

Converting Colors

YUV(41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(41.0090, 2.9536,
-14.0399)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19302F
RGB	25, 48, 47
RGB Percent	10%, 19%, 18%
CMY	0.9020, 0.8118, 0.8157
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.02, 0.81
HSL	177°, 32%, 14%
HSV	177°, 48%, 19%
XYZ	1.9709, 2.5258, 3.0730
YIQ	41.0090, -13.3870, -5.1870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

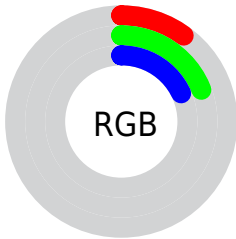
Format	Color
RYB	25, 37, 48
Decimal	1650735
CIELab	18.03, -9.34, -2.21
CIELCh	18, 9.594, 193.327
Yxy	2.5258, 0.2604, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279840815 (0xFF19302F)
YUV	41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399
Hunter-Lab	15.8928, -5.6758, -0.3391

Details

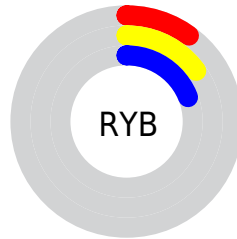
The YUV color **41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **31.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399**, and the grayscale version is **41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.7100, 3.1010, -14.6547**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.5140, 3.6906, -17.1138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.5040, 2.2165, -10.9660**.

Distribution



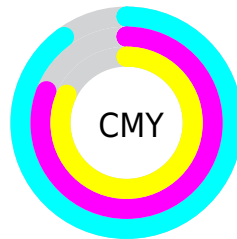
- Red (10%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

41.0090, 2.9536,
-14.0399

41.0090, 2.9536,
-14.0399

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

19.4110, 3.2484,
-15.2694

86.7100, 3.1010,
-14.6547

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

111.2970, 2.8116,
-15.1695

136.9980, 2.9590,
-15.7842

162.9980, 2.9590,
-15.7842

190.1120, 3.3958,
-15.8842

217.8130, 3.5432,

-16.4990

■ 246.4000, 3.2538,
-17.0138

■ 41.0090, 2.9536,
-14.0399

■ 41.0090, 2.9536,
-14.0399

■ 39.5140, 3.6906,
-17.1138

■ 42.5040, 2.2165,
-10.9660

■ 38.0190, 4.4276,
-20.1877

■ 43.9990, 1.4795,
-7.8921

■ 36.7090, 4.5805,
-22.5468

■ 45.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 35.2140, 5.3175,
-25.6207

■ 46.8040, 0.5896,
-2.4591

■ 33.7190, 6.0545,
-28.6946

■ 48.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 33.4200, 6.2019,
-29.3093

■ 49.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 51.2890, -1.6215,
6.7625

■ 52.5990, -1.7743,
9.1217

■ 54.0940, -2.5113,
12.1956

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0050, -0.9885, -9.6514



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



41.1060, 5.8637, -14.1250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



44.8740, 4.4991, 3.6185



44.0350, -6.4263, 7.8623

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



31.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.5130, -4.6899, 10.9511



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



45.3970, 1.2833, 8.4218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



44.2860, 6.2680, -3.7588



44.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808



43.7030, -6.2626, 2.0145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



41.7580, 7.0213, -12.0658



44.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808



44.4480, -6.1369, 8.3771

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



58.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



38.8000, -6.8034, -11.2256



29.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



50.4210, 4.7224, -21.4172



35.2530, 6.2843, -8.9919



22.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



60.5310, 11.0772, -53.0857



148.9880, 27.6139, -130.6625

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399



36.5790, -4.7224, 21.4172



37.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



26.4690, -11.0772, 53.0857



65.0120, -27.6139, 130.6625

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

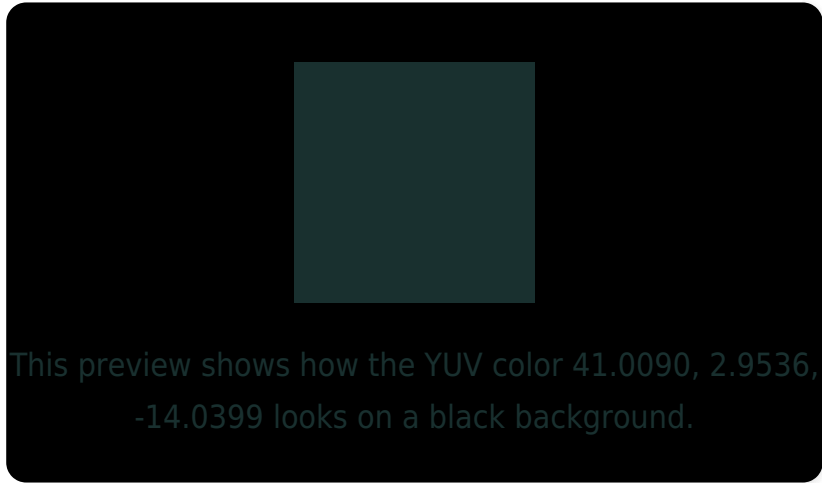
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

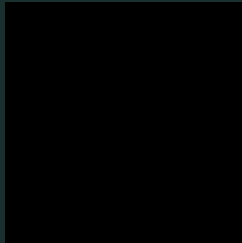
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

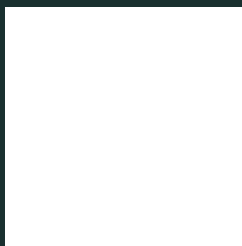
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399.

-14.0399.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399

Protanopia

44.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Deuteranopia

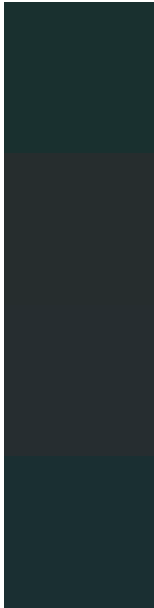
44.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



Tritanopia

41.1770, 4.8427, -13.3102

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399

Protanomaly

43.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034

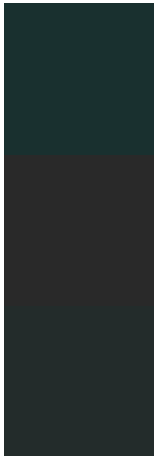
Deuteranomaly

43.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034

Tritanomaly

41.0630, 4.4059, -13.2103

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399

Achromatopsia

41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

41.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 48, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 48, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 48, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 48, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 48, 47) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 48, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 48, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 48, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 48, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 48, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 41.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 48, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 48,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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