

# Converting Colors

YUV(43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335)  
contains.

<b>YUV(43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(43.6300, 24.8324,  
15.2335)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D195E
RGB	61, 25, 94
RGB Percent	24%, 10%, 37%
CMY	0.7608, 0.9020, 0.6314
CMYK	0.35, 0.73, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	271°, 58%, 23%
HSV	271°, 73%, 37%
XYZ	4.2925, 2.4955, 10.8451
YIQ	43.6300, -0.6930, 29.0910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

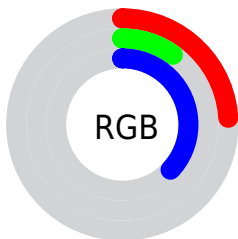
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	61, 25, 94
Decimal	4004190
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	17.90, 31.94, -34.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 46.845, 312.993
Yxy	2.4955, 0.2434, 0.1415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282194270 (0xFF3D195E)
YUV	43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335
Hunter-Lab	15.7972, 20.8577, -29.6458

# Details

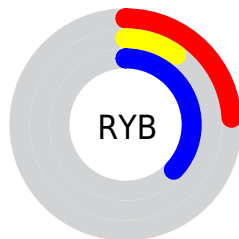
The YUV color **43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **75.3700, -24.8324, -15.2335**, and the grayscale version is **43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.6950, 26.2794, 17.8075**, and **9.8430, 18.3184, 4.5227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.1510, 28.0266, 17.4076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.1090, 21.6383, 13.0594**.

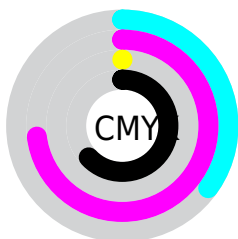
# Distribution



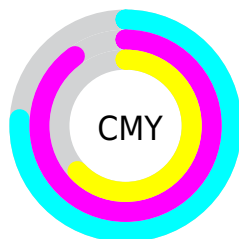
- Red (24%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



43.6300, 24.8324,  
15.2335

43.6300, 24.8324,  
15.2335

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

19.9180, 24.6904,  
14.1039

91.6950, 26.2794,  
17.8075

9.8430, 18.3184,  
4.5227

117.2220, 27.0056,  
18.2223

3.4370, 10.6306,  
-3.0142

143.0480, 27.5843,  
19.2519

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

169.9880, 28.5999,  
20.1815

197.2870, 28.4525,  
20.7963

222.3940, 16.0748,

24.2105

240.3250, 7.2348,  
12.8700

43.6300, 24.8324,  
15.2335

43.6300, 24.8324,  
15.2335

37.1510, 28.0266,  
17.4076

50.1090, 21.6383,  
13.0594

29.7860, 31.6575,  
19.4817

57.4740, 18.0073,  
10.9853

25.3670, 33.8361,  
20.7261

63.9530, 14.8132,  
8.8112

71.3180, 11.1822,  
6.7371

77.7970, 7.9881,  
4.5630

■ 84.5750, 4.6465,  
3.0037

■ 91.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 98.4190, -2.1786,  
-1.2445

■ 105.4850, -5.6621,  
-3.9333

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.4820, 35.7514, -33.7487



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



34.8040, 14.3936, 50.1609

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



41.7740, -20.5946, 25.6312



40.0710, 8.8390, -35.1423

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



75.3700, -24.8324, -15.2335

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.3800, -6.5963, -31.0283



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



40.1470, -19.7925, 1.6251

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



34.5520, -17.0341, 50.3819



31.1110, -15.3377, -27.2843



43.7190, 22.8165, -38.3416



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



34.6880, 3.6048, 57.2786



31.1110, -15.3377, -27.2843



38.7030, 3.5974, -33.9425

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



102.5630, 9.5824, 6.5222



52.2370, 20.5892, -23.8868



49.5150, 5.6621, 3.9333



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335



43.9420, 38.4826, 23.7299



53.3830, 19.5312, 35.6211



42.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



29.5830, 39.6456, 24.0447



64.0940, 85.2427, 52.5376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.3930, 4.2433, 39.1203



52.8070, 6.5041, 60.6823



65.6170, -19.5312, -35.6211



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



38.8180, 6.4987, 62.4266



83.7450, 14.4227, 134.4046



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

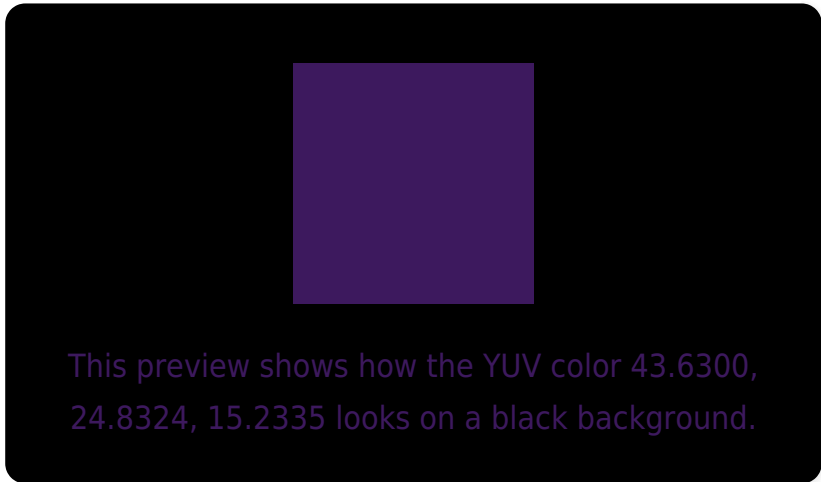
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

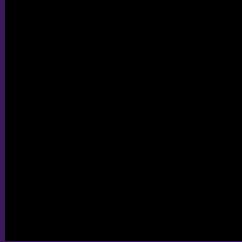
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 43.6300, 24.8324,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335

### Protanopia

35.6150, 27.3048, -31.2344

### Deuteranopia

36.1220, 21.6319, -31.6790



## Tritanopia

45.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335

## Protanomaly

38.1980, 26.5244, -14.2056

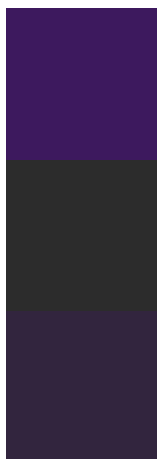
## Deuteranomaly

38.5740, 22.8880, -14.5354

## Tritanomaly

44.7590, 8.9928, 8.9814

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335

## Achromatopsia

44.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

43.7370, 9.0037, 5.4927

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 25, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(61, 25, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 25, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 25, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 25, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 25, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 25, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 25, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 25, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 25, 94)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 43.6300, 24.8324, 15.2335 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 25, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 25,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor