

# Converting Colors

YUV(42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(42.8420, 50.3639,  
39.6036)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	580091
RGB	88, 0, 145
RGB Percent	35%, 0%, 57%
CMY	0.6549, 1.0000, 0.4314
CMYK	0.39, 1.00, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	276°, 100%, 28%
HSV	276°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	9.1353, 4.1190, 27.1016
YIQ	42.8420, 5.9030, 63.7510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

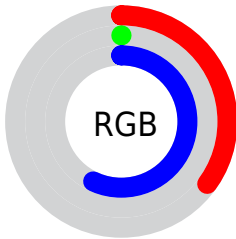
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	88, 0, 145
Decimal	5767313
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	24.06, 56.36, -56.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 79.969, 314.807
Yxy	4.1190, 0.2264, 0.1021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283957393 (0xFF580091)
YUV	42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036
Hunter-Lab	20.2954, 44.8291, -64.9665

# Details

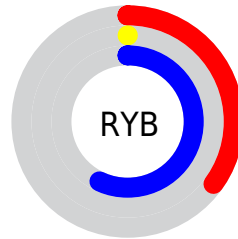
The YUV color **42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **102.1580, -50.3639, -39.6036**, and the grayscale version is **42.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104.0110, 47.3226, 35.0704**, and **19.5720, 36.2000, 9.1454** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.8540, 45.4280, 36.0850**.

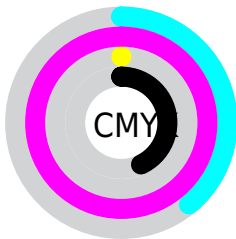
# Distribution



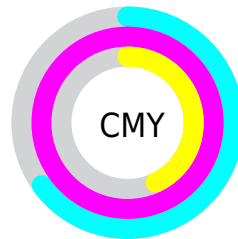
- Red (35%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.8420, 50.3639,  
39.6036

■ 42.8420, 50.3639,  
39.6036

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.5060, 43.1345,  
24.9892

■ 104.0110, 47.3226,  
35.0704

■ 19.5720, 36.2000,  
9.1454

■ 131.7230, 47.4646,  
36.1999

■ 7.8660, 30.1391,  
-6.8985

■ 158.7340, 47.4591,  
37.9443

■ 6.8910, 18.7877,  
-6.0434

■ 183.2540, 35.3708,  
41.8732

■ 3.3230, 10.1938,  
-2.9143

■ 206.8660, 23.7301,  
42.2135

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 223.3020, 15.6271,

27.7991

■ 240.3250, 7.2348,  
12.8700

■ 42.8420, 50.3639,  
39.6036

■ 52.8540, 45.4280,  
36.0850

■ 63.1540, 40.3501,  
31.4369

■ 73.7530, 35.1248,  
27.4036

■ 83.7650, 30.1889,  
23.8851

■ 94.3640, 24.9635,  
19.8518

■ 104.0770, 20.1750,  
15.7185

■ 114.6760, 14.9497,  
11.6851

■ 124.6880, 10.0138,  
8.1666

■ 134.9880, 4.9359,  
3.5185

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.3380, 60.9654, -47.6544



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



52.7180, 18.3800, 78.3003

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



53.6460, -26.4475, 36.2675



55.1170, 15.7183, -48.3376

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



102.1580, -50.3639, -39.6036

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.1200, -12.3842, -41.3242



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



50.1260, -24.7121, -7.1265

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



39.7670, -19.6051, 81.7653



42.2640, -20.8362, -37.0655



62.0880, 39.8896, -54.4512



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



51.2620, -0.1292, 88.3472



42.2640, -20.8362, -37.0655



52.7230, 6.5456, -46.2381

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



148.6640, 19.8856, 15.2037



50.5760, 46.5510, -44.3552



70.1550, 11.7556, 9.5111



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036



55.9310, 65.6030, 51.8035



58.2890, 35.8465, 76.0455



66.2930, 2.3206, 2.3740



39.9080, 46.8804, 36.9147



2.4070, 2.7573, 2.2741



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8530, 3.5235, 83.4439



64.9470, 4.4631, 108.7945



86.7110, -35.8465, -76.0455



66.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



46.4070, 3.2503, 77.6961



2.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

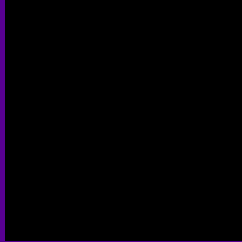
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.8420, 50.3639,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

48.0680, 36.9415, -42.1556

### Deuteranopia

48.4780, 28.3583, -42.5152

### Tritanopia

61.6420, -0.3165, 8.2070

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

46.2210, 41.7960, -12.4718

## Deuteranomaly

46.1410, 36.4125, -12.4017

## Tritanomaly

54.6430, 18.4170, 19.6071

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

42.6100, 18.4333, 14.3740

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 0, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 0, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 0, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 0, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 0, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 0, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 0, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 0, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 0, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 0, 145)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 42.8420, 50.3639, 39.6036 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 0, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 0,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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