

# Converting Colors

YUV(44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(44.5010, 0.2460,  
14.4696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D242D
RGB	61, 36, 45
RGB Percent	24%, 14%, 18%
CMY	0.7608, 0.8588, 0.8235
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.26, 0.76
HSL	338°, 26%, 19%
HSV	338°, 41%, 24%
XYZ	3.0290, 2.4433, 2.7946
YIQ	44.5010, 12.0110, 8.0990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

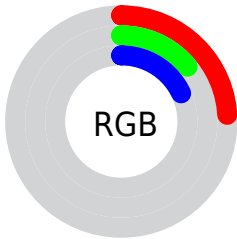
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	61, 36, 45
Decimal	4006957
CIELab	17.66, 13.43, -0.96
CIELCh	18, 13.469, 355.912
Yxy	2.4433, 0.3664, 0.2956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282197037 (0xFF3D242D)
YUV	44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696
Hunter-Lab	15.6311, 7.2353, 0.3417

# Details

The YUV color **44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **52.4990, -0.2460, -14.4696**, and the grayscale version is **44.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.5120, 0.2406, 16.2140**, and **2.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.4790, 0.2569, 10.9809**.

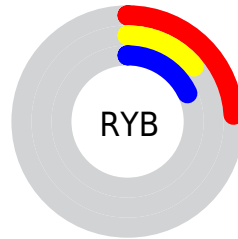
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (14%)

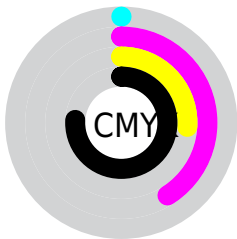
Blue (18%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (18%)

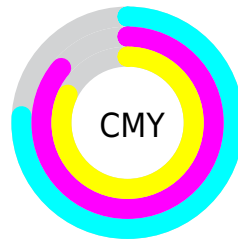


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.5010, 0.2460,  
14.4696

■ 44.5010, 0.2460,  
14.4696

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 23.7890, 0.1040,  
13.3400

■ 90.5120, 0.2406,  
16.2140

■ 2.6910, -1.3267,  
5.5330

■ 115.1100, -0.0542,  
17.4435

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 141.1100, -0.0542,  
17.4435

■ 167.4090, -0.2016,  
18.0583

■ 194.7080, -0.3490,  
18.6731

■ 222.4200, -0.2071,

19.8027

245.7390, 2.5937,  
8.1219

44.5010, 0.2460,  
14.4696

44.5010, 0.2460,  
14.4696

40.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

48.4790, 0.2569,  
10.9809

36.5450, 0.2243,  
21.4470

52.4570, 0.2677,  
7.4922

32.5670, 0.2135,  
24.9357

56.4350, 0.2785,  
4.0035

28.5890, 0.2026,  
28.4244

60.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

24.6110, 0.1918,  
31.9132

64.9780, 0.0108,  
-3.4887

■ 20.7470, 0.6177,  
35.3019

■ 68.8420, -0.4151,  
-6.8774

■ 72.8200, -0.4043,  
-10.3661

■ 76.7980, -0.3934,  
-13.8548

■ 80.7760, -0.3826,  
-17.3436

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



43.6600, -4.2694, 16.0842

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



41.6380, -7.7095, -0.5595



38.2020, 10.2534, -22.1022

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



52.4990, -0.2460, -14.4696

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.6810, 7.0593, -24.2762



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



40.2070, -4.0461, -8.9515

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



42.6390, -9.1890, 7.3326



38.3460, 1.8014, -17.8434



41.8550, 9.9315, -12.1508



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



43.6660, -6.7373, 14.3249



38.3460, 1.8014, -17.8434



37.6640, 9.5326, -24.2613

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



73.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



43.6340, 8.5614, 7.3370



37.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



53.2570, 0.3663, 22.5766



45.2360, -4.5533, 13.8250



29.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



31.9820, 0.9949, 54.3898



75.4980, 2.2195, 128.4823



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



53.2570, 0.3663, 22.5766



51.7640, 4.5533, -13.8250



29.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



31.9820, 0.9949, 54.3898

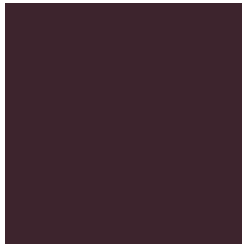


75.4980, 2.2195, 128.4823



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

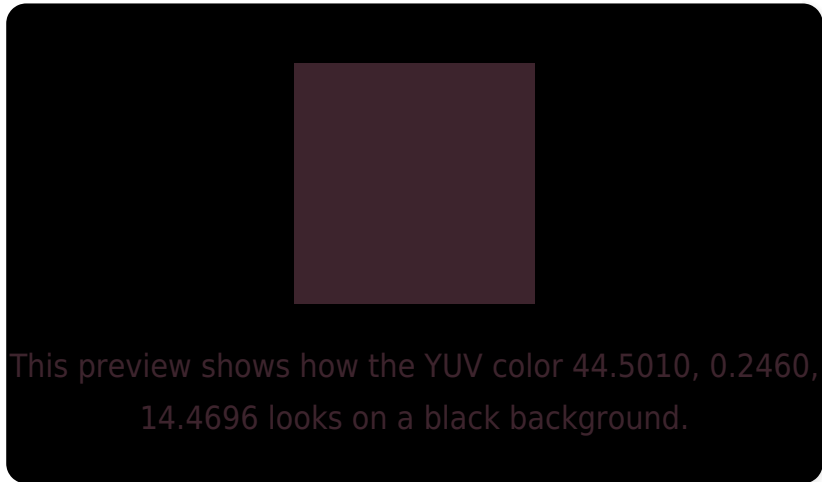
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

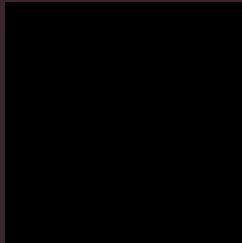
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 44.5010, 0.2460,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696

### Protanopia

43.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998

### Deuteranopia

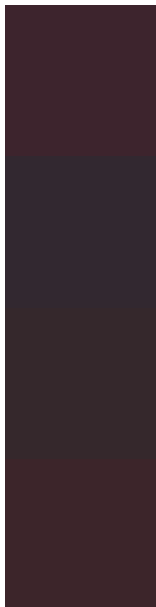
44.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



## Tritanopia

44.2190, -2.0800, 13.8399

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696

## Protanomaly

43.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479

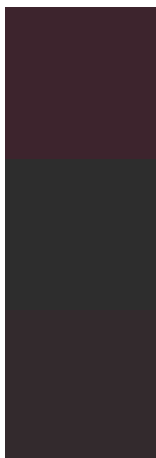
## Deuteranomaly

44.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922

## Tritanomaly

44.4470, -1.2064, 13.6400

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696

## Achromatopsia

45.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

45.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 36, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 36, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 36, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 36, 45) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 36, 45) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 36, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 36, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 36, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 36, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 36, 45)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 44.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 36, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 36,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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