

Converting Colors

YUV(47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(47.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F3B1F
RGB	31, 59, 31
RGB Percent	12%, 23%, 12%
CMY	0.8784, 0.7686, 0.8784
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.47, 0.77
HSL	120°, 31%, 18%
HSV	120°, 47%, 23%
XYZ	2.3764, 3.5182, 1.8501
YIQ	47.4360, -7.7000, -14.6440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

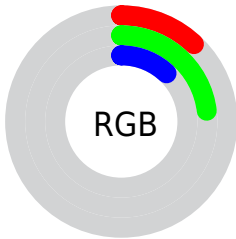
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 59, 59
Decimal	2046751
CIE Lab	22.01, -17.63, 14.12
CIE LCh	22, 22.586, 141.317
Yxy	3.5182, 0.3068, 0.4543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280236831 (0xFF1F3B1F)
YUV	47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144
Hunter-Lab	18.7568, -10.2096, 7.2814

Details

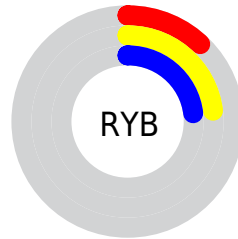
The YUV color **47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **42.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3820, -9.5553, -15.2440**, and **7.6310, -3.7621, -6.6924** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256**.

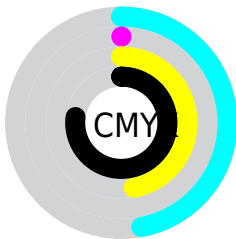
Distribution



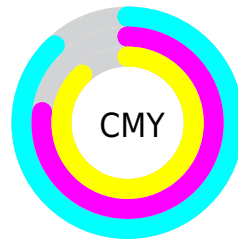
- Red (12%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144

■ 47.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 25.6210, -8.6872,
-13.6996

■ 94.3820, -9.5553,
-15.2440

■ 7.6310, -3.7621,
-6.6924

■ 118.9690, -9.8447,
-15.7588

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.8550,
-10.2815, -15.6588

■ 171.4420,
-10.5709, -16.1736

■ 199.0290,
-10.8603, -16.6884

■ 226.9150,

-11.2971, -16.5885

■ 246.8110, -6.8088,
-9.4812

■ 47.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144

■ 47.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144

■ 44.9580, -9.8393,
-17.5032

■ 49.9140, -6.3666,
-11.3256

■ 42.4800, -11.5756,
-20.5920

■ 52.3920, -4.6303,
-8.2368

■ 40.0020, -13.3120,
-23.6808

■ 54.8700, -2.8939,
-5.1480

■ 37.5240, -15.0483,
-26.7695

■ 57.3480, -1.1576,
-2.0592

■ 35.0460, -16.7847,
-29.8583

■ 59.4130, 0.2894,
0.5148

■ 34.6330, -17.0741,
-30.3731

■ 61.8910, 2.0257,
3.6036

■ 64.3690, 3.7621,
6.6924

■ 66.8470, 5.4984,
9.7812

■ 69.3250, 7.2348,
12.8700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8140, -14.6983, 1.0401



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



41.1650, 2.8767, -36.1017

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



44.1710, 20.6217, -34.3530



52.6830, -5.7597, 27.4650

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



42.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.7240, 2.1081, 23.9211



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



52.6800, 15.4408, -5.8584

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



44.1120, 16.7068, -38.6862



54.8950, 9.4188, 12.3701



52.5270, -12.5848, 23.2168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



42.5330, 8.1182, -37.3014



54.8950, 9.4188, 12.3701



53.3670, -3.1389, 26.8651

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



72.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628



55.8080, -12.2303, 2.7994



35.5220, -1.7363, -3.0888



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144



58.8280, -12.7332, -22.6512



49.0320, -1.9878, -15.8141



29.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



55.1780, -27.2028, -48.3911



130.3140, -64.2448, -114.2854

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144



51.1720, 12.7332, 22.6512



40.9680, 1.9878, 15.8141



29.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



38.8220, 27.2028, 48.3911



91.6860, 64.2448, 114.2854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

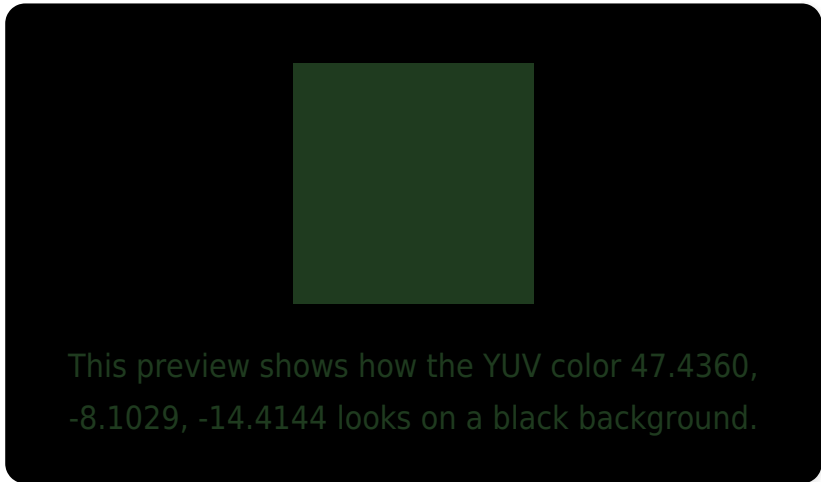
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

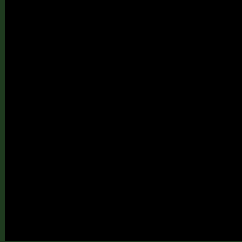
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144.

-14.4144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144

Protanopia

51.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734

Deuteranopia

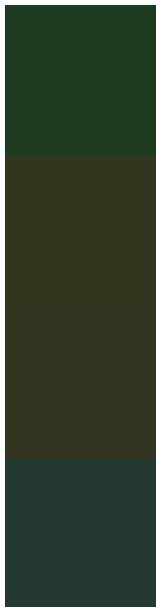
52.2480, -9.4893, 10.3065



Tritanopia

50.7750, 4.5479, -12.0807

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144

Protanomaly

50.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040

Deuteranomaly

50.3070, -9.0254, 1.4848

Tritanomaly

49.5100, -0.2514, -12.7253

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144

Achromatopsia

47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

46.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 59, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 59, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 59, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 59, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 59, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 59, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 59, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 59, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 59, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 59, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 47.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 59, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 59,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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