

# Converting Colors

YUV(47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(47.8060, 4.5326,  
39.6351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5D1739
RGB	93, 23, 57
RGB Percent	36%, 9%, 22%
CMY	0.6353, 0.9098, 0.7765
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.39, 0.64
HSL	331°, 60%, 23%
HSV	331°, 75%, 36%
XYZ	5.5591, 3.2354, 4.2024
YIQ	47.8060, 30.8060, 25.4140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

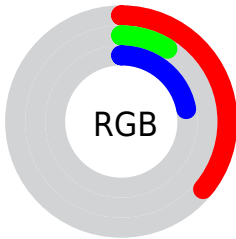
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	93, 23, 57
Decimal	6100793
CIELab	20.96, 34.76, -3.86
CIELCh	21, 34.976, 353.664
Yxy	3.2354, 0.4277, 0.2489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284290873 (0xFF5D1739)
YUV	47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351
Hunter-Lab	17.9871, 23.6900, -1.2611

# Details

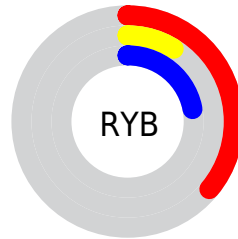
The YUV color **47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **68.1940, -4.5326, -39.6351**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.3610, 2.7800, 41.7794**, and **15.3500, -0.6655, 26.8800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9530, 4.9532, 44.7682**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6590, 4.1121, 34.5021**.

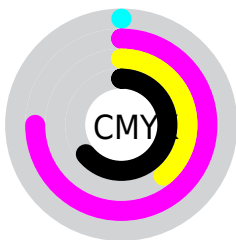
# Distribution



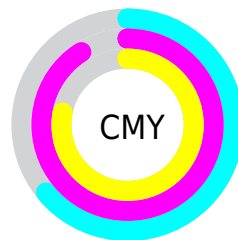
- Red (36%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.8060, 4.5326,  
39.6351

47.8060, 4.5326,  
39.6351

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

24.1370, 5.8485,  
37.5909

98.3610, 2.7800,  
41.7794

15.3500, -0.6655,  
26.8800

124.2580, 2.3378,  
43.6237

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

150.2690, 2.3324,  
45.3681

177.8670, 2.0376,  
46.5976

203.9700, 2.4798,  
44.7533

223.7120, 7.0440,

27.4396

242.6730, 6.0772,  
10.8108

47.8060, 4.5326,  
39.6351

47.8060, 4.5326,  
39.6351

41.9530, 4.9532,  
44.7682

53.6590, 4.1121,  
34.5021

35.5130, 5.6631,  
50.4161

60.0990, 3.4022,  
28.8542

32.9370, 5.9471,  
52.6753

65.8380, 2.5449,  
23.8211

71.6910, 2.1243,  
18.6880

78.1310, 1.4144,  
13.0401

■ 83.9840, 0.9939,  
7.9070

■ 89.7230, 0.1366,  
2.8739

■ 95.5760, -0.2840,  
-2.2592

■ 102.0160, -0.9939,  
-7.9070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.3290, 14.6278, 21.6365



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



46.6140, -7.6977, 42.4345

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



45.1420, -22.2550, -1.8785



45.7080, 22.8220, -40.0859

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



68.1940, -4.5326, -39.6351

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.3740, 12.6336, -38.9160



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



37.4570, -10.0853, -31.9728

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



47.6220, -23.4776, 16.9945



41.4100, 1.2769, -36.3166



43.9130, 28.6369, -38.5117



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



47.4040, -15.9752, 37.3567



41.4100, 1.2769, -36.3166



45.6110, 19.9118, -40.0008

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



101.9680, 1.9878, 15.8141



41.4450, 25.4166, 14.5187



49.9950, 0.9885, 9.6514



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



50.2200, 6.7935, 61.1971



43.9300, -10.3185, 43.0344



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



38.9320, 6.9355, 62.3266



83.9730, 15.2963, 134.2047



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351



50.2200, 6.7935, 61.1971



72.0700, 10.3185, -43.0344



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



38.9320, 6.9355, 62.3266

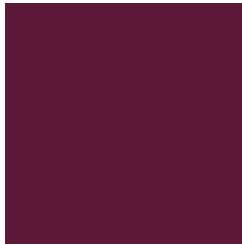


83.9730, 15.2963, 134.2047



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

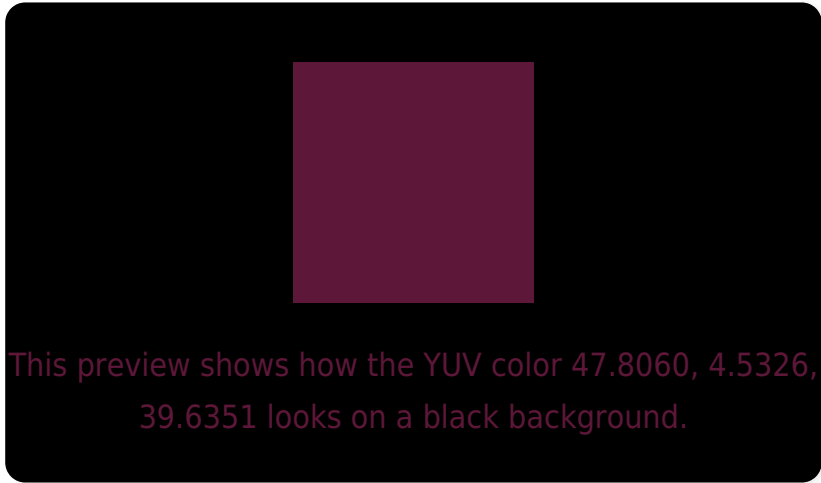
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

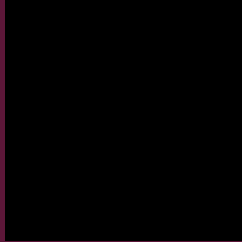
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351

### Protanopia

51.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029

### Deuteranopia

52.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



## Tritanopia

48.4670, -8.1182, 37.3014

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351

## Protanomaly

50.3570, 8.6980, 10.2109

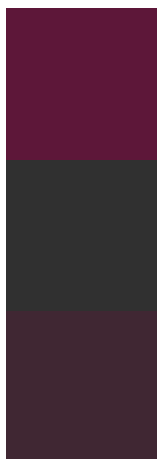
## Deuteranomaly

50.2670, 1.8404, 16.4288

## Tritanomaly

48.0310, -3.4663, 38.5608

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351

## Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

47.8430, 1.5564, 14.1697

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 23, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 23, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 23, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 23, 57) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 23, 57) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 23, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 23, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 23, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 23, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 23, 57)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 47.8060, 4.5326, 39.6351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 23, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 23,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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