

# Converting Colors

YUV(43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(43.4180, 66.8419,  
27.6974)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4B01B3
RGB	75, 1, 179
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 70%
CMY	0.7059, 0.9961, 0.2980
CMYK	0.58, 0.99, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	265°, 99%, 35%
HSV	265°, 99%, 70%
XYZ	11.0492, 4.7722, 42.9866
YIQ	43.4180, -13.0340, 71.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

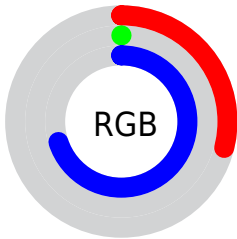
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	75, 1, 179
Decimal	4915635
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	26.08, 62.66, -74.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	26, 97.101, 310.191
Yxy	4.7722, 0.1879, 0.0811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283105715 (0xFF4B01B3)
YUV	43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974
Hunter-Lab	21.8455, 52.0538, -101.3767

# Details

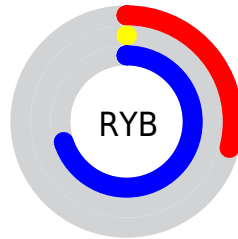
The YUV color **43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. A complement of this color would be **136.5820, -66.8419, -27.6974**, and the grayscale version is **43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.8970, 63.6478, 25.5233**, and **14.2500, 54.5998, -12.4972** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5320, 67.2787, 27.5974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.9740, 60.1588, 24.5788**.

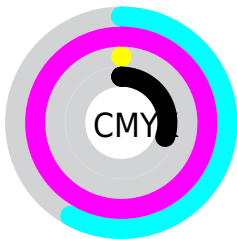
# Distribution



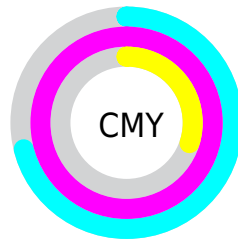
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.4180, 66.8419,  
27.6974

■ 43.4180, 66.8419,  
27.6974

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.8750, 60.2076,  
8.8796

■ 106.8970, 63.6478,  
25.5233

■ 14.2500, 54.5998,  
-12.4972

■ 133.8820, 59.7112,  
28.1675

■ 11.2860, 43.2430,  
-9.8978

■ 158.1140, 47.7648,  
33.2260

■ 12.5450, 30.2973,  
-11.0020

■ 183.8190, 35.0922,  
37.8697

■ 8.0480, 20.6823,  
-7.0581

■ 208.0400, 23.1513,  
41.1839

■ 4.3660, 11.6516,  
-3.8290


■ 225.0630, 14.7589,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


26.2547


0.0000


 242.0860, 6.3666,  
11.3256


 43.4180, 66.8419,  
27.6974


 43.4180, 66.8419,  
27.6974


 42.5320, 67.2787,  
27.5974

 56.9740, 60.1588,  
24.5788

 70.8290, 53.3283,  
22.0750

 84.3850, 46.6452,  
18.9564

 98.2400, 39.8147,  
16.4525

 111.7960, 33.1316,  
13.3339

■ 125.0640, 26.5904,  
11.3449

■ 138.6200, 19.9073,  
8.2263

■ 152.4750, 13.0768,  
5.7224

■ 166.0310, 6.3937,  
2.6038

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.0130, 73.9436, -57.0164



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



60.5370, 26.3573, 86.3521

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



54.6310, -26.9331, 52.0666



59.2260, 13.6926, -51.9412

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



136.5820, -66.8419, -27.6974

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.1340, -23.7301, -42.2135



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



55.1760, -27.2018, -1.9084

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



46.9430, -23.1429, 96.5200



46.3730, -22.8619, -40.6691



69.1950, 44.2739, -60.6840



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



60.0340, 2.4482, 101.7022



46.3730, -22.8619, -40.6691



56.2620, 2.3358, -49.3418

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



178.6510, 26.3011, 10.8301



84.1010, 46.7852, -72.8796



85.1700, 15.6922, 6.8669



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974



55.1520, 87.1861, 35.8237



69.1320, 54.1649, 80.5682



82.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593



36.5780, 57.3960, 24.0491



6.2530, 9.7353, 4.1631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.0780, 19.1885, 99.0326



84.8720, 25.2061, 129.0313



110.8680, -54.1649, -80.5682



83.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



55.8930, 16.3218, 85.1628

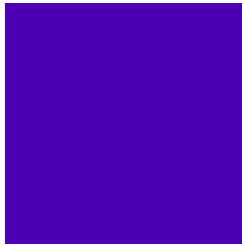


9.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

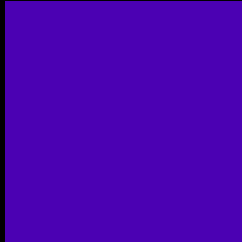
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

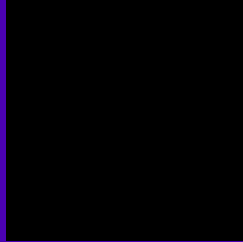
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974

### Protanopia

51.2140, 38.8415, -44.9147

### Deuteranopia

51.3960, 29.3848, -45.0743



## Tritanopia

59.2080, 7.7855, -23.8614

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974

## Protanomaly

48.4250, 49.0905, -18.7897

## Deuteranomaly

48.2310, 43.2701, -18.6196

## Tritanomaly

53.6490, 29.2600, -4.9542

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974

## Achromatopsia

43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

43.3690, 23.9751, 10.2004

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 1, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 1, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 1, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 1, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 1, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 1, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 1, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 1, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 1, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 1, 179)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 43.4180, 66.8419, 27.6974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 1, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 1,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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