

# Converting Colors

YUV(48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(48.0670, 5.3900,  
44.6682)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	63143B
RGB	99, 20, 59
RGB Percent	39%, 8%, 23%
CMY	0.6118, 0.9216, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.40, 0.61
HSL	330°, 66%, 23%
HSV	330°, 80%, 39%
XYZ	6.1852, 3.4687, 4.4812
YIQ	48.0670, 34.5650, 28.8770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

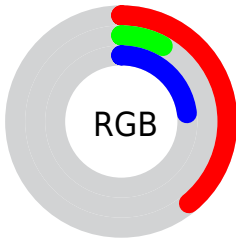
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	99, 20, 59
Decimal	6493243
CIELab	21.83, 38.05, -3.83
CIELCh	22, 38.240, 354.258
Yxy	3.4687, 0.4376, 0.2454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284683323 (0xFF63143B)
YUV	48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682
Hunter-Lab	18.6245, 26.6866, -1.2285

# Details

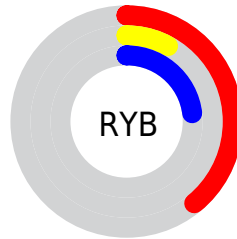
The YUV color **48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **70.9330, -5.3900, -44.6682**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0950, 2.9112, 46.3977**, and **16.7740, -0.3816, 29.1392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.6270, 6.0999, 50.3161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5070, 4.6800, 39.0204**.

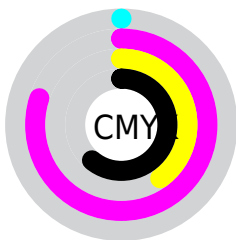
# Distribution



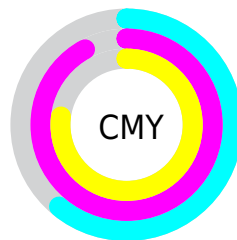
- Red (39%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



48.0670, 5.3900,  
44.6682

48.0670, 5.3900,  
44.6682

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

26.0450, 5.4008,  
41.1795

100.0950, 2.9112,  
46.3977

16.7740, -0.3816,  
29.1392

125.9920, 2.4689,  
48.2420

2.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

152.8890, 2.0267,  
50.0863

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

179.9000, 2.0213,  
51.8307

204.3120, 3.7902,  
44.4534

223.9400, 7.9176,

27.2396

242.0860, 6.3666,  
11.3256

48.0670, 5.3900,  
44.6682

48.0670, 5.3900,  
44.6682

41.6270, 6.0999,  
50.3161

54.5070, 4.6800,  
39.0204

35.1870, 6.8098,  
55.9640

60.9470, 3.9701,  
33.3725

67.3870, 3.2602,  
27.7246

73.8270, 2.5503,  
22.0767

80.2670, 1.8404,  
16.4288

■ 86.1200, 1.4198,  
11.2958

■ 92.5600, 0.7099,  
5.6479

■ 99.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 105.4400, -0.7099,  
-5.6479

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3940, 16.0748, 24.2105



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



47.2340, -8.0034, 47.1528

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



46.3160, -22.8338, -2.9081



48.1530, 24.5746, -42.2302

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



70.9330, -5.3900, -44.6682

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.7050, 13.9494, -40.9603



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



38.2180, -10.9535, -33.5172

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



49.6930, -24.4986, 17.8092



42.8120, 1.5717, -37.5461



45.8850, 31.1157, -40.2411



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



48.3720, -17.4384, 40.0158



42.8120, 1.5717, -37.5461



47.9420, 21.2276, -42.0451

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



107.9790, 1.9824, 17.5584



40.9660, 28.6108, 16.6928



51.7070, 1.1304, 10.7810



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



48.7310, 8.5136, 69.5189



43.6210, -11.6452, 48.5674



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.7580, 7.5143, 63.3562



85.2120, 16.1645, 135.7491



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682



48.7310, 8.5136, 69.5189



75.3790, 11.6452, -48.5674



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.7580, 7.5143, 63.3562

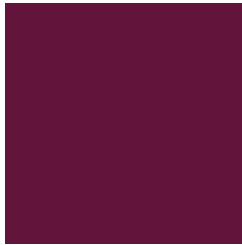


85.2120, 16.1645, 135.7491



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

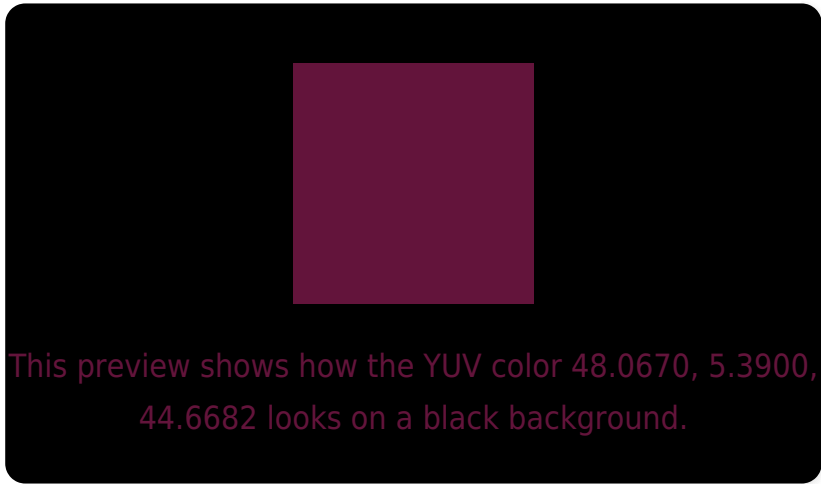
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

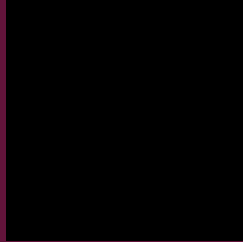
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.0670, 5.3900,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682

### Protanopia

53.6860, 12.9728, -7.6176

### Deuteranopia

55.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



## Tritanopia

49.4460, -9.5869, 41.7049

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682

## Protanomaly

51.7100, 10.0030, 11.6553

## Deuteranomaly

52.5770, 1.6875, 18.7880

## Tritanomaly

49.2380, -4.0613, 42.7643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682

## Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

48.2670, 1.8404, 16.4288

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 20, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 20, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 20, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 20, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 20, 59) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 20, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 20, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 20, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 20, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 20, 59)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.0670, 5.3900, 44.6682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 20, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 20,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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