

# Converting Colors

YUV(42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590)  
contains.

<b>YUV(42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(42.9430, 13.3391,  
14.9590)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C1D46
RGB	60, 29, 70
RGB Percent	24%, 11%, 27%
CMY	0.7647, 0.8863, 0.7255
CMYK	0.14, 0.59, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	285°, 41%, 19%
HSV	285°, 59%, 27%
XYZ	3.4083, 2.2816, 6.0551
YIQ	42.9430, 5.3150, 19.3230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

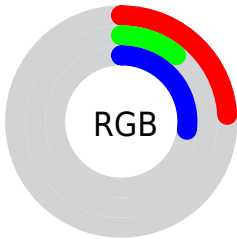
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	60, 29, 70
Decimal	3939654
CIELab	16.90, 23.07, -19.61
CIELCh	17, 30.280, 319.626
Yxy	2.2816, 0.2902, 0.1943
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282129734 (0xFF3C1D46)
YUV	42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590
Hunter-Lab	15.1049, 13.8439, -13.1941

# Details

The YUV color **42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **56.0570, -13.3391, -14.9590**, and the grayscale version is **43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.5950, 14.4967, 17.0182**, and **5.7690, 10.4669, 2.8336** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.2360, 15.6597, 17.3330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.6500, 11.0185, 12.5849**.

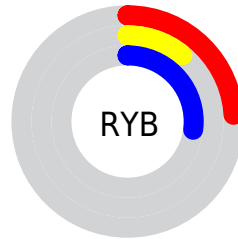
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (11%)

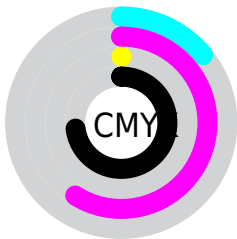
Blue (27%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (27%)

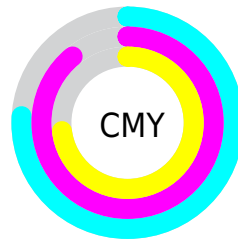


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9430, 13.3391,  
14.9590

■ 42.9430, 13.3391,  
14.9590

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 20.5300, 13.0497,  
14.4442

■ 89.5950, 14.4967,  
17.0182

■ 5.7690, 10.4669,  
2.8336

■ 114.0080, 14.7861,  
17.5330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 140.4210, 15.0754,  
18.0478

■ 166.8340, 15.3648,  
18.5626

■ 193.6600, 15.9436,  
19.5922

■ 222.0730, 16.2330,

20.1070

241.4990, 6.6560,  
11.8404

42.9430, 13.3391,  
14.9590

42.9430, 13.3391,  
14.9590

38.2360, 15.6597,  
17.3330

47.6500, 11.0185,  
12.5849

33.8280, 17.8328,  
20.3218

52.0580, 8.8454,  
9.5961

29.1210, 20.1533,  
22.6959

56.7650, 6.5249,  
7.2221

24.4140, 22.4739,  
25.0699

61.4720, 4.2043,  
4.8481

23.8270, 22.7633,  
25.5847

66.1790, 1.8838,  
2.4740

■ 70.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 75.2940, -2.6099,  
-2.8888

■ 80.0010, -4.9305,  
-5.2629

■ 84.4090, -7.1036,  
-8.2517

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5310, 21.4302, -13.6207



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



40.1640, 4.8491, 31.4282

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



39.9470, -19.6939, 16.7095



36.9080, 9.4124, -32.3683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



56.0570, -13.3391, -14.9590

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.6990, -0.3446, -29.5540



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



38.3750, -18.9189, 1.4251

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



39.4200, -16.9691, 29.4497



32.5940, -11.1388, -20.6919



37.7860, 17.8535, -33.1383



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



39.1770, -1.5663, 35.8018



32.5940, -11.1388, -20.6919



35.9960, 5.9180, -31.5685

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



80.8250, 5.5093, 6.2925



39.5440, 15.0148, -9.2471



39.2330, 3.3361, 3.3037



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590



49.6480, 20.8795, 23.1107



44.7930, 7.4971, 22.1065



33.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



33.7110, 32.1875, 36.2105



77.3060, 73.7991, 83.0466



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.3990, -1.6757, 24.2061



48.8460, -2.8821, 37.8461



54.2070, -7.4971, -22.1065



33.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



32.3370, -4.1101, 58.4635



74.1430, -9.4375, 134.0556



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

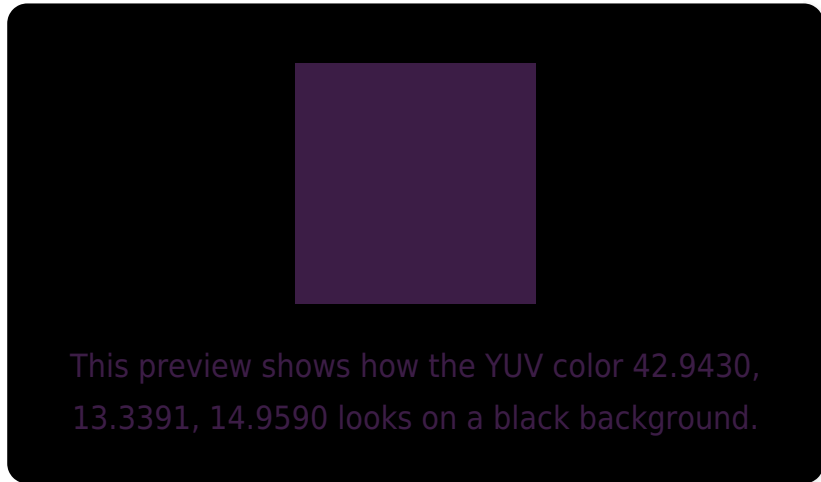
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

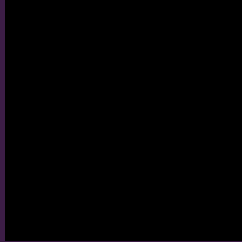
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 42.9430, 13.3391,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590

### Protanopia

39.0960, 21.1517, -17.6242

### Deuteranopia

40.6640, 12.9836, -11.1063



## Tritanopia

43.0230, -1.4903, 11.3808

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590

## Protanomaly

40.7770, 18.3509, -5.9434

## Deuteranomaly

41.4310, 13.0985, -1.2550

## Tritanomaly

42.8150, 4.0352, 12.4402

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590

## Achromatopsia

43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

42.9990, 4.9305, 5.2629

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 29, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 29, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 29, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 29, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 29, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 29, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 29, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 29, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 29, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 29, 70)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 42.9430, 13.3391, 14.9590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 29, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 29,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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