

# Converting Colors

YUV(44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(44.3370, 19.0609,  
-0.2955)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C2553
RGB	44, 37, 83
RGB Percent	17%, 15%, 33%
CMY	0.8275, 0.8549, 0.6745
CMYK	0.47, 0.55, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	249°, 38%, 24%
HSV	249°, 55%, 33%
XYZ	3.2616, 2.4831, 8.4910
YIQ	44.3370, -10.5940, 15.7900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

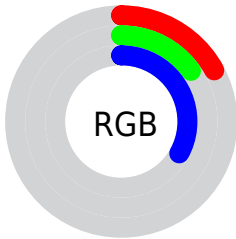
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	44, 37, 83
Decimal	2893139
CIELab	17.84, 16.61, -27.10
CIELCh	18, 31.783, 301.505
Yxy	2.4831, 0.2291, 0.1744
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281083219 (0xFF2C2553)
YUV	44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955
Hunter-Lab	15.7580, 9.3697, -20.9171

# Details

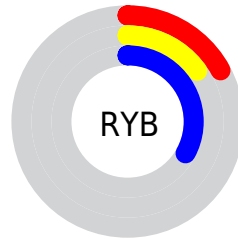
The YUV color **44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **75.6630, -19.0609, 0.2955**, and the grayscale version is **44.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.8040, 20.8026, 1.0489**, and **4.3320, 16.5983, -3.7992** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.5480, 22.4078, -0.4806**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1260, 15.7139, -0.1105**.

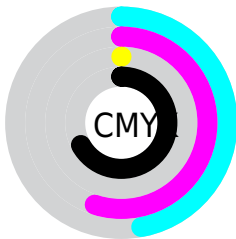
# Distribution



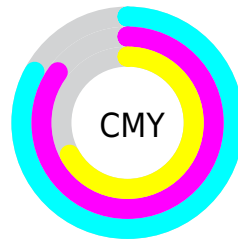
- Red (17%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.3370, 19.0609,  
-0.2955

■ 44.3370, 19.0609,  
-0.2955

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 22.7990, 18.3401,  
-2.4547

■ 90.8040, 20.8026,  
1.0489

■ 4.3320, 16.5983,  
-3.7992

■ 115.6300, 21.3814,  
2.0785

■ 2.1830, 5.8258,  
-1.9145

■ 141.1570, 22.1076,  
2.4933

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 167.6840, 22.8338,  
2.9081

■ 195.2110, 23.5600,  
3.3230

■ 221.3870, 16.5712,

4.9226

246.1950, 4.3409,  
7.7220

44.3370, 19.0609,  
-0.2955

44.3370, 19.0609,  
-0.2955

37.5480, 22.4078,  
-0.4806

51.1260, 15.7139,  
-0.1105

30.1720, 26.0442,  
-0.1508

58.5020, 12.0775,  
-0.4403

23.3830, 29.3912,  
-0.3359

65.2910, 8.7305,  
-0.2552

16.5940, 32.7382,  
-0.5209

72.0800, 5.3836,  
-0.0702

13.3490, 34.3379,  
-0.3061

78.8690, 2.0366,  
0.1149

■ 86.2450, -1.5998,  
-0.2149

■ 93.0340, -4.9468,  
-0.0298

■ 99.8230, -8.2937,  
0.1552

■ 107.1990,  
-11.9301, -0.1745

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.2620, 25.9998, -32.6788



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



44.3140, 10.6912, 24.2806

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



41.1870, -20.3052, 26.1460



36.7140, 3.5920, -32.1982

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



75.6630, -19.0609, 0.2955

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8040, -6.3124, -28.7691



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



41.3870, -20.4038, 11.0616

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



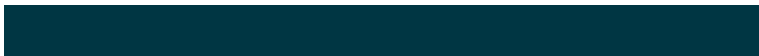
44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



41.0000, -9.8600, 35.9570



38.0320, -18.7498, -6.1671



39.3360, 13.6384, -34.4977



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



41.7730, 4.5489, 34.4021



38.0320, -18.7498, -6.1671



35.8020, 0.0976, -31.3984

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



91.9490, 7.4201, 0.0447



65.1370, 8.8065, -24.6761



44.5530, 4.6574, -0.4850



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955



46.4970, 29.8280, -0.4359



51.2140, 15.6705, 13.8443



37.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999



16.7540, 43.5053, -0.6613



36.9130, 96.1779, -1.6777



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.2000, 10.2544, 24.3806



63.4820, 16.0314, 38.1653



68.7860, -15.6705, -13.8443



38.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



41.5410, 23.3973, 55.6535



91.8260, 51.8508, 122.9326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

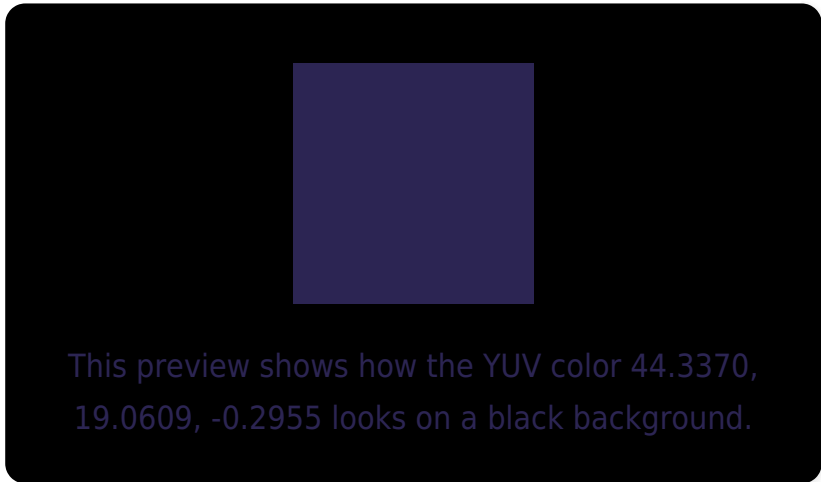
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

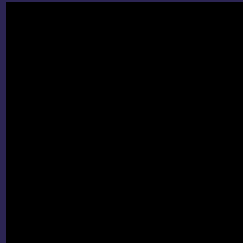
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 44.3370, 19.0609,

-0.2955.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955

### Protanopia

37.7900, 25.2465, -24.3718

### Deuteranopia

35.4210, 21.4844, -31.0642



**Tritanopia**

43.0530, 2.9319, -7.0625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955

## Protanomaly

39.9760, 23.1828, -15.7650

## Deuteranomaly

38.5580, 20.4309, -19.7834

## Tritanomaly

43.5570, 8.5994, -4.8735

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955

## Achromatopsia

44.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

43.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 37, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(44, 37, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 37, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 37, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 37, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 37, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 37, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 37, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 37, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 37, 83)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 44.3370, 19.0609, -0.2955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 37, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 37,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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