

Converting Colors

YUV(40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(40.5120, -6.6614,
-10.0960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D311B
RGB	29, 49, 27
RGB Percent	11%, 19%, 11%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8078, 0.8941
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.45, 0.81
HSL	115°, 29%, 15%
HSV	115°, 45%, 19%
XYZ	1.8028, 2.5370, 1.4316
YIQ	40.5120, -4.8580, -11.0820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

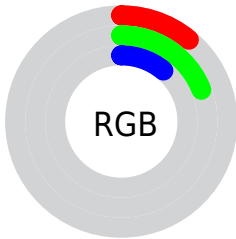
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 49, 47
Decimal	1913115
CIE _{Lab}	18.08, -13.57, 11.56
CIE _{LCh}	18, 17.831, 139.573
Yxy	2.5370, 0.3124, 0.4396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280103195 (0xFF1D311B)
YUV	40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960
Hunter-Lab	15.9279, -7.6698, 5.8206

Details

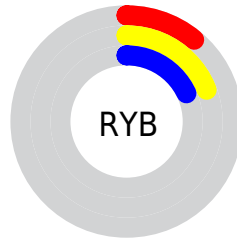
The YUV color **40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **35.4880, 6.6614, 10.0960**, and the grayscale version is **41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.9850, -7.3876, -10.5108**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.2780, -5.0671, -8.1368**.

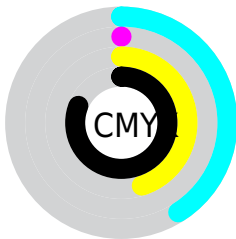
Distribution



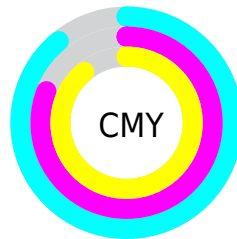
- Red (11%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.5120, -6.6614,
-10.0960

■ 40.5120, -6.6614,
-10.0960

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 18.6430, -8.6980,
-10.2109

■ 85.9850, -7.3876,
-10.5108

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.4580, -8.1138,
-10.9257

■ 136.0450, -8.4032,
-11.4405

■ 162.0450, -8.4032,
-11.4405

■ 189.5180, -9.1294,
-11.8553

■ 217.2190, -8.9820,

-12.4701

■ 244.6320, -8.6926,
-11.9553

■ 40.5120, -6.6614,
-10.0960

■ 40.5120, -6.6614,
-10.0960

■ 38.7460, -8.2558,
-12.0552

■ 42.2780, -5.0671,
-8.1368

■ 36.6810, -9.7027,
-14.6292

■ 44.3430, -3.6201,
-5.5628

■ 34.9150, -11.2971,
-16.5885

■ 46.1090, -2.0257,
-3.6036

■ 32.8500, -12.7440,
-19.1624

■ 48.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 31.0840, -14.3384,
-21.1217

■ 49.9400, 1.0156,
0.9296

■ 29.9590, -14.7698,
-22.7660

■ 51.8910, 2.0257,
3.6036

■ 53.6570, 3.6201,
5.5628

■ 55.7220, 5.0671,
8.1368

■ 57.4880, 6.6614,
10.0960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3240, -11.4987, 1.4699



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



37.0740, 0.9495, -24.6209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



39.3420, 14.6214, -23.1019



44.6930, -4.2856, 21.3172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



35.4880, 6.6614, 10.0960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2780, 1.8349, 18.1732



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



44.3550, 11.6570, -5.5733

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



36.5320, 13.0487, -32.0386



46.0040, 7.3930, 8.7665



44.0040, -9.3690, 18.4135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



35.4090, 6.2074, -31.0537



46.0040, 7.3930, 8.7665



45.2630, -2.1017, 20.8173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



60.5820, -2.7519, -4.0184



45.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



30.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960



50.4420, -10.5709, -16.1736



40.9400, -2.4354, -12.2254



24.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



54.6350, -26.9351, -40.8989



133.3590, -65.7460, -99.4158

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.4880, 6.6614, 10.0960



42.5580, 10.5709, 16.1736



35.0600, 2.4354, 12.2254



23.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



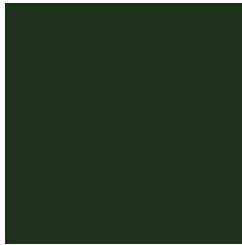
34.3650, 26.9351, 40.8989



83.6410, 65.7460, 99.4158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

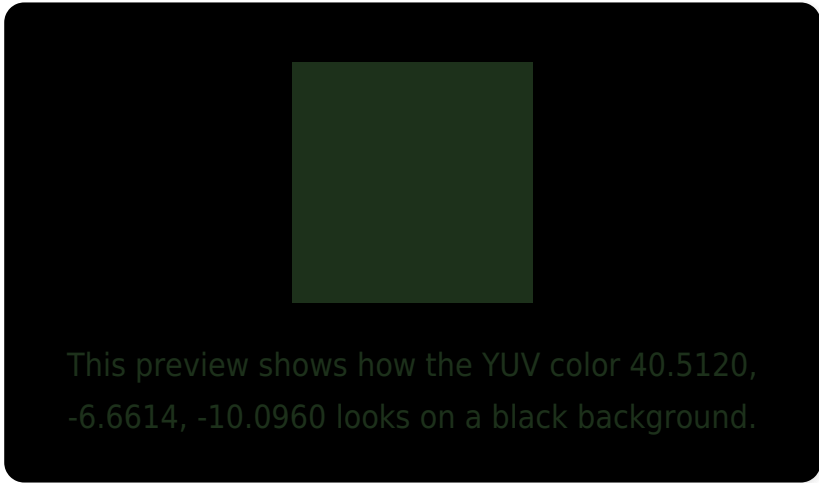
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

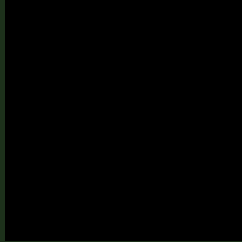
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960.

-10.0960.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960

Protanopia

43.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587

Deuteranopia

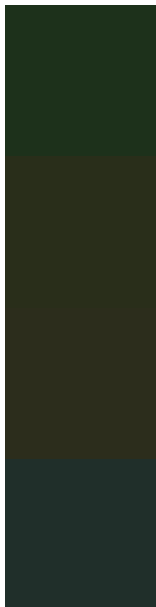
43.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623



Tritanopia

42.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960

Protanomaly

42.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743

Deuteranomaly

42.7630, -7.2782, 1.0848

Tritanomaly

41.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960

Achromatopsia

41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

40.9950, -2.4625, -3.5036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 49, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 49, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 49, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 49, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 49, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 49, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 49, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 49, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 49, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 49, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.5120, -6.6614, -10.0960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 49, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 49,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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