUV color **40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **67.8000, 3.0566, -47.1826**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1850, -6.9932, 49.8268**, and **13.5690, -6.1965, 27.5650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1190, -3.5097, 52.5156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496**.

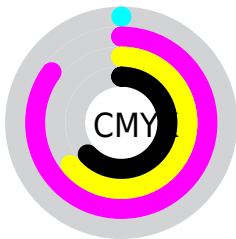
Distribution



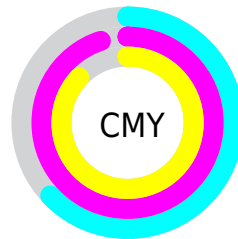
- Red (37%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.2000, -3.0566,
47.1826

■ 40.2000, -3.0566,
47.1826

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 21.7000, -4.7821,
40.6051

■ 92.1850, -6.9932,
49.8268

■ 13.5690, -6.1965,
27.5650

■ 117.9680, -7.8722,
51.7711

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.7510, -8.7512,
53.7154

■ 171.9470, -9.3409,
56.1745

■ 196.4410, -8.5984,
51.3562

■ 216.0690, -4.4710,

34.1425

■ 235.6970, -0.3436,
16.9287

■ 40.2000, -3.0566,
47.1826

■ 40.2000, -3.0566,
47.1826

■ 34.1190, -3.5097,
52.5156

■ 46.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496

■ 30.8420, -3.3731,
55.3896

■ 52.9490, -2.4399,
36.0017

■ 59.0300, -1.9868,
30.6687

■ 65.6980, -1.8231,
24.8209

■ 71.7790, -1.3700,
19.4878

■ 77.8600, -0.9170,
14.1548

■ 84.5280, -0.7533,
8.3069

■ 90.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 97.2770, -0.1366,
-2.8739

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.2450, 8.7532, 39.2501



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



42.4320, -18.4540, 39.0861

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



35.3890, -16.9538, -22.2662



43.0980, 28.0527, -37.7969

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



67.8000, 3.0566, -47.1826

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.7360, 20.3432, -38.3565



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



37.6940, -2.8071, -33.0576

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



43.1040, -21.2503, 2.5398



41.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



37.8150, 30.6572, -33.1638

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



43.8560, -21.6210, 28.1903



41.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



43.2290, 26.0161, -37.9118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



101.1810, -1.0752, 18.2583



41.0600, 26.0994, 28.8884



48.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



40.0120, -4.4429, 71.9035



49.6600, -17.5804, 38.8862



42.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



35.9680, -4.4212, 64.9261



77.5890, -9.1644, 139.8034

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826



40.0120, -4.4429, 71.9035



58.3400, 17.5804, -38.8862



42.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



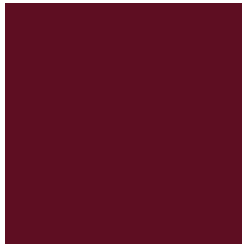
35.9680, -4.4212, 64.9261



77.5890, -9.1644, 139.8034

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

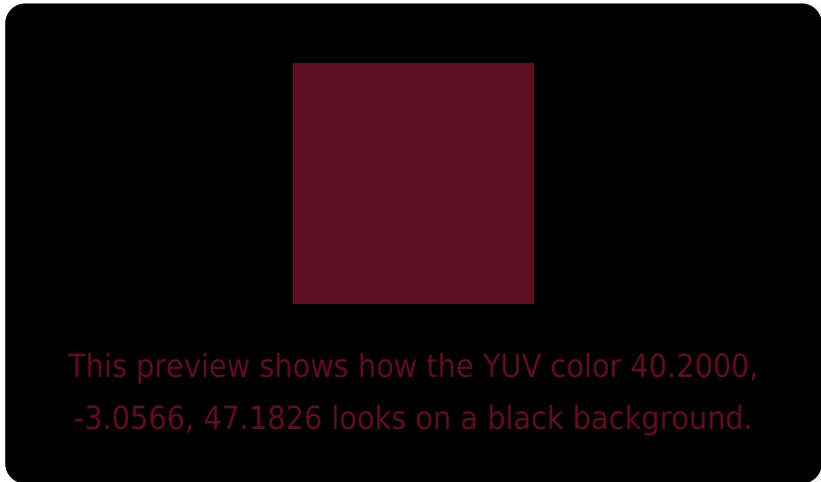
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

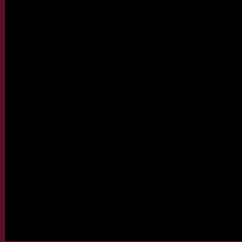
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.2000, -3.0566,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826

Protanopia

49.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148

Deuteranopia

48.9490, -9.3419, 9.6917



Tritanopia

40.4250, -11.0555, 46.1083

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826

Protanomaly

45.7680, -1.3646, 17.7435

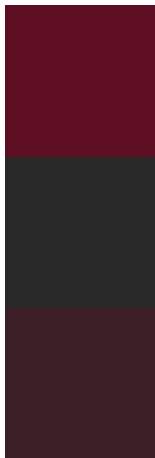
Deuteranomaly

45.6070, -7.2013, 23.1467

Tritanomaly

40.5220, -8.1453, 46.0232

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826

Achromatopsia

40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

40.4690, -1.2172, 17.1287

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 14, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 14, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 14, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 14, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 14, 34) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 14, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 14, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 14, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 14, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 14, 34)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.2000, -3.0566, 47.1826 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 14, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 14,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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