

# Converting Colors

YUV(48.1460, 55.6370,  
-18.5450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(48.1460, 55.6370,  
-18.5450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1B25A1
RGB	27, 37, 161
RGB Percent	11%, 15%, 63%
CMY	0.8941, 0.8549, 0.3686
CMYK	0.83, 0.77, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	236°, 71%, 37%
HSV	236°, 83%, 63%
XYZ	7.5466, 4.1294, 34.1175
YIQ	48.1460, -45.7640, 36.4440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

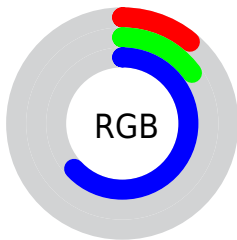
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	27, 36, 161
Decimal	1779105
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	24.09, 42.08, -66.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 78.877, 302.242
Yxy	4.1294, 0.1648, 0.0902
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279969185 (0xFF1B25A1)
YUV	48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450
Hunter-Lab	20.3208, 30.7285, -85.3200

# Details

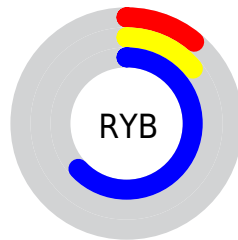
The YUV color **48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **139.8540, -55.6370, 18.5450**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **103.6470, 55.8830, -4.0754**, and **12.3120, 47.1742, -10.7976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5570, 62.3364, -20.6595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.7350, 48.9376, -16.4306**.

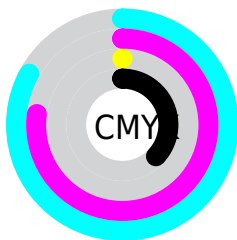
# Distribution



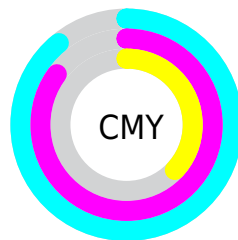
- Red (11%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.1460, 55.6370,  
-18.5450

■ 48.1460, 55.6370,  
-18.5450

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.0810, 54.1901,  
-21.1190

■ 103.6470, 55.8830,  
-4.0754

■ 12.3120, 47.1742,  
-10.7976

■ 130.0110, 57.1826,  
-0.8866

■ 9.4620, 36.2542,  
-8.2982

■ 154.9700, 49.3148,  
2.6573

■ 10.2480, 24.0347,  
-8.9875

■ 179.2020, 37.3684,  
7.7158

■ 5.2780, 15.1459,  
-4.6288

■ 204.6080, 24.8433,  
11.7448

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,  
-1.1997


■ 230.0140, 12.3181,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


15.7737


0.0000


 248.5430, 3.1833,  
5.6628


 48.1460, 55.6370,  
-18.5450


 48.1460, 55.6370,  
-18.5450

 34.5570, 62.3364,  
-20.6595


 61.7350, 48.9376,  
-16.4306

 25.3980, 66.8518,  
-22.2740

 75.3240, 42.2383,  
-14.3161

 88.9130, 35.5389,  
-12.2017

 102.5020, 28.8395,  
-10.0873

 115.8030, 22.2821,  
-6.8432

■ 129.3920, 15.5827,  
-4.7288

■ 142.9810, 8.8834,  
-2.6143

■ 156.5700, 2.1840,  
-0.4999

■ 170.1590, -4.5154,  
1.6146

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.9630, 59.6712, -52.5876



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



50.6700, 31.2217, 66.0644

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



48.1630, -23.7444, 55.9850



52.1530, 4.3616, -45.7382

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



139.8540, -55.6370, 18.5450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.0250, -21.7043, -38.6099



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



53.7910, -26.5190, 12.4613

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



42.7570, -21.0792, 87.9131



41.0900, -20.2574, -36.0359



59.5800, 30.2801, -52.2517



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



52.5030, 11.0910, 82.8739



41.0900, -20.2574, -36.0359



49.0580, -4.9586, -43.0239

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



165.2760, 21.5559, -7.2581



119.6800, 14.9478, -81.2804



78.4090, 13.1094, -4.7437



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450



33.2180, 86.6605, -29.1322



59.0200, 50.2761, 21.0305



74.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146



22.9870, 60.1524, -20.1596



2.6390, 7.5730, -2.3144



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2060, -15.3846, 81.3803



64.3150, -23.8193, 126.8887



128.9800, -50.2761, -21.0305



75.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



44.6090, -16.5692, 88.0429

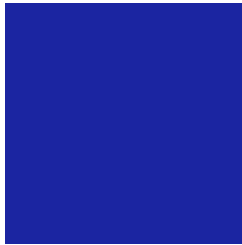


5.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

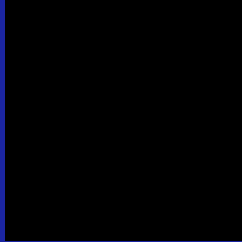
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.1460, 55.6370,

-18.5450.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450

### Protanopia

46.2100, 34.8995, -40.5262

### Deuteranopia

45.9190, 26.1689, -40.2710



## Tritanopia

45.2060, 10.7444, -39.6457

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450

## Protanomaly

46.9150, 42.4399, -32.3745

## Deuteranomaly

46.8350, 37.0563, -32.3043

## Tritanomaly

46.2020, 27.0154, -31.7492

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450

## Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

47.9340, 20.2455, -6.9581

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 37, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 37, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 37, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 37, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 37, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 37, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 37, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 37, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 37, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 37,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.1460, 55.6370, -18.5450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 37, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 37,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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