

# Converting Colors

YUV(46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(46.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43242F
RGB	67, 36, 47
RGB Percent	26%, 14%, 18%
CMY	0.7373, 0.8588, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.30, 0.74
HSL	339°, 30%, 20%
HSV	339°, 46%, 26%
XYZ	3.4587, 2.6603, 3.0205
YIQ	46.5230, 14.9450, 9.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

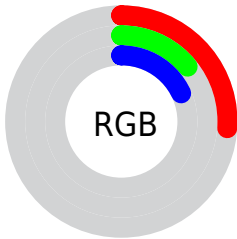
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	67, 36, 47
Decimal	4400175
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	18.63, 16.43, -0.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	19, 16.450, 357.075
Yxy	2.6603, 0.3784, 0.2911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282590255 (0xFF43242F)
YUV	46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583
Hunter-Lab	16.3104, 9.3088, 0.4373

# Details

The YUV color **46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **56.4770, -0.2352, -17.9583**, and the grayscale version is **47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.8330, 0.0823, 20.3175**, and **6.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9580, 0.5137, 21.9618**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.0880, -0.0434, 13.9548**.

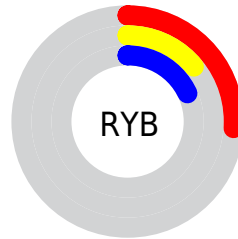
# Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (14%)

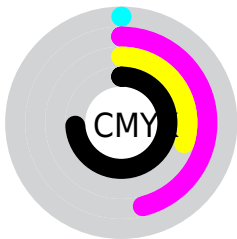
Blue (18%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (18%)

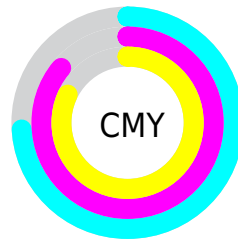


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

■ 46.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.9250, 0.5300,  
16.7288

■ 92.8330, 0.0823,  
20.3175

■ 6.8770, -3.3904,  
14.1399

■ 118.0180, -0.5019,  
21.0322

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 143.7300, -0.3599,  
22.1618

■ 170.0290, -0.5073,  
22.7766

■ 197.4420, -0.2179,  
23.2914

■ 225.7410, -0.3653,

23.9061

245.9670, 3.4673,  
7.9219

46.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

46.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

41.9580, 0.5137,  
21.9618

51.0880, -0.0434,  
13.9548

37.8660, 0.0661,  
25.5505

55.1800, 0.4043,  
10.3661

33.3010, 0.3446,  
29.5540

59.7450, 0.1257,  
6.3626

28.7360, 0.6232,  
33.5575

64.3100, -0.1528,  
2.3591

24.6440, 0.1755,  
37.1462

68.9890, 0.0054,  
-1.7444

■ 22.7690, 0.6069,  
38.7906

■ 72.9670, 0.0163,  
-5.2331

■ 77.5320, -0.2623,  
-9.2366

■ 82.2110, -0.1040,  
-13.3400

■ 86.1890, -0.0932,  
-16.8288

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5590, 5.6404, 10.9108



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



46.0410, -5.4432, 19.2580

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



43.4700, -9.5987, -1.2892



37.0590, 13.7749, -31.6237

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



56.4770, -0.2352, -17.9583

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3210, 9.7017, -31.8535



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



41.3700, -4.6194, -11.7255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



44.3680, -11.5204, 8.4473



38.5300, 2.6967, -25.0208



42.9300, 12.8525, -15.7246



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



45.5200, -8.6374, 17.0840



38.5300, 2.6967, -25.0208



37.0050, 12.3225, -32.4534

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



79.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774



45.5140, 10.5926, 9.1962



38.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



54.5890, 0.2026, 28.4244



47.6170, -5.7272, 16.9989



31.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



32.8790, 0.5527, 56.2341



76.0960, 1.9247, 129.7118



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583



54.5890, 0.2026, 28.4244



55.3830, 5.7272, -16.9989



31.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



32.8790, 0.5527, 56.2341



76.0960, 1.9247, 129.7118



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

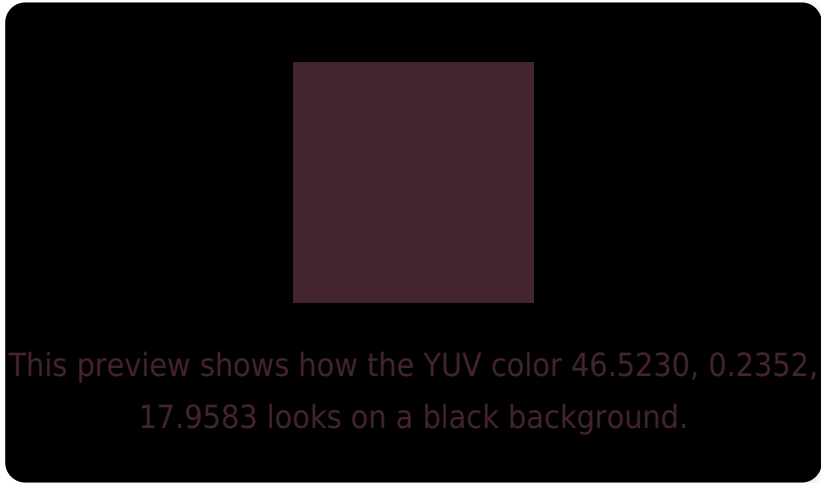
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 46.5230, 0.2352,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583

### Protanopia

46.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146

### Deuteranopia

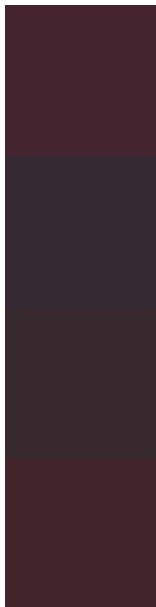
46.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



## Tritanopia

46.0130, -2.9644, 17.5286

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583

## Protanomaly

46.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627

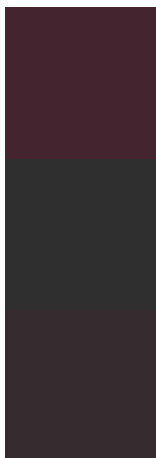
## Deuteranomaly

46.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218

## Tritanomaly

46.3550, -1.6540, 17.2287

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583

## Achromatopsia

47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

46.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 36, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 36, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 36, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 36, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 36, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 36, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 36, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 36, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 36, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 36, 47)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 46.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 36, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 36,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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