

Converting Colors

YUV(40.7500, 29.2102,
-35.7377)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(40.7500, 29.2102,
-35.7377)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003264
RGB	0, 50, 100
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 39%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8039, 0.6078
CMYK	1.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	210°, 100%, 20%
HSV	210°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	3.4409, 3.2013, 12.4932
YIQ	40.7500, -45.8500, 4.9500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

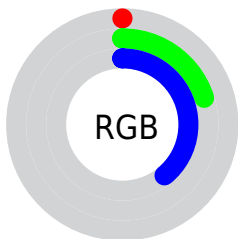
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 33, 100
Decimal	12900
CIE _{Lab}	20.83, 6.64, -33.68
CIE _{LCh}	21, 34.329, 281.156
Yxy	3.2013, 0.1798, 0.1673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202980 (0xFF003264)
YUV	40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377
Hunter-Lab	17.8922, 3.0161, -28.8745

Details

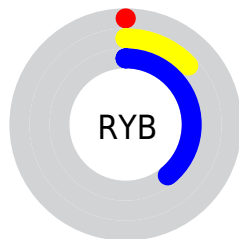
The YUV color **40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **59.2500, -29.2102, 35.7377**, and the grayscale version is **41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.5990, 28.2987, -23.3273**, and **7.2160, 22.5715, -6.3284** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.6750, 26.2892, -32.1640**.

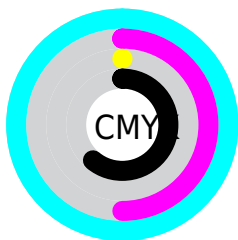
Distribution



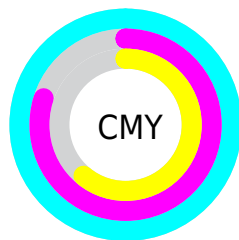
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.7500, 29.2102,
-35.7377

■ 40.7500, 29.2102,
-35.7377

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 25.6870, 24.8043,
-22.5275

■ 93.5990, 28.2987,
-23.3273

■ 7.2160, 22.5715,
-6.3284

■ 118.8380, 29.1669,
-21.7829

■ 4.7080, 12.9620,
-4.1289

■ 145.3650, 29.8931,
-21.3681

■ 0.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

■ 172.1910, 30.4718,
-20.3385

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 199.0940, 27.5617,
-20.2534

■ 224.2010, 15.1839,

-16.8393

■ 248.7210, 3.0955,
-12.9103

■ 40.7500, 29.2102,
-35.7377

■ 46.6750, 26.2892,
-32.1640

■ 52.6000, 23.3682,
-28.5902

■ 58.5250, 20.4472,
-25.0164

■ 64.4500, 17.5261,
-21.4427

■ 70.3750, 14.6051,
-17.8689

■ 76.3000, 11.6841,
-14.2951

■ 82.2250, 8.7631,
-10.7213

■ 88.1500, 5.8420,
-7.1476

■ 94.0750, 2.9210,
-3.5738

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.6310, 26.3109, -39.1414



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



51.7620, 17.8653, 9.8557

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



47.7460, -14.6648, 37.0568



39.5690, -3.2385, -34.7020

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



59.2500, -29.2102, 35.7377

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.3190, -17.4123, -15.1888



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



47.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



46.6940, -2.3141, 42.3644



46.6700, -23.0083, 6.4284



43.1200, 7.8288, -37.8162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



50.9660, 11.8488, 26.3398



46.6700, -23.0083, 6.4284



37.9560, -6.8803, -33.2874

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



107.1860, 11.2473, -14.1951



64.4000, -7.0992, -56.4788



51.7800, 7.0105, -8.5771



194.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377



52.9750, 37.9733, -46.4591



11.4000, 43.6798, -9.9978



47.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



46.5690, 33.7365, -40.8410



98.6150, 70.6888, -86.4854

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6000, 7.0992, 56.4788



46.2800, 9.2290, 73.4224



88.6000, -43.6798, 9.9978



47.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



40.8830, 7.9457, 65.0006



86.1520, 17.1801, 136.6787

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

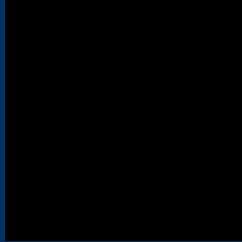
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 40.7500, 29.2102,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377

Protanopia

46.3280, 25.9673, -22.2127

Deuteranopia

40.8980, 24.7003, -35.8675



Tritanopia

40.2990, 9.7126, -35.3422

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377

Protanomaly

43.9360, 27.1466, -27.1309

Deuteranomaly

40.6530, 26.3001, -35.6527

Tritanomaly

40.2480, 17.1327, -35.2975

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377

Achromatopsia

41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

40.6700, 10.5157, -12.8656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 50, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 50, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 50, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 50, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 50, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 50, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 50, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 50, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 100)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 40.7500, 29.2102, -35.7377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 50, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 50,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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