

# Converting Colors

YUV(41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(41.0980, 21.6437,  
11.3151)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	361A55
RGB	54, 26, 85
RGB Percent	21%, 10%, 33%
CMY	0.7882, 0.8980, 0.6667
CMYK	0.36, 0.69, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	268°, 53%, 22%
HSV	268°, 69%, 33%
XYZ	3.5304, 2.1789, 8.8288
YIQ	41.0980, -2.2510, 24.2850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

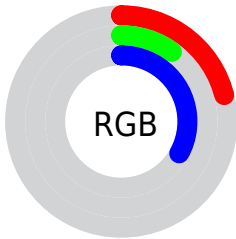
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	54, 26, 85
Decimal	3545685
CIE Lab	16.40, 27.17, -30.70
CIE LCh	16, 41.002, 311.509
Yxy	2.1789, 0.2428, 0.1499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281735765 (0xFF361A55)
YUV	41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151
Hunter-Lab	14.7612, 16.8593, -25.1291

# Details

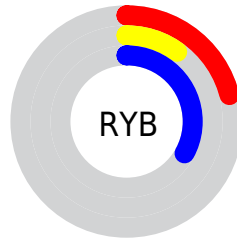
The YUV color **41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **69.9020, -21.6437, -11.3151**, and the grayscale version is **41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.1630, 23.0906, 13.8890**, and **4.4460, 17.0351, -3.8991** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.2060, 24.5484, 12.9743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.9900, 18.7389, 9.6558**.

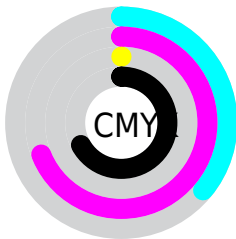
# Distribution



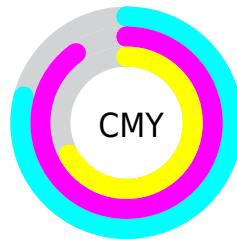
- Red (21%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.0980, 21.6437,  
11.3151

■ 41.0980, 21.6437,  
11.3151

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 18.2720, 21.0649,  
10.2855

■ 88.1630, 23.0906,  
13.8890

■ 4.4460, 17.0351,  
-3.8991

■ 112.8040, 24.2536,  
14.2039

■ 2.4110, 6.6994,  
-2.1144

■ 139.2170, 24.5430,  
14.7187

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 165.7440, 25.2692,  
15.1335

■ 192.8690, 25.7006,  
16.7779

■ 218.8170, 17.8382,

18.5775

239.7380, 7.5242,  
13.3848

41.0980, 21.6437,  
11.3151

41.0980, 21.6437,  
11.3151

35.2060, 24.5484,  
12.9743

46.9900, 18.7389,  
9.6558

28.4280, 27.8900,  
14.5336

53.7680, 15.3974,  
8.0965

22.5360, 30.7948,  
16.1929

59.6600, 12.4926,  
6.4372

21.6500, 31.2315,  
16.0930

66.4380, 9.1511,  
4.8779

72.3300, 6.2463,  
3.2186

■ 79.1080, 2.9048,  
1.6593

■ 85.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 91.7780, -3.3416,  
-1.5593

■ 97.6700, -6.2463,  
-3.2186

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.3530, 31.3780, -31.0046



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



33.1190, 13.2523, 42.8686

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



38.5180, -18.9894, 24.1017



37.0390, 7.3758, -32.4832

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



69.9020, -21.6437, -11.3151

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.9180, -5.8756, -28.8691



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



37.5000, -18.4875, 3.0695

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



33.3340, -16.4337, 44.4341



30.2580, -14.9172, -22.1513



39.5300, 19.4587, -34.6678



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



31.2850, 4.7895, 50.6161



30.2580, -14.9172, -22.1513



35.1980, 2.8604, -30.8686

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



92.9110, 8.4249, 4.4631



50.9230, 16.8000, -21.8575



45.6890, 5.0833, 2.9037



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151



42.2310, 33.4101, 17.3374



49.7690, 17.3689, 29.1436



40.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



27.4470, 39.2196, 20.6560



59.9790, 86.2854, 44.7454



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.1750, 4.8437, 33.1725



51.5670, 7.1155, 51.2457



61.2310, -17.3689, -29.1436



40.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



38.3770, 8.6881, 60.1824



84.2870, 19.0855, 132.1753



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

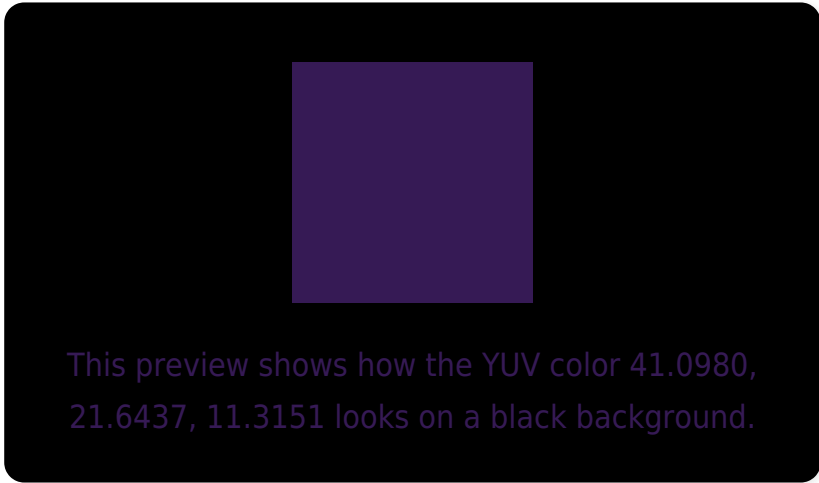
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

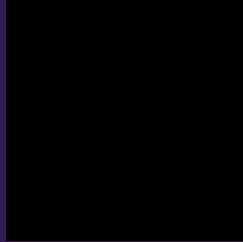
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 41.0980, 21.6437,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151

### Protanopia

33.1700, 25.5522, -29.0901

### Deuteranopia

33.0900, 20.1686, -29.0199



## Tritanopia

41.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151

## Protanomaly

36.2150, 24.0510, -14.2206

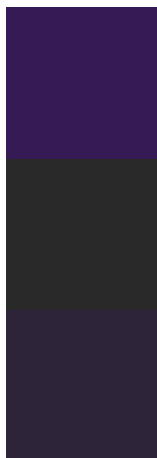
## Deuteranomaly

36.0040, 20.7040, -14.0355

## Tritanomaly

41.5090, 8.1301, 5.6926

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151

## Achromatopsia

41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

41.3840, 7.6987, 4.0482

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 26, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 26, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 26, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 26, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 26, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 26, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 26, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 26, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 26, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 26, 85)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 41.0980, 21.6437, 11.3151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 26, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 26,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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