

# Converting Colors

YUV(42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(42.1240, 1.9109,  
-6.2477)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	232D2E
RGB	35, 45, 46
RGB Percent	14%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.8627, 0.8235, 0.8196
CMYK	0.24, 0.02, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	185°, 14%, 16%
HSV	185°, 24%, 18%
XYZ	2.1247, 2.4314, 2.9421
YIQ	42.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	35, 40, 46
Decimal	2305326
CIELab	17.61, -4.00, -2.08
CIElCh	18, 4.507, 207.412
Yxy	2.4314, 0.2834, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280495406 (0xFF232D2E)
YUV	42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477
Hunter-Lab	15.5928, -2.9651, -0.2720

# Details

The YUV color **42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **38.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477**, and the grayscale version is **42.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.6290, 2.6479, -9.3216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739**.

# Distribution



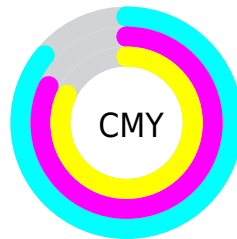
- Red (14%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.1240, 1.9109,  
-6.2477

■ 42.1240, 1.9109,  
-6.2477

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 21.7110, 1.6215,  
-6.7625

■ 87.8250, 2.0583,  
-6.8625

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 111.8250, 2.0583,  
-6.8625

■ 137.5260, 2.2057,  
-7.4773

■ 163.5260, 2.2057,  
-7.4773

■ 190.5260, 2.2057,  
-7.4773

■ 218.2270, 2.3531,

-8.0921

247.2270, 2.3531,  
-8.0921

42.1240, 1.9109,  
-6.2477

42.1240, 1.9109,  
-6.2477

40.6290, 2.6479,  
-9.3216

43.6190, 1.1738,  
-3.1739

38.8460, 3.5269,  
-11.2659

45.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

37.3510, 4.2640,  
-14.3398

46.8970, -0.4422,  
1.8443

35.5680, 5.1430,  
-16.2841

48.6800, -1.3212,  
3.7886

34.0730, 5.8800,  
-19.3580

50.1750, -2.0583,  
6.8625

■ 31.9910, 6.9064,  
-21.9171

■ 52.2570, -3.0847,  
9.4216

■ 30.7950, 7.4961,  
-24.3762

■ 53.4530, -3.6743,  
11.8807

■ 29.8980, 7.9383,  
-26.2205

■ 54.9480, -4.4114,  
14.9546

■ 56.7310, -5.2904,  
16.8989

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



42.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



43.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888



43.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



38.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



44.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



43.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851



43.5770, -1.7635, 5.6330



42.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



42.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



43.5770, -1.7635, 5.6330



42.9250, -2.9210, 3.5738

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



57.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



41.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



29.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



52.7430, 3.0847, -9.4216



39.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738



22.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



56.2910, 15.1395, -49.3672



138.8610, 37.0435, -121.7811



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



48.7930, 4.0461, 8.9515



41.8110, -3.3578, 3.6738



21.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



35.0190, 21.6826, 45.5873

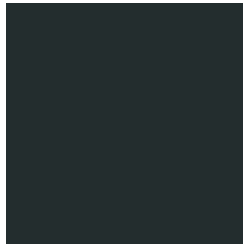


86.2160, 53.6305, 112.0666



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

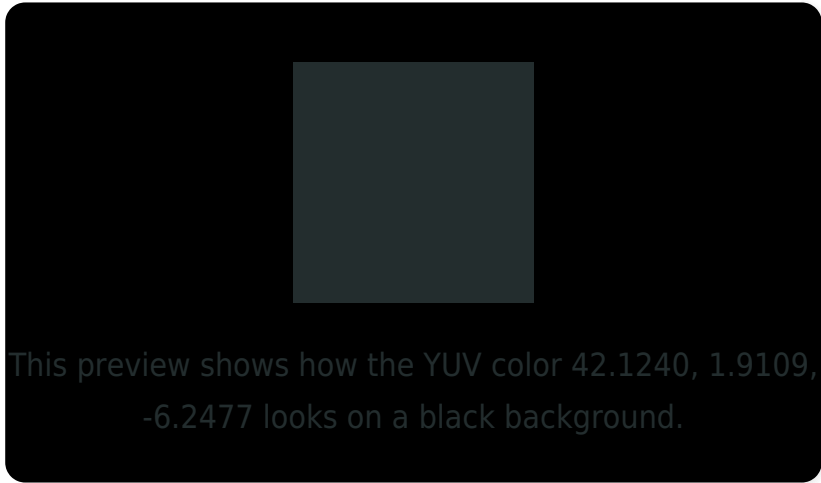
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

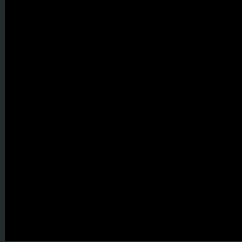
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477.



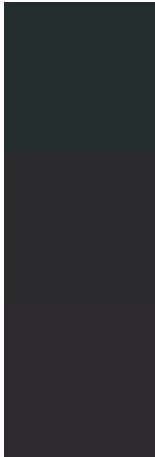
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477.

-6.2477.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477

### Protanopia

43.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000

### Deuteranopia

43.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



## Tritanopia

42.3520, 2.7845, -6.4477

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477

## Protanomaly

42.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591

## Deuteranomaly

43.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

## Tritanomaly

42.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477

## Achromatopsia

42.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

41.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 45, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 45, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 45, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 45, 46) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 45, 46) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 45, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 45, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 45, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 45, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 45, 46)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 42.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 45, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 45,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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