

# Converting Colors

YUV(47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437)  
contains.

<b>YUV(47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(47.0220, 3.4402,  
16.6437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	422436
RGB	66, 36, 54
RGB Percent	26%, 14%, 21%
CMY	0.7412, 0.8588, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.18, 0.74
HSL	324°, 29%, 20%
HSV	324°, 45%, 26%
XYZ	3.5435, 2.6863, 3.8218
YIQ	47.0220, 12.1020, 11.9580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

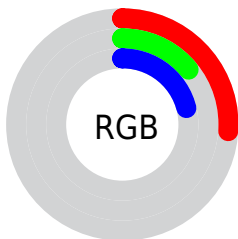
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	66, 36, 54
Decimal	4334646
CIE Lab	18.74, 17.29, -5.58
CIE LCh	19, 18.166, 342.095
Yxy	2.6863, 0.3525, 0.2673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282524726 (0xFF422436)
YUV	47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437
Hunter-Lab	16.3901, 9.9087, -2.3520

# Details

The YUV color **47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **54.9780, -3.4402, -16.6437**, and the grayscale version is **47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4460, 3.7241, 18.9029**, and **7.6040, 0.6882, 12.6253** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5710, 4.1555, 20.5472**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402**.

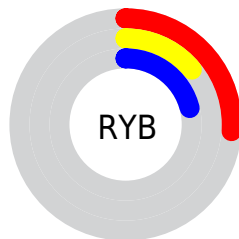
# Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (14%)

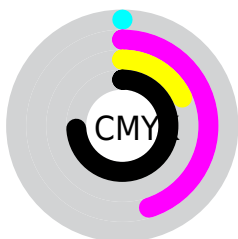
Blue (21%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (21%)

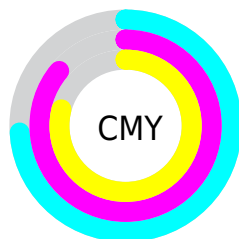


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.0220, 3.4402,  
16.6437

■ 47.0220, 3.4402,  
16.6437

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.4240, 3.7350,  
15.4142

■ 93.4460, 3.7241,  
18.9029

■ 7.6040, 0.6882,  
12.6253

■ 118.7450, 3.5767,  
19.5176

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 144.0440, 3.4293,  
20.1324

■ 170.7560, 3.5713,  
21.2620

■ 198.1690, 3.8607,  
21.7768

■ 226.1690, 3.8607,

21.7768

246.1950, 4.3409,  
7.7220

47.0220, 3.4402,  
16.6437

47.0220, 3.4402,  
16.6437

42.5710, 4.1555,  
20.5472

51.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402

38.8210, 5.0182,  
23.8360

55.2230, 1.8621,  
9.4514

34.3700, 5.7336,  
27.7395

59.6740, 1.1467,  
5.5479

30.5060, 6.1595,  
31.1282

63.5380, 0.7208,  
2.1592

26.1690, 7.3117,  
34.9318

67.8750, -0.4314,  
-1.6444

■ 24.2940, 7.7431,  
36.5762

■ 72.3260, -1.1467,  
-5.5479

■ 76.0760, -2.0095,  
-8.8367

■ 80.5270, -2.7248,  
-12.7402

■ 84.3910, -3.1508,  
-16.1289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.0360, 8.8563, 6.1074



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



46.4480, -2.6859, 21.5321

# Triad

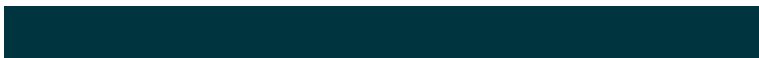
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



44.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



37.7060, 12.4699, -33.0682

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



54.9780, -3.4402, -16.6437

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3380, 7.2284, -31.8684



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



42.3660, -8.5614, -7.3370

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



44.8740, -12.2629, 13.2655



39.5260, -1.2453, -20.6323



37.9390, 15.8061, -29.7645



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



45.7100, -6.7590, 21.3023



39.5260, -1.2453, -20.6323



37.2500, 10.7227, -32.6683

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



79.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



43.0080, 11.3351, 4.3780



38.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



56.6580, 5.5916, 26.6099



45.3120, -3.1118, 18.1434



31.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



35.6150, 11.0358, 53.8346



82.3660, 25.9486, 124.2130



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437



56.6580, 5.5916, 26.6099



56.6880, 3.1118, -18.1434



31.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



35.6150, 11.0358, 53.8346

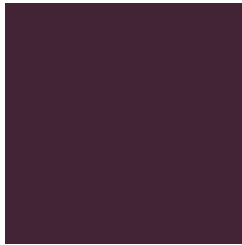


82.3660, 25.9486, 124.2130



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

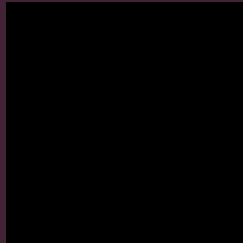
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437

### Protanopia

46.5140, 7.1416, -3.9588

### Deuteranopia

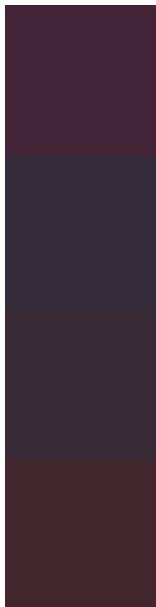
46.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445



## Tritanopia

47.0020, -2.9590, 15.7842

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437

## Protanomaly

46.5150, 5.6621, 3.9333

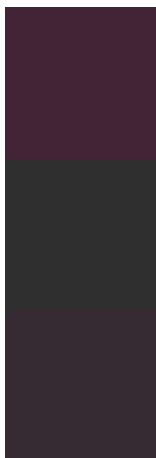
## Deuteranomaly

47.1410, 2.8885, 6.8923

## Tritanomaly

46.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437

## Achromatopsia

47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

47.0870, 1.4361, 6.0627

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 36, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 36, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 36, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 36, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 36, 54) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 36, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 36, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 36, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 36, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 36, 54)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 47.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 36, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 36,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor