

Converting Colors

YUV(43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(43.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C2424
RGB	60, 36, 36
RGB Percent	24%, 14%, 14%
CMY	0.7647, 0.8588, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.40, 0.76
HSL	0°, 25%, 19%
HSV	0°, 40%, 24%
XYZ	2.8128, 2.3498, 1.9744
YIQ	43.1760, 14.3040, 5.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

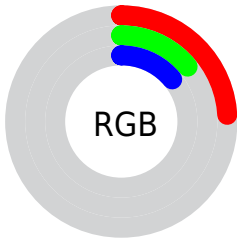
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 36, 36
Decimal	3941412
CIE _{Lab}	17.23, 11.45, 4.74
CIE _{LCh}	17, 12.388, 22.502
Yxy	2.3498, 0.3941, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282131492 (0xFF3C2424)
YUV	43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546
Hunter-Lab	15.3290, 5.9280, 3.0938

Details

The YUV color **43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **52.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546**, and the grayscale version is **43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.9590, -4.4168, 16.6990**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.9700, -4.4222, 18.4433**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660**.

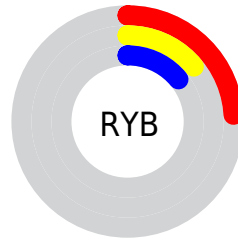
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (14%)

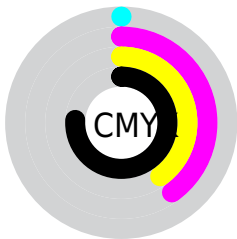
Blue (14%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (14%)

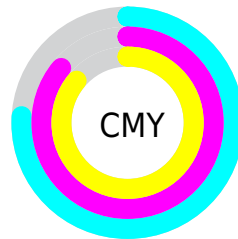


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

■ 43.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 22.4640, -3.6798,
13.6251

■ 88.9590, -4.4168,
16.6990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 113.5570, -4.7116,
17.9285

■ 138.9700, -4.4222,
18.4433

■ 165.5680, -4.7170,
19.6729

■ 192.7530, -5.3012,
20.3876

■ 220.7530, -5.3012,

20.3876

243.6700, -2.7953,
9.9364

43.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

43.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

38.9700, -4.4222,
18.4433

47.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

34.7640, -5.3067,
22.1320

51.5880, -1.7689,
7.3773

30.5580, -6.1911,
25.8206

55.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

26.3520, -7.0755,
29.5093

60.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

22.1460, -7.9600,
33.1980

64.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 17.9400, -8.8444,
36.8866

■ 68.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 72.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 76.8240, 3.5378,
-14.7546

■ 81.0300, 4.4222,
-18.4433

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.6040, 0.6882, 12.6253



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



42.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



39.8050, -4.3409, -7.7220



40.7410, 9.4947, -12.0509

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



52.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



38.4280, 0.7750, -15.2844

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



41.3500, -7.5675, 0.5701



37.0620, 5.8854, -21.1024



42.7530, 8.0098, -2.4144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



42.2910, -8.0315, 9.3918



37.0620, 5.8854, -21.1024



40.0180, 9.3581, -14.9248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



72.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



45.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552



36.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



52.3620, -5.6015, 23.3615



50.2200, -7.0105, 8.5771



28.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



28.1060, -13.8563, 57.7890



66.3780, -32.7244, 136.4805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546



67.6380, 5.6015, -23.3615



45.7800, 7.0105, -8.5771



30.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



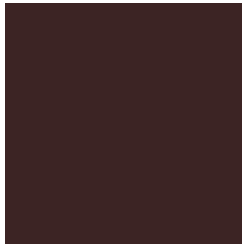
65.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



155.6220, 32.7244, -136.4805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

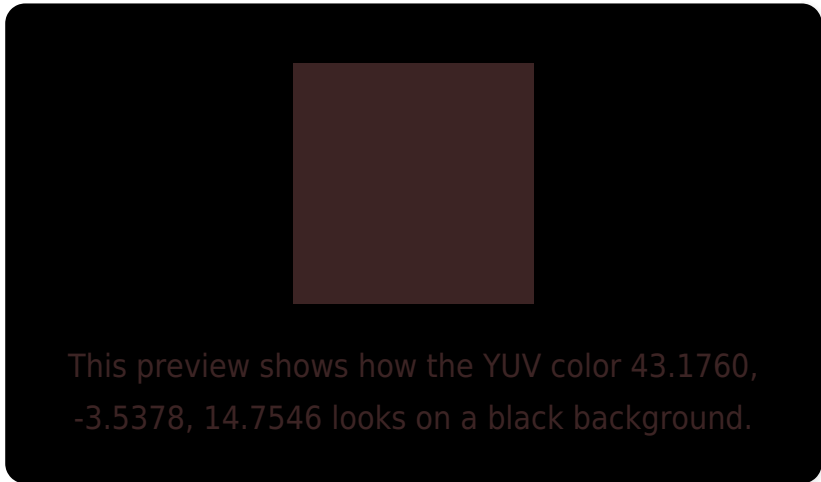
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

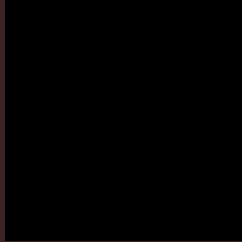
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546.

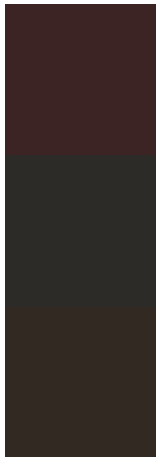


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.1760, -3.5378,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546

Protanopia

42.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147

Deuteranopia

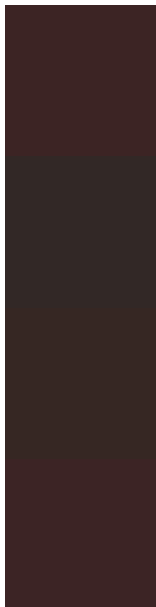
43.0070, -3.9475, 6.1329



Tritanopia

43.4040, -2.6642, 14.5547

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546

Protanomaly

42.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477

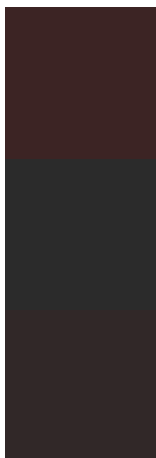
Deuteranomaly

43.0290, -3.9583, 9.6216

Tritanomaly

43.2900, -3.1010, 14.6547

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546

Achromatopsia

43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

42.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 36, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 36, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 36, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 36, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 36, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 36, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 36, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 36, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 36, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 36, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 43.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 36, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 36,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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