

# Converting Colors

YUV(40.5880, 45.0661,  
-34.7187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(40.5880, 45.0661,  
-34.7187)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	012B84
RGB	1, 43, 132
RGB Percent	0%, 17%, 52%
CMY	0.9961, 0.8314, 0.4824
CMYK	0.99, 0.67, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	221°, 98%, 26%
HSV	221°, 99%, 52%
XYZ	5.0413, 3.4002, 22.2204
YIQ	40.5880, -53.6010, 18.7750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

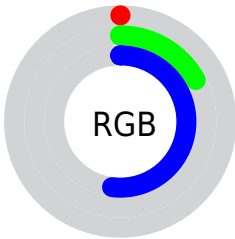
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">1, 33, 132</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">76676</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">21.58, 25.88, -52.96</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">22, 58.941, 296.043</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">3.4002, 0.1644, 0.1109</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278266756 (0xFF012B84)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">18.4395, 16.5318, -58.5394</a>

# Details

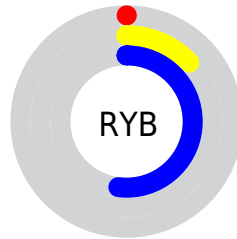
The YUV color **40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **92.4120, -45.0661, 34.7187**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.7800, 43.9855, -14.7161**, and **9.2340, 35.3806, -8.0982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.7020, 45.5029, -34.8187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.7580, 40.5453, -31.3598**.

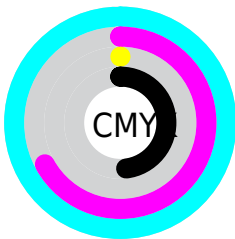
# Distribution



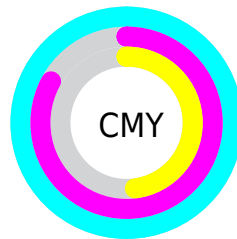
- Red (0%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.5880, 45.0661,  
-34.7187

■ 40.5880, 45.0661,  
-34.7187

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.5850, 39.6446,  
-22.4380

■ 96.7800, 43.9855,  
-14.7161

■ 9.2340, 35.3806,  
-8.0982

■ 122.7310, 44.9956,  
-12.0421

■ 9.4330, 23.4505,  
-8.2727

■ 149.6710, 46.0112,  
-11.1125

■ 5.1640, 14.7091,  
-4.5288

■ 174.9720, 39.4538,  
-7.8684

■ 1.1400, 4.3680,  
-0.9998

■ 199.4920, 27.3654,  
-3.9395

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 224.5990, 14.9877,

-0.5253

250.0050, 2.4625,  
3.5036

40.5880, 45.0661,  
-34.7187

40.5880, 45.0661,  
-34.7187

39.7020, 45.5029,  
-34.8187

49.7580, 40.5453,  
-31.3598

58.9280, 36.0245,  
-28.0009

68.3970, 31.3563,  
-24.0272

77.5670, 26.8355,  
-20.6683

86.7370, 22.3147,  
-17.3093

■ 95.9070, 17.7938,  
-13.9504

■ 105.0770, 13.2730,  
-10.5915

■ 114.5460, 8.6048,  
-6.6178

■ 123.7160, 4.0840,  
-3.2589

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.2940, 44.2251, -44.9848



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



39.9190, 30.1129, 48.3060

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



44.2870, -21.8335, 49.7373



44.4590, 0.2667, -38.9905

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



92.4120, -45.0661, 34.7187

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.1550, -18.8104, -33.4619



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



49.1060, -24.2093, 18.3240

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



37.8180, -10.2633, 72.0736



42.6950, -21.0486, -15.5185



50.0620, 19.1964, -43.9044



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



43.1200, 15.2238, 63.9158



42.6950, -21.0486, -15.5185



42.6350, -6.7221, -37.3909

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



135.2060, 17.6464, -13.3357



87.8150, 0.0912, -76.1368



64.5180, 11.0836, -8.3473



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187



51.7790, 58.7760, -45.4102



22.5120, 53.9776, 0.4280



61.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



39.4740, 44.6293, -34.6187



0.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9570, -0.9648, 76.3367



57.3990, -1.1827, 99.6281



110.4880, -53.9776, -0.4280



62.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



43.6580, -0.8174, 75.7219



1.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

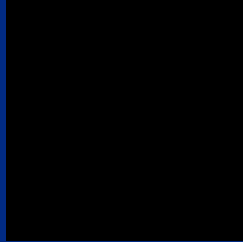
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.5880, 45.0661,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187

### Protanopia

42.1350, 31.9784, -36.9524

### Deuteranopia

42.0720, 24.1215, -36.8971



## Tritanopia

41.1140, 10.2968, -36.0570

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187

## Protanomaly

41.4000, 36.7778, -36.3078

## Deuteranomaly

41.4340, 31.8310, -36.3376

## Tritanomaly

41.0290, 22.6637, -35.9824

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187

## Achromatopsia

41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

40.8640, 16.3360, -13.0357

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 43, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 43, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 43, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 43, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 43, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 43, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 43, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 43, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 43, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 43, 132)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.5880, 45.0661, -34.7187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 43, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 43,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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