

Converting Colors

YUV(40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(40.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A272B
RGB	42, 39, 43
RGB Percent	16%, 15%, 17%
CMY	0.8353, 0.8471, 0.8314
CMYK	0.02, 0.09, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	285°, 5%, 16%
HSV	285°, 9%, 17%
XYZ	2.1164, 2.1177, 2.5827
YIQ	40.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 39, 43
Decimal	2762539
CIE Lab	16.09, 2.33, -2.13
CIE LCh	16, 3.161, 317.591
Yxy	2.1177, 0.3105, 0.3107
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280952619 (0xFF2A272B)
YUV	40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444
Hunter-Lab	14.5523, 0.4935, -0.3360

Details

The YUV color **40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **41.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.7060, 2.6099, 2.8888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (15%)

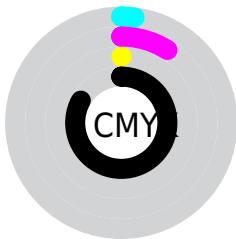
Blue (17%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (17%)

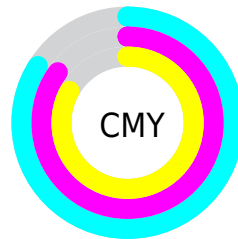


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444

■ 40.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 19.7660, 1.5944,
1.9592

■ 85.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 109.7660, 1.5944,
1.9592

■ 134.7660, 1.5944,
1.9592

■ 160.7660, 1.5944,
1.9592

■ 187.8800, 2.0312,
1.8592

■ 215.7660, 1.5944,

1.9592

244.1790, 1.8838,
2.4740

40.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444

40.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444

37.7060, 2.6099,
2.8888

43.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

34.4720, 4.2043,
4.8481

46.2340, -1.5944,
-1.9592

31.8250, 5.5093,
6.2925

48.8810, -2.8993,
-3.4036

29.1780, 6.8142,
7.7369

51.5280, -4.2043,
-4.8481

25.9440, 8.4086,
9.6961

54.7620, -5.7987,
-6.8073

■ 23.2970, 9.7136,
11.1405

■ 57.4090, -7.1036,
-8.2517

■ 20.3510, 11.1660,
11.9702

■ 60.3550, -8.5560,
-9.0813

■ 17.7040, 12.4709,
13.4146

■ 63.0020, -9.8610,
-10.5258

■ 14.4700, 14.0653,
15.3738

■ 66.2360, -11.4553,
-12.4850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



40.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



39.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590



39.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



41.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



39.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



40.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738



39.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444



39.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



40.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



39.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444



39.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



54.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



40.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



27.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



52.1790, 1.8838, 2.4740



40.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



28.4130, 27.4044, 30.3328



71.7090, 69.1635, 76.5542

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



51.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



41.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592



18.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



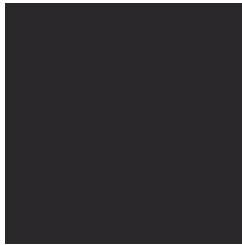
27.5100, -3.2094, 49.5417



69.4300, -8.1000, 125.0339

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

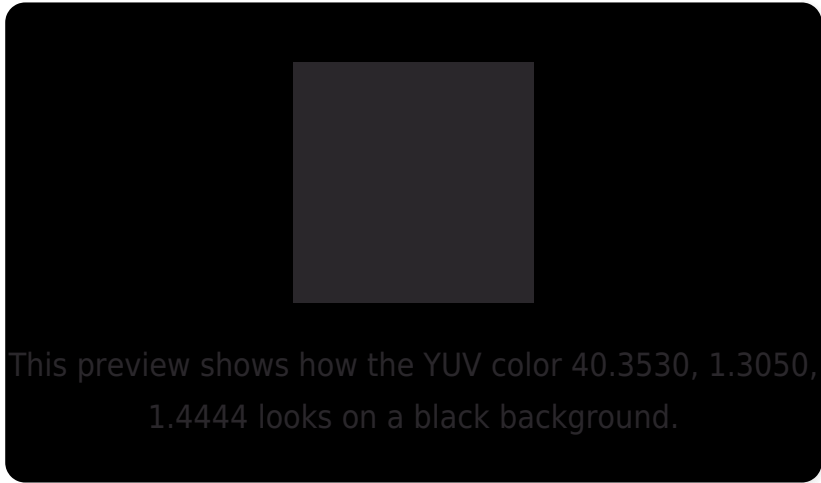
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

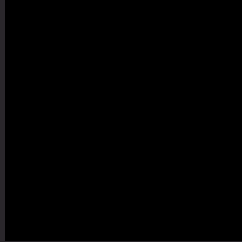
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444.



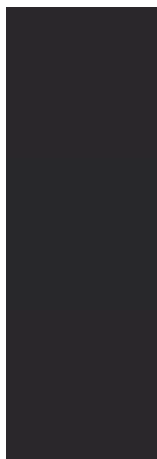
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.3530, 1.3050,

1.4444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

Protanopia

40.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999

Deuteranopia

40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



Tritanopia

40.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

Protanomaly

40.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

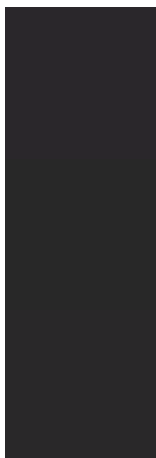
Deuteranomaly

40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

Tritanomaly

40.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

Achromatopsia

40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

40.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 39, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(42, 39, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 39, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 39, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 39, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 39, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 39, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 39, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 39, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 39, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 39, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 39,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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