

Converting Colors

YUV(48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(48.3990, -5.1267,
11.0511)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D2C26
RGB	61, 44, 38
RGB Percent	24%, 17%, 15%
CMY	0.7608, 0.8275, 0.8510
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.38, 0.76
HSL	16°, 23%, 19%
HSV	16°, 38%, 24%
XYZ	3.1750, 2.9334, 2.2326
YIQ	48.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

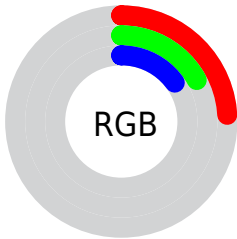
Format	Color
RYB	61, 46, 38
Decimal	4008998
CIELab	19.78, 6.83, 6.94
CIELCh	20, 9.735, 45.476
Yxy	2.9334, 0.3807, 0.3517
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282199078 (0xFF3D2C26)
YUV	48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511
Hunter-Lab	17.1272, 3.1174, 4.2604

Details

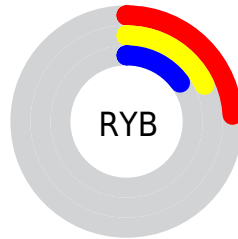
The YUV color **48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **50.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.8830, -5.8583, 12.3806**, and **4.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.7800, -6.3005, 14.2249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.0180, -3.9529, 7.8772**.

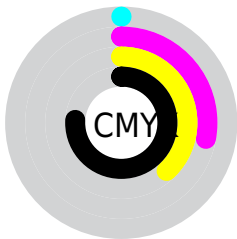
Distribution



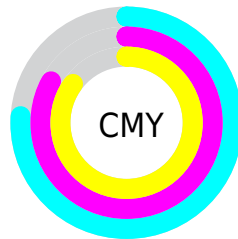
- Red (24%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.3990, -5.1267,
11.0511

■ 48.3990, -5.1267,
11.0511

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 27.1000, -4.9793,
10.4363

■ 94.8830, -5.8583,
12.3806

■ 4.4850, -2.2111,
9.2217

■ 119.4810, -6.1531,
13.6102

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 145.3670, -6.5899,
13.7101

■ 171.6660, -6.7373,
14.3249

■ 198.9650, -6.8847,
14.9397

■ 227.2640, -7.0322,

15.5545

■ 250.4690, -4.6682,
3.9737

■ 48.3990, -5.1267,
11.0511

■ 48.3990, -5.1267,
11.0511

■ 44.7800, -6.3005,
14.2249

■ 52.0180, -3.9529,
7.8772

■ 41.7480, -7.7638,
16.8840

■ 55.0500, -2.4896,
5.2182

■ 38.1290, -8.9376,
20.0579

■ 58.6690, -1.3158,
2.0443

■ 35.0970, -10.4008,
22.7169

■ 61.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 31.4780, -11.5747,
25.8908

■ 65.4340, 1.7580,
-3.8886

■ 28.3320, -13.4747,
28.6498

■ 68.4660, 3.2213,
-6.5477

■ 27.6310, -13.6221,
29.2646

■ 72.0850, 4.3951,
-9.7215

■ 75.1170, 5.8583,
-12.3806

■ 78.7360, 7.0322,
-15.5545

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



47.6220, -6.7156, 7.3475

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



45.4070, -0.6937, -10.8809



47.6990, 6.5574, -3.2440

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



50.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.7690, 7.0159, -10.3214



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



44.7100, 3.1010, -14.6547

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



45.9410, -3.9149, -4.3333



44.9210, 6.4479, -14.8397



48.8740, 4.4991, 3.6185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



47.6000, -6.7048, 3.8588



44.9210, 6.4479, -14.8397



47.5030, 7.1470, -5.7031

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



74.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886



46.8150, 4.0352, 12.4402



37.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



59.6340, -8.2006, 16.9840



54.8560, -8.3100, 5.3883



28.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



42.7810, -21.0910, 44.9191



100.4240, -49.5090, 106.6222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511



62.9530, 7.9112, -17.4988



44.1440, 8.3100, -5.3883



29.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



51.8060, 20.8016, -45.4339



121.5760, 49.5090, -106.6222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

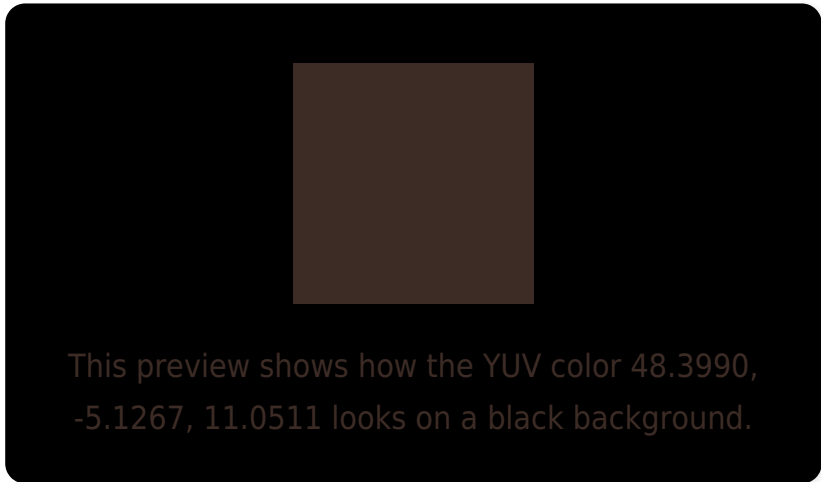
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

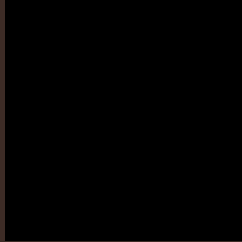
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.3990, -5.1267,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511

Protanopia

47.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442

Deuteranopia

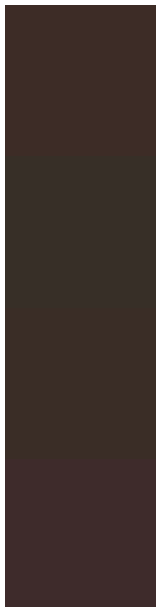
48.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476



Tritanopia

49.0230, -1.4903, 11.3808

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511

Protanomaly

48.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180

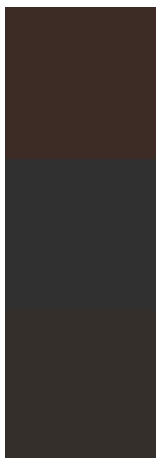
Deuteranomaly

48.0890, -4.9739, 8.6919

Tritanomaly

48.6810, -2.8007, 11.6808

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511

Achromatopsia

48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

48.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 44, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 44, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 44, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 44, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 44, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 44, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 44, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 44, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 44, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 44, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 44, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 44,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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