

# Converting Colors

YUV(46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932)  
contains.

<b>YUV(46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(46.5270, -19.4868,  
-3.0932)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B3807
RGB	43, 56, 7
RGB Percent	17%, 22%, 3%
CMY	0.8314, 0.7804, 0.9725
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.87, 0.78
HSL	76°, 78%, 12%
HSV	76°, 87%, 22%
XYZ	2.4488, 3.3573, 0.7200
YIQ	46.5270, 7.9810, -17.9950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

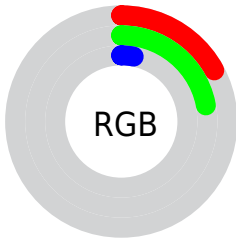
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	7, 56, 20
Decimal	2832391
CIELab	21.42, -13.62, 26.64
CIELCh	21, 29.918, 117.090
Yxy	3.3573, 0.3752, 0.5144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281022471 (0xFF2B3807)
YUV	46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932
Hunter-Lab	18.3229, -8.2092, 10.4963

# Details

The YUV color  $46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $333300$ . A complement of this color would be  $16.4730, 19.4868, 3.0932$ , and the grayscale version is  $47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93.4130, -19.9236, -2.9932$ , and  $5.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45.5440, -21.9602, -3.1081$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $47.5100, -17.0134, -3.0783$ .

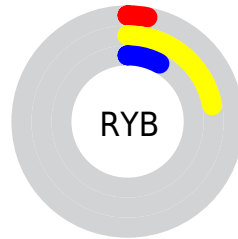
# Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (22%)

Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (8%)

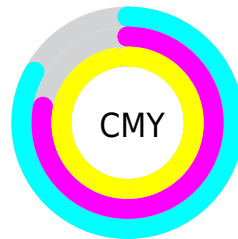


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (78%)


Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.5270, -19.4868,  
-3.0932


 46.5270, -19.4868,  
-3.0932

 252.7200, -8.7360,  
1.9996


 26.5360, -13.0822,  
-3.9781


 93.4130, -19.9236,  
-2.9932


 5.8700, -2.8939,  
-5.1480

 118.1850,  
-20.7972, -2.7932

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 143.9570,  
-21.6708, -2.5933


 170.8430,  
-22.1076, -2.4933


 198.0280,  
-22.6918, -1.7786


 226.5010,


-23.4180, -2.1934


 248.9300,  
-20.6715, 3.5694


 46.5270, -19.4868,  
-3.0932


 46.5270, -19.4868,  
-3.0932


 45.5440, -21.9602,  
-3.1081


 47.5100, -17.0134,  
-3.0783

 45.1310, -22.2496,  
-3.6229

 48.6780, -15.1243,  
-2.3486

 49.6610, -12.6509,  
-2.3337

 50.8290, -10.7617,  
-1.6040

 51.8120, -8.2883,  
-1.5891

■ 53.0940, -5.9623,  
-0.9594

■ 53.9630, -3.9258,  
-0.8446

■ 55.2450, -1.5998,  
-0.2149

■ 56.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8990, -23.6142, 14.1206



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



41.1740, -7.4808, -27.3396

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



45.2520, 21.0748, -39.6860



50.3770, 1.7861, 33.8724

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



16.4730, 19.4868, 3.0932

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.1070, 11.2862, 20.0772



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



43.2290, 26.0161, -37.9118

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



44.4880, 13.0704, -39.0160



51.4290, 19.5085, -3.8842



49.4560, -8.1128, 35.5571



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



40.4810, 0.2559, -35.5018



51.4290, 19.5085, -3.8842



51.5660, 5.1440, 30.1986

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



70.3390, -7.5621, -1.1743



28.6950, -10.6956, 23.9465



35.7350, -4.7994, -0.6446



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



59.5840, -29.3749, -4.8972



39.3510, -15.9490, -17.8478



27.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



74.0370, -36.5002, -6.1714



176.6920, -87.1092, -13.7619



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4730, 19.4868, 3.0932



14.4160, 29.3749, 4.8972



23.6490, 15.9490, 17.8478



25.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



17.6640, 36.6476, 5.5567

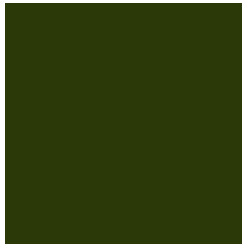


42.3080, 87.1092, 13.7619



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

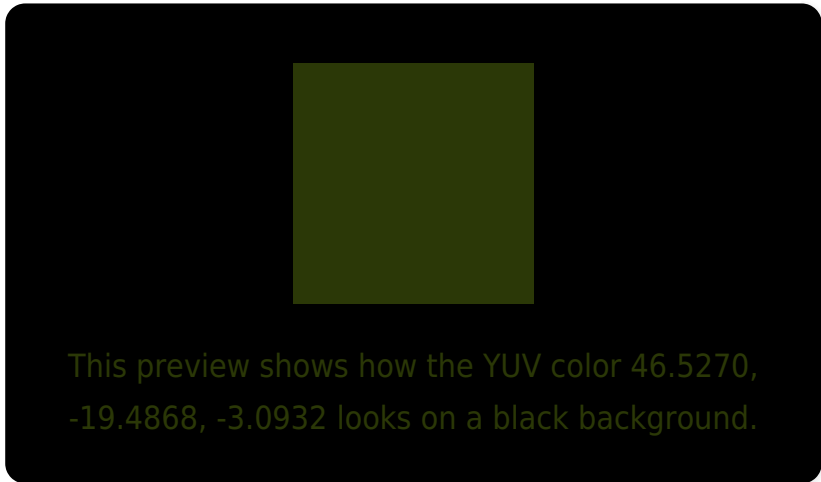
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

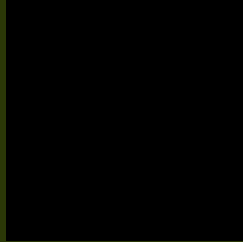
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 46.5270, -19.4868,

-3.0932.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932

### Protanopia

48.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876

### Deuteranopia

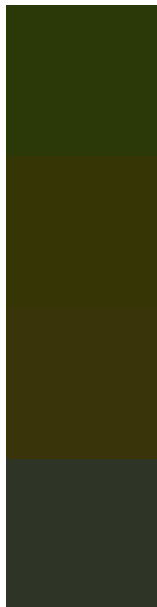
49.5660, -18.5200, 13.5356



## Tritanopia

51.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932

## Protanomaly

47.6420, -20.5295, 4.6990

## Deuteranomaly

48.7070, -19.0826, 7.2730

## Tritanomaly

49.1970, -5.5201, -2.8038

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932

## Achromatopsia

47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

46.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 56, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 56, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 56, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 56, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 56, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 56, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 56, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 56, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 56, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 56, 7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 46.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 56, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 56,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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