

# Converting Colors

YUV(43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980)  
contains.

<b>YUV(43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(43.2600, -7.5232,  
33.0980)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	511B1C
RGB	81, 27, 28
RGB Percent	32%, 11%, 11%
CMY	0.6824, 0.8941, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.65, 0.68
HSL	359°, 50%, 21%
HSV	359°, 67%, 32%
XYZ	3.9949, 2.6170, 1.3932
YIQ	43.2600, 31.8630, 11.7590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

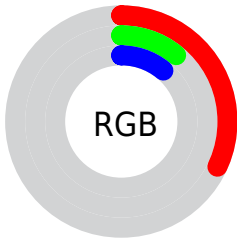
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	81, 27, 28
Decimal	5315356
CIELab	18.44, 25.40, 12.60
CIElCh	18, 28.350, 26.389
Yxy	2.6170, 0.4990, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283505436 (0xFF511B1C)
YUV	43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980
Hunter-Lab	16.1773, 15.7693, 6.2180

# Details

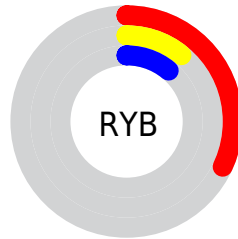
The YUV color **43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **64.7400, 7.5232, -33.0980**, and the grayscale version is **43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0110, -9.8654, 37.7014**, and **9.6820, -4.2802, 19.5729** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.6520, -8.7024, 38.0162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.8680, -6.3439, 28.1798**.

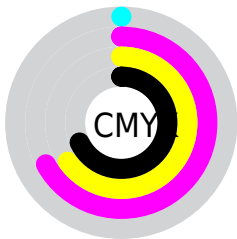
# Distribution



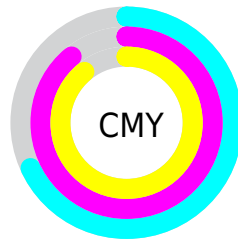
- Red (32%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.2600, -7.5232,  
33.0980

■ 43.2600, -7.5232,  
33.0980

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 19.3200, -8.5388,  
32.1684

■ 91.0110, -9.8654,  
37.7014

■ 9.6820, -4.2802,  
19.5729

■ 116.4950,  
-10.5970, 39.0309

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.3920,  
-11.0393, 40.8752

■ 169.1750,  
-11.9183, 42.8195

■ 196.7730,  
-12.2131, 44.0491

■ 218.6790, -9.7017,

31.8535

238.3070, -5.5744,  
14.6398

43.2600, -7.5232,  
33.0980

43.2600, -7.5232,  
33.0980

37.6520, -8.7024,  
38.0162

48.8680, -6.3439,  
28.1798

32.0440, -9.8817,  
42.9344

54.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615

26.4360, -11.0609,  
47.8526

60.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

24.3330, -11.5032,  
49.6970

65.6920, -2.8062,  
13.4251

71.8870, -1.9163,  
7.9921

■ 77.4950, -0.7370,  
3.0739

■ 83.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 88.7110, 1.6215,  
-6.7625

■ 94.3190, 2.8007,  
-11.6808

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.0670, 1.9390, 31.5132



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



43.3980, -16.9582, 25.9610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



35.5980, -7.1968, -25.0804



37.9800, 23.6739, -33.3085

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



64.7400, 7.5232, -33.0980

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.1170, 19.1693, -35.1826



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



36.4860, 2.7184, -31.9982

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



40.2390, -19.3448, -1.9636



38.8800, 11.8912, -34.0978



45.3750, 18.0561, -4.7139



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



42.9040, -21.1517, 17.6242



38.8800, 11.8912, -34.0978



39.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



90.2790, -3.0955, 12.9103



48.7040, 15.9219, 26.5696



44.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



46.2300, -11.9454, 51.5413



57.8210, -15.1948, 20.3280



38.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



31.6230, -14.6041, 64.3516



69.8240, -32.4512, 142.2284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



46.2300, -11.9454, 51.5413



50.1790, 15.1948, -20.3280



38.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



31.6230, -14.6041, 64.3516

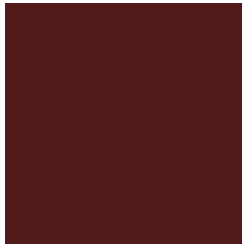


69.8240, -32.4512, 142.2284



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

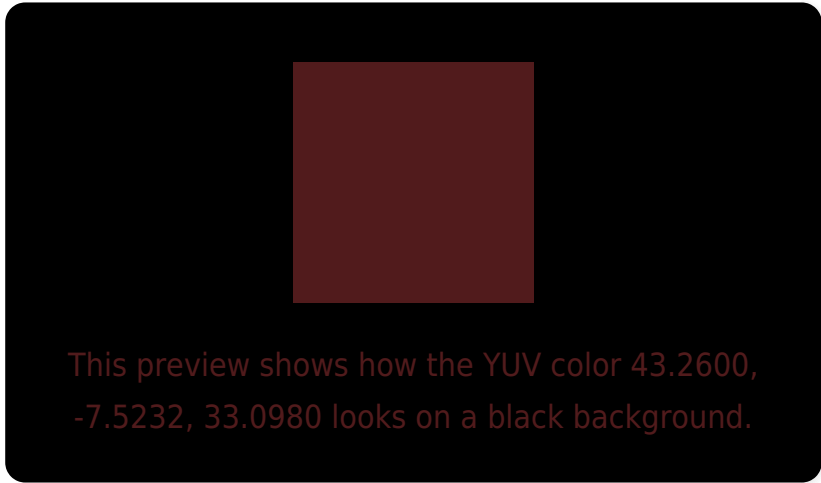
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

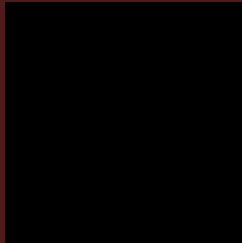
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.2600, -7.5232,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980

### Protanopia

45.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441

### Deuteranopia

45.7210, -10.2155, 9.8917



## Tritanopia

43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980

## Protanomaly

44.8940, -5.8637, 14.1250

## Deuteranomaly

45.0040, -9.3690, 18.4135

## Tritanomaly

43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980

## Achromatopsia

43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

43.0940, -2.5113, 12.1956

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 27, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 27, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 27, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 27, 28) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 27, 28) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 27, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 27, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 27, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 27, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 27, 28)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 43.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 27, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 27,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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