

# Converting Colors

YUV(45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(45.9440, 41.9326,  
-9.5979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	232383
RGB	35, 35, 131
RGB Percent	14%, 14%, 51%
CMY	0.8627, 0.8627, 0.4863
CMYK	0.73, 0.73, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	240°, 58%, 33%
HSV	240°, 73%, 51%
XYZ	5.3909, 3.1981, 21.8059
YIQ	45.9440, -30.8160, 29.8560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

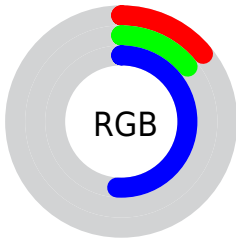
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	35, 35, 131
Decimal	2302851
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.82, 33.40, -53.53
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	21, 63.095, 301.962
Yxy	3.1981, 0.1774, 0.1052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280492931 (0xFF232383)
YUV	45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979
Hunter-Lab	17.8832, 22.5134, -59.7771

# Details

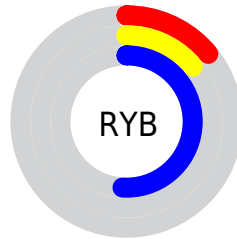
The YUV color **45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **120.0560, -41.9326, 9.5979**, and the grayscale version is **46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.0420, 43.3633, -1.7908**, and **9.1200, 34.9438, -7.9982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.4260, 47.6110, -10.8976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.4620, 36.2542, -8.2982**.

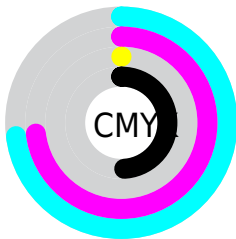
# Distribution



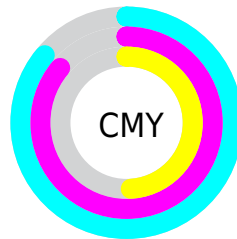
- Red (14%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.9440, 41.9326,  
-9.5979

■ 45.9440, 41.9326,  
-9.5979

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 20.1880, 41.8123,  
-17.7049

■ 97.0420, 43.3633,  
-1.7908

■ 9.1200, 34.9438,  
-7.9982

■ 122.6940, 44.5209,  
0.2684

■ 9.3190, 23.0137,  
-8.1728

■ 149.0470, 45.8258,  
1.7128

■ 5.0500, 14.2723,  
-4.4289

■ 175.0490, 39.4158,  
4.3420

■ 0.9120, 3.4944,  
-0.7998

■ 199.5690, 27.3275,  
8.2710

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 224.0890, 15.2391,

12.1999

246.1950, 4.3409,  
7.7220

45.9440, 41.9326,  
-9.5979

45.9440, 41.9326,  
-9.5979

34.4260, 47.6110,  
-10.8976

57.4620, 36.2542,  
-8.2982

22.9080, 53.2894,  
-12.1973

68.9800, 30.5759,  
-6.9985

14.9340, 57.2205,  
-13.0971

80.4980, 24.8975,  
-5.6987

92.0160, 19.2191,  
-4.3990

104.4200, 13.1039,  
-2.9993

■ 115.9380, 7.4256,  
-1.6996

■ 127.4560, 1.7472,  
-0.3999

■ 138.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

■ 150.4920, -9.6096,  
2.1995

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1030, 47.2772, -43.9403



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



41.9260, 26.1655, 54.4389

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



44.2540, -21.8172, 44.5042



44.6700, 3.6137, -39.1756

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



120.0560, -41.9326, 9.5979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.1550, -18.8104, -33.4619



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



47.2900, -23.3140, 11.1467

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



35.5810, -17.5414, 73.1585



35.2200, -17.3635, -30.8879



50.6150, 23.8538, -44.3894



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



43.5890, 10.5556, 67.8894



35.2200, -17.3635, -30.8879



42.8460, -3.3751, -37.5759

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



137.3320, 16.5983, -3.7992



102.2960, 14.1511, -59.0186



66.6220, 10.0464, -2.2995



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979



38.1000, 65.5197, -14.9967



60.2960, 34.8571, 19.9114



60.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



14.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



0.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.6480, 27.7815, 49.4207



82.9500, 43.4087, 77.2199



105.7040, -34.8571, -19.9114



62.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888



53.6900, 37.6208, 66.9239

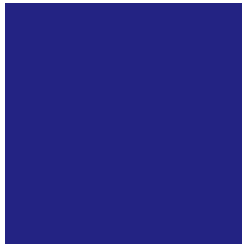


1.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

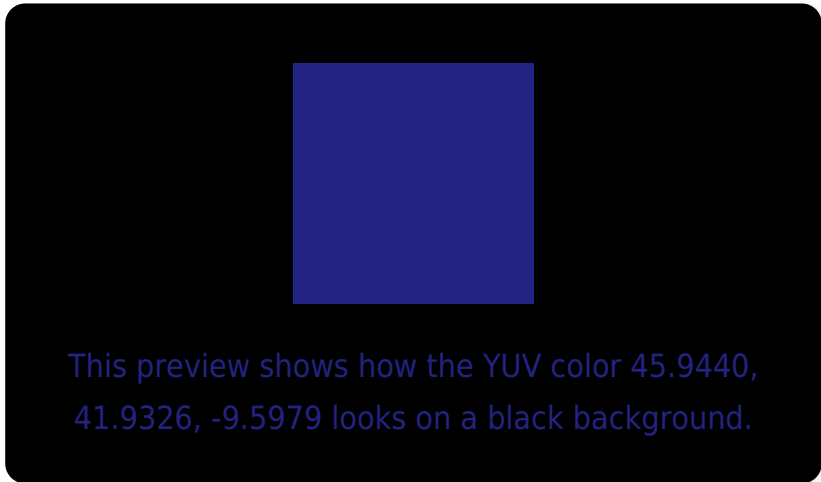
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

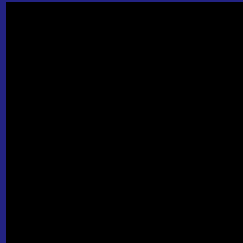
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979

### Protanopia

40.5050, 30.8100, -35.5229

### Deuteranopia

40.5560, 23.3899, -35.5676

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979

## Protanomaly

42.5970, 34.7087, -25.9566

## Deuteranomaly

42.7450, 30.1987, -26.0864

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979

## Achromatopsia

46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

45.9900, 15.2879, -3.4992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 35, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 35, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 35, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 35, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 35, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 35, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 35, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 35, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 35, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 35,  
131) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 45.9440, 41.9326, -9.5979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 35, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 35,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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