

# Converting Colors

YUV(47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(47.3550, 68.8450,  
-8.2043)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2619BB
RGB	38, 25, 187
RGB Percent	15%, 10%, 73%
CMY	0.8510, 0.9020, 0.2667
CMYK	0.80, 0.87, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	245°, 76%, 42%
HSV	245°, 87%, 73%
XYZ	10.1166, 4.6952, 47.3868
YIQ	47.3550, -44.2540, 53.1380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

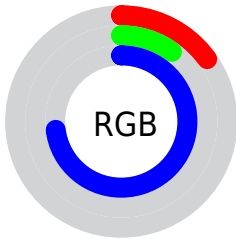
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	38, 25, 187
Decimal	2496955
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.85, 56.58, -79.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	26, 97.505, 305.468
Yxy	4.6952, 0.1627, 0.0755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280687035 (0xFF2619BB)
YUV	47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043
Hunter-Lab	21.6684, 45.4190, -114.4939

# Details

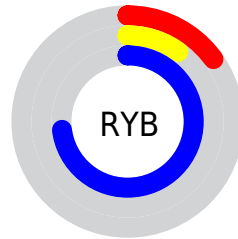
The YUV color **47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. A complement of this color would be **164.6450, -68.8450, 8.2043**, and the grayscale version is **47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.0300, 68.5122, 5.2357**, and **15.0480, 57.6573, -13.1971** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.1190, 76.8493, -8.8744**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.5910, 60.8406, -7.5343**.

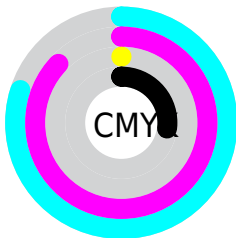
# Distribution



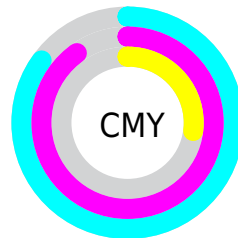
- Red (15%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.3550, 68.8450,  
-8.2043

■ 47.3550, 68.8450,  
-8.2043

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 18.1260, 69.4509,  
-15.8965

■ 106.0300, 68.5122,  
5.2357

■ 15.0480, 57.6573,  
-13.1971

■ 131.1140, 61.0758,  
10.4240

■ 12.0840, 46.3006,  
-10.5977

■ 156.2320, 48.6926,  
15.5825

■ 14.9900, 32.0499,  
-13.1462

■ 180.7630, 36.5988,  
21.2558

■ 9.3190, 23.0137,  
-8.1728

■ 206.1690, 24.0737,  
25.2848


■ 5.0500, 14.2723,  
-4.4289

■ 228.5850, 13.0226,


■ 0.9120, 3.4944,


23.1660


-0.7998


 245.6080, 4.6303,  
8.2368


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 47.3550, 68.8450,  
-8.2043


 47.3550, 68.8450,  
-8.2043


 31.1190, 76.8493,  
-8.8744

 63.5910, 60.8406,  
-7.5343

 25.8030, 79.4701,  
-9.4742

 79.2400, 53.1257,  
-6.3495

 95.7750, 44.9739,  
-5.0647

 112.0110, 36.9696,  
-4.3946

 127.6600, 29.2546,  
-3.2098

■ 143.8960, 21.2503,  
-2.5398

■ 160.1320, 13.2459,  
-1.8698

■ 176.6670, 5.0942,  
-0.5850

■ 192.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.0020, 73.9490, -58.7608



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



59.3990, 32.3413, 80.3341

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



49.9790, -24.6396, 63.1624



57.7440, 8.0142, -50.6415

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



164.6450, -68.8450, 8.2043

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5470, -23.4407, -41.6987



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



56.7040, -27.9551, 6.3986

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



48.4380, -23.8799, 99.5939



45.1990, -22.2831, -39.6395



67.3540, 39.7585, -59.0695



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



60.3910, 7.6952, 98.7581



45.1990, -22.2831, -39.6395



54.1930, -3.0531, -47.5273

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



187.6770, 26.7812, -3.2247



132.1050, 27.0632, -93.9311



89.5280, 16.0087, -1.3401



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043



33.2690, 102.9044, -12.5139



70.9760, 57.1998, 40.3630



86.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850



21.8990, 67.0978, -7.8044



4.1320, 13.2459, -1.8698



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.4240, 41.2030, 84.6972



97.7800, 61.7335, 126.4809



141.0240, -57.1998, -40.3630



88.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



63.7720, 40.0454, 82.6380

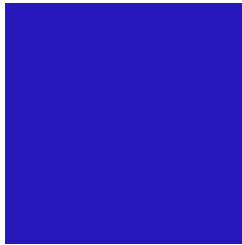


12.4610, 7.6607, 16.2587



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

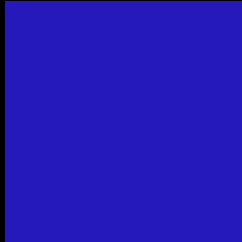
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

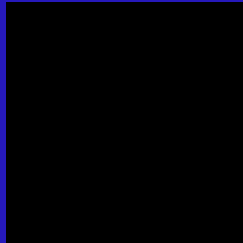
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043

### Protanopia

49.4700, 37.2363, -43.3852

### Deuteranopia

49.6520, 27.7796, -43.5448



## Tritanopia

48.7110, 11.4815, -42.7195

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043

## Protanomaly

48.6470, 48.9810, -30.3854

## Deuteranomaly

48.9260, 42.4345, -30.6301

## Tritanomaly

48.2930, 32.3936, -30.0750

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043

## Achromatopsia

47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

47.2210, 25.0340, -2.8248

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 25, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 25, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 25, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 25, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 25, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 25, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 25, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 25, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 25, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 25,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 47.3550, 68.8450, -8.2043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 25, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 25,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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