

Converting Colors

YUV(48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(48.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D2B2B
RGB	61, 43, 43
RGB Percent	24%, 17%, 17%
CMY	0.7608, 0.8314, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.76
HSL	0°, 17%, 20%
HSV	0°, 30%, 24%
XYZ	3.2244, 2.8943, 2.6742
YIQ	48.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

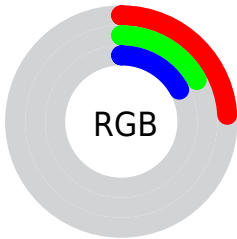
Format	Color
RYB	61, 43, 43
Decimal	4008747
CIELab	19.62, 8.35, 3.27
CIELCh	20, 8.963, 21.399
Yxy	2.8943, 0.3667, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282198827 (0xFF3D2B2B)
YUV	48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660
Hunter-Lab	17.0126, 4.0591, 2.5890

Details

The YUV color **48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **55.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.8660, -3.3849, 12.3955**, and **4.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773**.

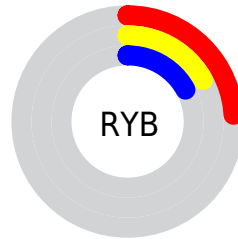
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (17%)

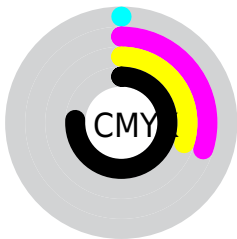
Blue (17%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (17%)

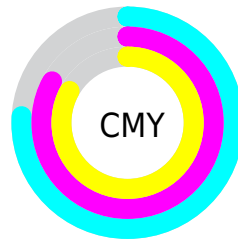


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

■ 48.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 27.1970, -2.0691,
10.3512

■ 94.8660, -3.3849,
12.3955

■ 4.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 119.2790, -3.0955,
12.9103

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.8770, -3.3904,
14.1399

■ 171.7630, -3.8272,
14.2398

■ 199.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

■ 227.0620, -3.9746,

14.8546

250.0930, -1.0318,
4.3034

48.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

48.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

44.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

52.5880, -1.7689,
7.3773

39.9700, -4.4222,
18.4433

56.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

35.7640, -5.3067,
22.1320

61.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

31.5580, -6.1911,
25.8206

65.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

27.3520, -7.0755,
29.5093

70.1130, 1.9163,
-7.9921

■ 22.4450, -8.1074,
33.8127

■ 74.3190, 2.8007,
-11.6808

■ 18.2390, -8.9918,
37.5014

■ 78.5250, 3.6852,
-15.3694

■ 82.7310, 4.5696,
-19.0581

■ 86.9370, 5.4541,
-22.7467

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5820, 0.6991, 9.1366



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



47.8010, -4.8319, 9.8215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



45.7560, -3.3307, -5.0480



46.6660, 6.5737, -8.4771

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



55.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.1170, 5.8583, -12.3806



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



44.9340, 0.0325, -10.4661

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



46.8060, -5.8204, 0.1701



44.5360, 3.6798, -13.6251



47.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



47.7360, -6.2788, 7.2475



44.5360, 3.6798, -13.6251



46.0680, 6.8685, -9.7066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



74.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



50.4340, 5.2090, 9.2664



37.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660



59.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138



53.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



28.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



28.1060, -13.8563, 57.7890



66.3780, -32.7244, 136.4805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660



70.6280, 4.1274, -17.2138



50.3350, 5.2578, -6.4328



30.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



65.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



155.6220, 32.7244, -136.4805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

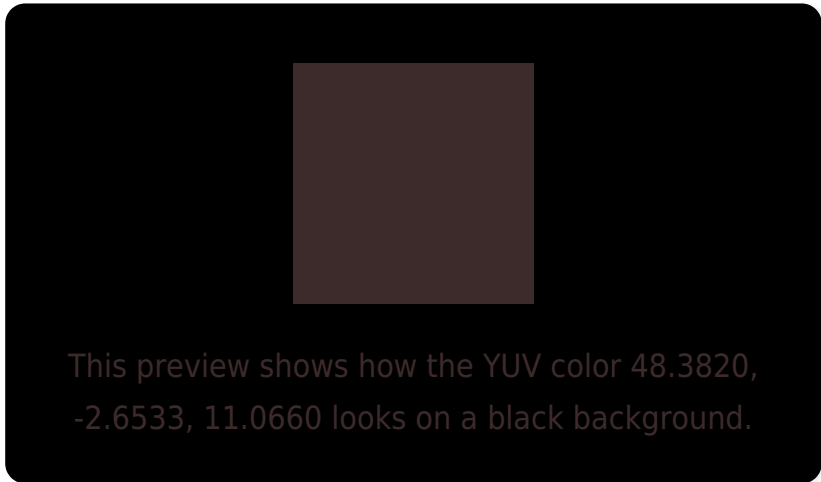
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

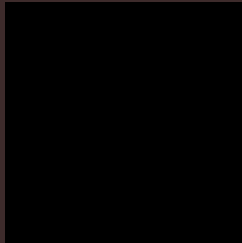
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660.

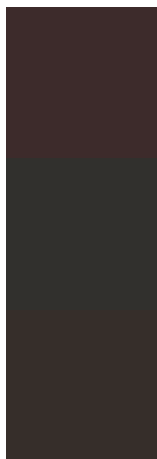


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.3820, -2.6533,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660

Protanopia

47.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147

Deuteranopia

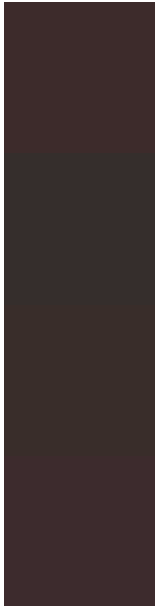
47.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181



Tritanopia

48.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660

Protanomaly

47.8650, -1.9054, 4.5034

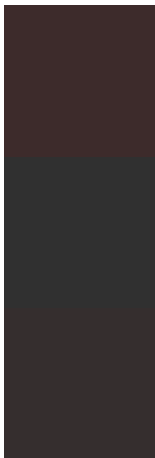
Deuteranomaly

48.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773

Tritanomaly

48.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660

Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

48.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 43, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 43, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 43, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 43, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 43, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 43, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 43, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 43, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 43, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 43, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 43, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 43,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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