

# Converting Colors

YUV(47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(47.6410, 24.8270,  
16.9778)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	431C62
RGB	67, 28, 98
RGB Percent	26%, 11%, 38%
CMY	0.7373, 0.8902, 0.6157
CMYK	0.32, 0.71, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	273°, 56%, 25%
HSV	273°, 71%, 38%
XYZ	4.9346, 2.9056, 11.8560
YIQ	47.6410, 0.7740, 30.0380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

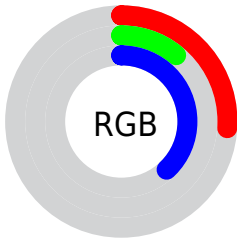
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	67, 28, 98
Decimal	4398178
CIE Lab	19.66, 32.81, -34.02
CIE LCh	20, 47.263, 313.965
Yxy	2.9056, 0.2505, 0.1475
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282588258 (0xFF431C62)
YUV	47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778
Hunter-Lab	17.0459, 21.8432, -29.3061

# Details

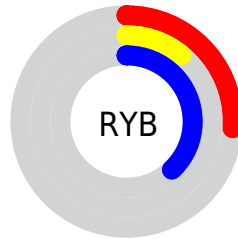
The YUV color **47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **78.3590, -24.8270, -16.9778**, and the grayscale version is **47.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.2930, 25.9846, 19.0370**, and **12.9900, 18.7389, 9.6558** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.5750, 28.3105, 19.6667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.7070, 21.3434, 14.2890**.

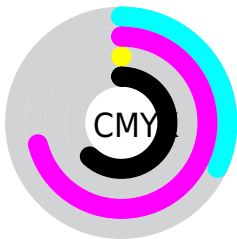
# Distribution



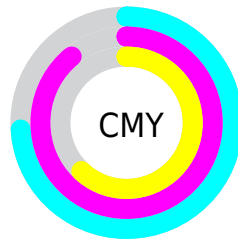
- Red (26%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.6410, 24.8270,  
16.9778

47.6410, 24.8270,  
16.9778

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

23.3420, 24.9744,  
16.3631

96.2930, 25.9846,  
19.0370

12.9900, 18.7389,  
9.6558

121.8200, 26.7107,  
19.4519

4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

148.0590, 27.5789,  
20.9963

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

174.8850, 28.1577,  
22.0259

201.7280, 26.2631,  
23.0405

226.2370, 14.1802,

25.2252

242.6730, 6.0772,  
10.8108

47.6410, 24.8270,  
16.9778

47.6410, 24.8270,  
16.9778

40.5750, 28.3105,  
19.6667

54.7070, 21.3434,  
14.2890

33.2100, 31.9415,  
21.7408

62.0720, 17.7125,  
12.2149

27.6170, 34.6988,  
24.0149

68.5510, 14.5184,  
10.0408

75.6170, 11.0348,  
7.3519

82.9820, 7.4039,  
5.2778

■ 90.0480, 3.9203,  
2.5889

■ 97.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 103.8920, -2.9048,  
-1.6593

■ 110.9580, -6.3883,  
-4.3482

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.8130, 37.0672, -35.7930



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



37.0540, 15.2564, 53.4496

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



45.3180, -22.3418, 26.0311



43.5760, 9.5760, -38.2162

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



78.3590, -24.8270, -16.9778

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.2980, -5.5699, -33.5873



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



43.3920, -21.3923, 1.4102

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



38.6830, -19.0707, 50.2670



33.4590, -16.4953, -29.3435



46.6370, 23.8430, -40.9006



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



36.5250, 4.1782, 60.0526



33.4590, -16.4953, -29.3435



41.6210, 4.6238, -36.5016

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



108.5630, 9.5824, 6.5222



54.7640, 21.3153, -23.4720



52.5150, 5.6621, 3.9333



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778



48.7790, 39.0560, 26.5038



56.5680, 18.9470, 36.3359



45.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



31.6050, 39.6347, 27.5334



67.4260, 85.0790, 58.3854



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.4640, 3.2222, 39.9351



56.3620, 4.7515, 62.8265



69.4320, -18.9470, -36.3359



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.1880, 5.3303, 63.8561

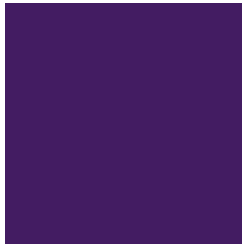


83.8440, 10.9229, 136.9488



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

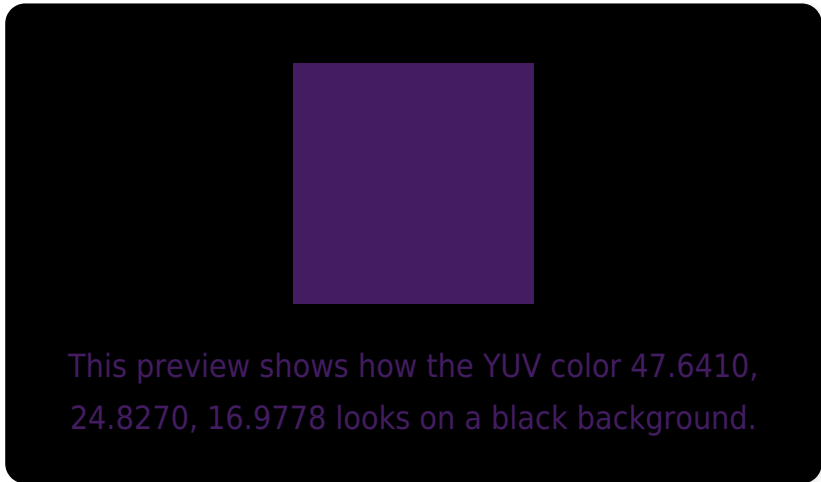
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

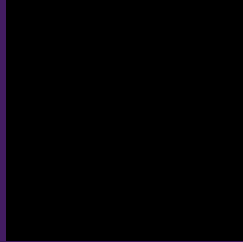
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.6410, 24.8270,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778

### Protanopia

38.8750, 29.6416, -34.0934

### Tritanopia

49.2290, -0.6059, 7.6922

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778

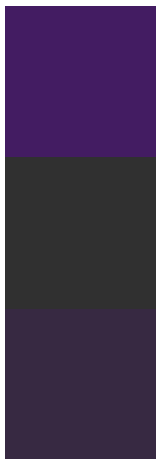
## Protanomaly

41.9420, 28.1296, -15.7351

## Tritanomaly

48.6560, 8.5506, 10.8257

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778

## Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

48.0360, 8.8563, 6.1074

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 28, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 28, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 28, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 28, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 28, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 28, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 28, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 28, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 28, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 28, 98)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 47.6410, 24.8270, 16.9778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 28, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 28,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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