

# Converting Colors

YUV(44.8250, 32.1313,  
-39.3115)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115)  
contains.

<b>YUV(44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**YUV(44.8250, 32.1313,  
-39.3115)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00376E
RGB	0, 55, 110
RGB Percent	0%, 22%, 43%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7843, 0.5686
CMYK	1.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	210°, 100%, 22%
HSV	210°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	4.1807, 3.8582, 15.2762
YIQ	44.8250, -50.4350, 5.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

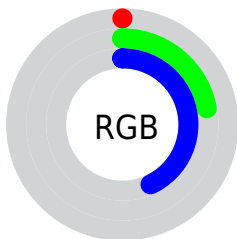
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 37, 110
Decimal	14190
CIELab	23.20, 7.55, -36.34
CIELCh	23, 37.118, 281.729
Yxy	3.8582, 0.1793, 0.1655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204270 (0xFF00376E)
YUV	44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115
Hunter-Lab	19.6422, 3.6182, -32.3617

# Details

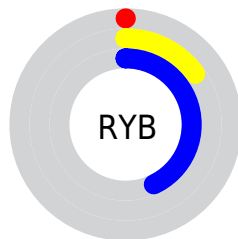
The YUV color **44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **65.1750, -32.1313, 39.3115**, and the grayscale version is **45.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.9840, 31.0669, -24.5420**, and **13.5250, 23.8982, -11.8614** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.6360, 28.7735, -35.6378**.

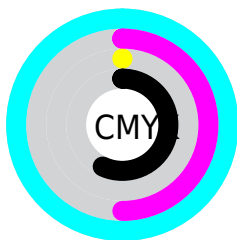
# Distribution



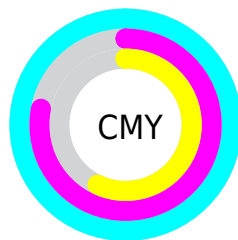
- Red (0%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.8250, 32.1313,  
-39.3115

■ 44.8250, 32.1313,  
-39.3115

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.6480, 27.2885,  
-26.0013

■ 98.9840, 31.0669,  
-24.5420

■ 13.5250, 23.8982,  
-11.8614

■ 124.8100, 31.6457,  
-23.5124

■ 6.2070, 16.1669,  
-5.4435

■ 151.3370, 32.3719,  
-23.0975

■ 2.5250, 7.1362,  
-2.2144

■ 178.2770, 33.3874,  
-22.1679

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.1110, 25.0883,  
-20.2683

■ 229.2180, 12.7105,

-16.8542

■ 250.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

■ 44.8250, 32.1313,  
-39.3115

■ 51.6360, 28.7735,  
-35.6378

■ 57.8600, 25.7050,  
-31.4492

■ 64.6710, 22.3472,  
-27.7755

■ 70.8950, 19.2788,  
-23.5869

■ 77.7060, 15.9209,  
-19.9132

■ 83.9300, 12.8525,  
-15.7246

■ 90.7410, 9.4947,  
-12.0509

■ 96.9650, 6.4263,  
-7.8623

■ 103.7760, 3.0684,  
-4.1886

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.2930, 28.9426, -43.2300



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



57.2290, 19.6071, 11.2002

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



52.0130, -16.2754, 40.3306



43.5470, -3.2277, -38.1907

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



65.1750, -32.1313, 39.3115

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.2540, -18.8592, -17.7628



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



52.6940, -25.9781, 25.7014

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



51.0150, -2.4724, 46.4678



51.1000, -25.1923, 6.9283



47.4400, 9.1501, -41.6049



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



55.3300, 13.1483, 29.5286



51.1000, -25.1923, 6.9283



41.8200, -7.3063, -36.6761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



117.2290, 12.7051, -15.1098



70.8400, -7.8091, -62.1267



56.4810, 7.1579, -9.1918



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115



57.9790, 41.9154, -50.8476



12.5400, 48.0478, -10.9976



52.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



48.9000, 35.0523, -42.8853



100.9460, 72.0046, -88.5296



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1600, 7.8091, 62.1267



50.8510, 9.9335, 80.8147



97.4600, -48.0478, 10.9976



52.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



42.7200, 8.5190, 67.7746



87.9890, 17.7534, 139.4526



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

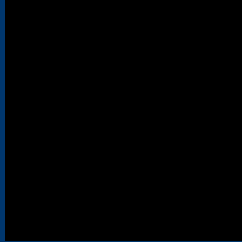
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 44.8250, 32.1313,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115

### Protanopia

51.0010, 28.5935, -24.5569

### Deuteranopia

44.8590, 27.1845, -39.3413

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115

## Protanomaly

48.6090, 29.7728, -29.4751

## Deuteranomaly

44.7280, 29.2211, -39.2265

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115

## Achromatopsia

45.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

45.3000, 11.6841, -14.2951

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 55, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 55, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 55, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 55, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 55, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 55, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 55, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 55, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 55, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 55, 110)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 44.8250, 32.1313, -39.3115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 55, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 55,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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