

# Converting Colors

YUV(47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(47.8830, 31.1167,  
6.2416)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37206F
RGB	55, 32, 111
RGB Percent	22%, 13%, 44%
CMY	0.7843, 0.8745, 0.5647
CMYK	0.50, 0.71, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	257°, 55%, 28%
HSV	257°, 71%, 44%
XYZ	4.9613, 2.9929, 15.3551
YIQ	47.8830, -11.6510, 29.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

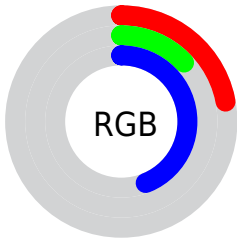
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	55, 32, 111
Decimal	3612783
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.02, 31.62, -42.01
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 52.579, 306.973
Yxy	2.9929, 0.2128, 0.1284
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281802863 (0xFF37206F)
YUV	47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416
Hunter-Lab	17.3001, 20.9147, -40.5141

# Details

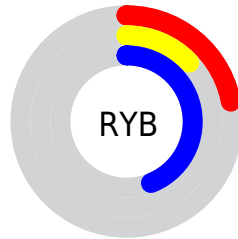
The YUV color **47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **95.1170, -31.1167, -6.2416**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.3610, 32.8530, 9.3304**, and **9.2750, 26.4864, -1.9952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.0340, 35.4792, 6.9862**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7320, 26.7541, 5.4970**.

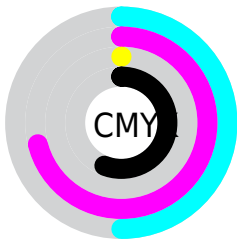
# Distribution



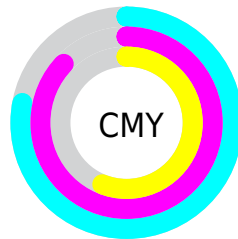
- Red (22%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.8830, 31.1167,  
6.2416

47.8830, 31.1167,  
6.2416

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

24.0460, 30.5433,  
3.4677

96.3610, 32.8530,  
9.3304

9.2750, 26.4864,  
-1.9952

122.3010, 33.8686,  
10.2600

6.2070, 16.1669,  
-5.4435

148.2410, 34.8842,  
11.1896

2.5250, 7.1362,  
-2.2144

175.1810, 35.8998,  
12.1193

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

200.4990, 26.8690,  
15.3484

225.6060, 14.4912,

18.7625

244.4340, 5.2090,  
9.2664

47.8830, 31.1167,  
6.2416

47.8830, 31.1167,  
6.2416

39.0340, 35.4792,  
6.9862

56.7320, 26.7541,  
5.4970

30.1850, 39.8418,  
7.7308

65.5810, 22.3916,  
4.7525

22.2220, 43.7676,  
8.5753

74.4300, 18.0290,  
4.0079

82.9800, 13.8139,  
2.6485

92.4160, 9.1619,  
1.3892

■ 101.2650, 4.7994,  
0.6446

■ 110.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 118.9630, -3.9258,  
-0.8446

■ 127.8120, -8.2883,  
-1.5891

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.3010, 40.2776, -38.8520



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



38.6070, 19.9137, 52.9647

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



45.0740, -22.2215, 34.1381



43.4790, 6.6659, -38.1311

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



95.1170, -31.1167, -6.2416

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.1040, -11.3903, -33.4172



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



45.1970, -22.2821, 6.8432

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



31.3950, -15.4777, 64.5516



34.6440, -17.0795, -28.6288



47.6970, 22.8274, -41.8303



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



39.0460, 7.3723, 62.2267



34.6440, -17.0795, -28.6288



41.8830, 0.5507, -36.7314

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



121.1110, 11.7773, 2.5337



74.4650, 18.0118, -37.2418



58.9600, 7.4147, 1.7891



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416



46.7860, 48.4195, 9.8347



59.5440, 25.3678, 30.2179



51.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297



24.1450, 47.2565, 9.5198



49.6860, 97.2758, 19.5694



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.0050, 12.8155, 42.9686



68.6950, 19.8704, 66.9195



83.4560, -25.3678, -30.2179



52.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



45.5700, 19.4390, 65.2751

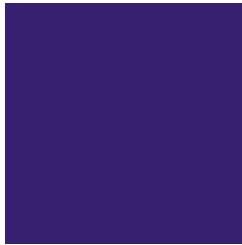


93.8030, 40.0301, 134.3538



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

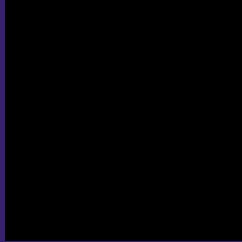
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 47.8830, 31.1167,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416

### Protanopia

38.9890, 30.0784, -34.1934

### Deuteranopia

39.1540, 23.0951, -34.3381



**Tritanopia**

47.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416

## Protanomaly

42.4900, 30.3244, -19.7237

## Deuteranomaly

42.0510, 26.1039, -19.3387

## Tritanomaly

47.5340, 13.5407, -3.0993

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416

## Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

47.9970, 11.3405, 2.6336

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 32, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 32, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 32, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 32, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 32, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 32, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 32, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 32, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 32, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 32,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 47.8830, 31.1167, 6.2416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 32, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 32,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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