

Converting Colors

YUV(45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997)
contains.

YUV(45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(45.5960, 6.1152,
-1.3997)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C2C3A
RGB	44, 44, 58
RGB Percent	17%, 17%, 23%
CMY	0.8275, 0.8275, 0.7725
CMYK	0.24, 0.24, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	240°, 14%, 20%
HSV	240°, 24%, 23%
XYZ	2.7031, 2.6423, 4.3705
YIQ	45.5960, -4.4940, 4.3540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

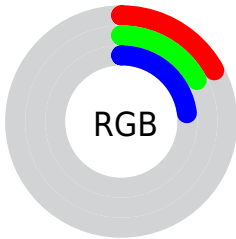
Format	Color
RYB	44, 44, 58
Decimal	2894906
CIELab	18.55, 3.70, -8.91
CIELCh	19, 9.645, 292.531
Yxy	2.6423, 0.2782, 0.2720
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281084986 (0xFF2C2C3A)
YUV	45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997
Hunter-Lab	16.2552, 1.2364, -4.5626

Details

The YUV color **45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **56.4040, -6.1152, 1.3997**, and the grayscale version is **46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849**, and **2.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.2800, 8.7360, -1.9996**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998**.

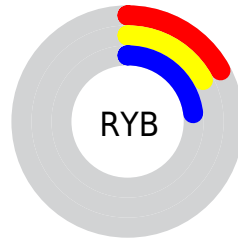
Distribution



 Red (17%)

 Green (17%)

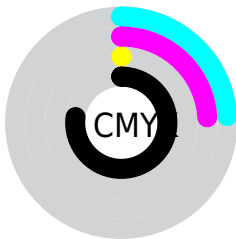
 Blue (23%)



 Red (17%)

 Yellow (17%)

 Blue (23%)

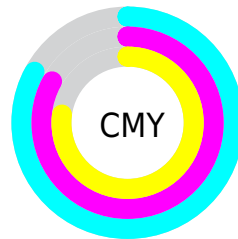


 Cyan (24%)

 Magenta (24%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (77%)



 Cyan (83%)

 Magenta (83%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.5960, 6.1152,
-1.3997

■ 45.5960, 6.1152,
-1.3997

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 25.0690, 5.3890,
-1.8145

■ 91.1230, 6.8414,
-0.9849

■ 2.2970, 6.2626,
-2.0145

■ 115.8240, 6.9888,
-1.5996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 141.2370, 7.2782,
-1.0848

■ 167.9380, 7.4256,
-1.6996

■ 195.3510, 7.7150,
-1.1848

■ 223.0520, 7.8624,

-1.7996

249.9830, 2.4734,
0.0149

45.5960, 6.1152,
-1.3997

45.5960, 6.1152,
-1.3997

40.2800, 8.7360,
-1.9996

50.9120, 3.4944,
-0.7998

34.9640, 11.3567,
-2.5994

56.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

30.5340, 13.5407,
-3.0993

60.6580, -1.3104,
0.2999

25.2180, 16.1615,
-3.6992

65.9740, -3.9312,
0.8998

19.9020, 18.7823,
-4.2991

71.2900, -6.5520,
1.4997

■ 14.5860, 21.4031,
-4.8989

■ 76.6060, -9.1728,
2.0995

■ 9.2700, 24.0239,
-5.4988

■ 81.9220, -11.7935,
2.6994

■ 6.6120, 25.3343,
-5.7987

■ 86.3520, -13.9775,
3.1993

■ 91.6680, -16.5983,
3.7992

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.8940, 7.4473, -8.6770



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



46.3580, 3.7675, 4.9480

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



45.5730, -5.7055, 10.0215



42.3360, 0.3274, -11.6957

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



56.4040, -6.1152, 1.3997

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



44.9100, -6.8576, 6.2179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



45.6810, -2.8007, 11.6808



44.1050, -5.9678, 0.7849



41.9380, 3.9746, -14.8546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



46.8100, 1.5727, 8.9366



44.1050, -5.9678, 0.7849



43.0050, -0.9885, -9.6514

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



71.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



53.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069



35.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



56.6220, 10.0464, -2.2995



47.6890, 5.0833, 2.9037



25.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



10.4880, 40.1854, -9.1980



24.9660, 95.6588, -21.8952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



63.4990, 6.6560, 11.8404



54.3110, -5.0833, -2.9037



26.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



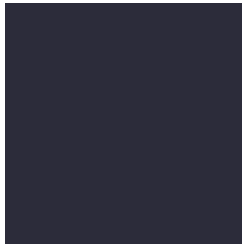
37.9960, 26.6240, 47.3615



90.4470, 63.3766, 112.7410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

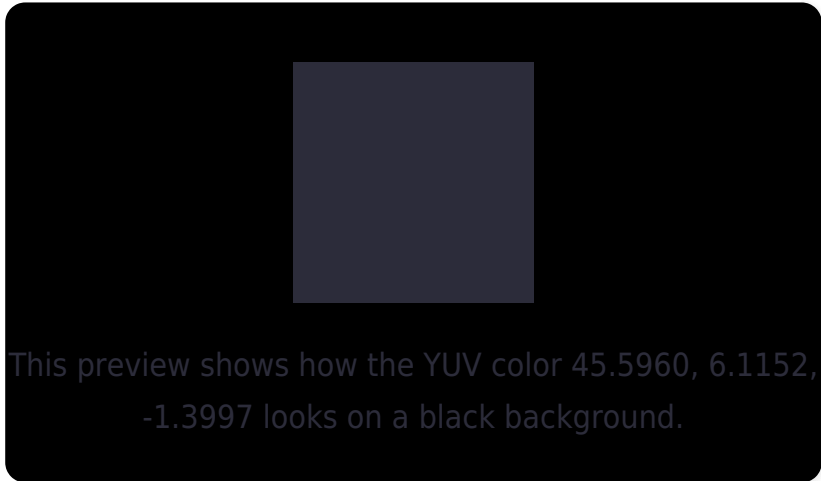
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

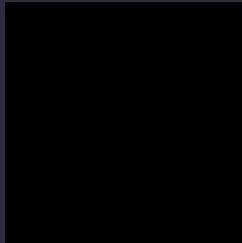
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

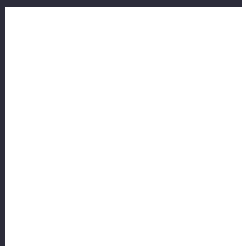
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997.

-1.3997.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

Protanopia

45.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440

Deuteranopia

45.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145



Tritanopia

45.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

Protanomaly

45.8840, 5.9732, -2.5293

Deuteranomaly

45.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145

Tritanomaly

45.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

Achromatopsia

46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

45.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 44, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 44, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 44, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 44, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 44, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 44, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 44, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 44, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 44, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 44, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 45.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 44, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 44,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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