

# Converting Colors

YUV(42.4260, 23.9470,  
-27.5606)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(42.4260, 23.9470,  
-27.5606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B315B
RGB	11, 49, 91
RGB Percent	4%, 19%, 36%
CMY	0.9569, 0.8078, 0.6431
CMYK	0.88, 0.46, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	212°, 78%, 20%
HSV	212°, 88%, 36%
XYZ	3.1247, 3.0231, 10.3164
YIQ	42.4260, -36.1300, 5.0060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

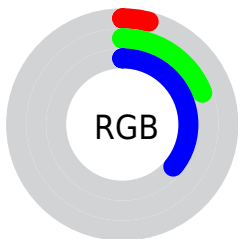
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	<b>11, 37, 91</b>
Decimal	733531
CIE Lab	20.14, 4.41, -28.87
CIE LCh	20, 29.209, 278.692
Yxy	3.0231, 0.1898, 0.1836
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278923611 (0xFF0B315B)
YUV	42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606
Hunter-Lab	17.3871, 1.6511, -23.0079

# Details

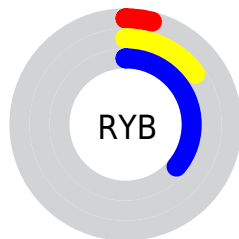
The YUV color **42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **59.5740, -23.9470, 27.5606**, and the grayscale version is **42.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5840, 24.3621, -20.6832**, and **5.1300, 19.6559, -4.4990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.8000, 26.7206, -30.5196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.0520, 21.1734, -24.6016**.

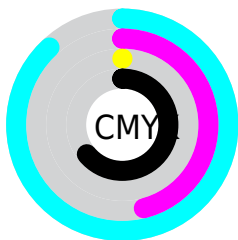
# Distribution



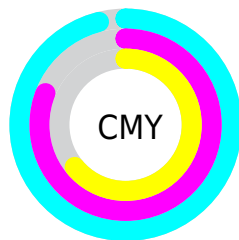
- Red (4%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.4260, 23.9470,  
-27.5606

■ 42.4260, 23.9470,  
-27.5606

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.0740, 21.1625,  
-21.1129

■ 92.5840, 24.3621,  
-20.6832

■ 5.1300, 19.6559,  
-4.4990

■ 117.4100, 24.9409,  
-19.6536

■ 3.2090, 9.7570,  
-2.8143

■ 143.8230, 25.2303,  
-19.1388

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.4640, 26.3932,  
-18.8239

■ 198.1650, 26.5407,  
-19.4387

■ 223.3150, 15.6207,

-16.9393

■ 248.4220, 3.2430,  
-13.5251

■ 42.4260, 23.9470,  
-27.5606

■ 42.4260, 23.9470,  
-27.5606

■ 36.8000, 26.7206,  
-30.5196

■ 48.0520, 21.1734,  
-24.6016

■ 35.6150, 27.3048,  
-31.2344

■ 53.6780, 18.3997,  
-21.6426

■ 58.7170, 15.9155,  
-18.1688

■ 64.3430, 13.1419,  
-15.2098

■ 70.2680, 10.2209,  
-11.6360

■ 75.8940, 7.4473,  
-8.6770

■ 80.9330, 4.9630,  
-5.2032

■ 86.5590, 2.1894,  
-2.2442

■ 92.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3170, 22.5217, -37.1120



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



49.8710, 15.8396, 6.2521

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



47.1090, -11.8857, 32.3534



37.6940, -2.8071, -33.0576

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



59.5740, -23.9470, 27.5606

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.9220, -15.2445, -10.4556



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



46.6380, -21.0205, 22.2425

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



47.3510, -2.1450, 34.7722



45.4960, -22.4295, 7.4580



40.7890, 6.5130, -35.7720



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



49.8790, 10.4127, 20.2771



45.4960, -22.4295, 7.4580



37.8040, -6.3124, -28.7691

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



98.6380, 9.0525, -10.2065



62.6340, -5.2426, -45.2830



47.4490, 5.6946, -6.5328



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



46.2100, 34.8995, -40.5262



20.4190, 34.7964, -7.3835



42.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



43.0640, 32.9994, -37.7671



93.3490, 70.8199, -81.8671



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.2520, 4.8058, 45.3830



41.3670, 7.2141, 66.3301



81.5810, -34.7964, 7.3835



42.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



38.8180, 6.4987, 62.4266



83.7450, 14.4227, 134.4046



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

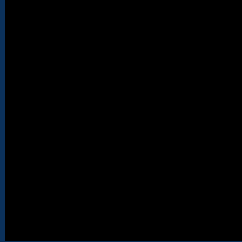
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.4260, 23.9470,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606

### Protanopia

46.6940, 20.8569, -16.3946

### Deuteranopia

39.3820, 23.9687, -34.5380



## Tritanopia

38.3100, 9.7072, -33.5979

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606

## Protanomaly

45.0140, 22.1781, -20.1833

## Deuteranomaly

40.6920, 23.8158, -32.1789

## Tritanomaly

39.7000, 14.9379, -31.3089

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606

## Achromatopsia

42.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

42.5240, 8.6157, -10.1065

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 49, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 49, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 49, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 49, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 49, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 49, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 49, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 49, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 49, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 49, 91)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 42.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 49, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 49,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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