

# Converting Colors

YUV(48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(48.5340, -2.7283,  
81.9697)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E022B
RGB	142, 2, 43
RGB Percent	56%, 1%, 17%
CMY	0.4431, 0.9922, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.70, 0.44
HSL	342°, 97%, 28%
HSV	342°, 99%, 56%
XYZ	11.6131, 5.9686, 2.8255
YIQ	48.5340, 70.2790, 42.4310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

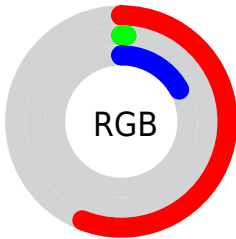
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">142, 2, 43</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9306667</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">29.33, 52.71, 18.95</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">29, 56.009, 19.775</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">5.9686, 0.5691, 0.2925</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287496747 (0xFF8E022B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">24.4308, 42.0956, 10.2445</a>

# Details

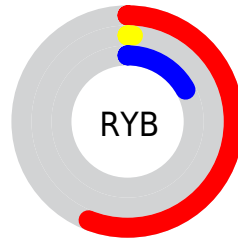
The YUV color **48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **95.4660, 2.7283, -81.9697**, and the grayscale version is **49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112.6940, -12.1741, 78.3214**, and **25.1160, -12.3822, 51.6413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.2460, -2.5863, 83.0993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.8920, -2.4118, 73.7627**.

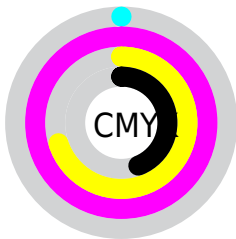
# Distribution



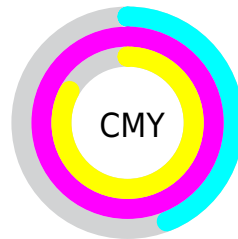
- Red (56%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (83%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5340, -2.7283,  
81.9697

■ 48.5340, -2.7283,  
81.9697

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.4090, -6.6106,  
67.1703

■ 112.6940,  
-12.1741, 78.3214

■ 25.1160, -12.3822,  
51.6413

■ 140.5480,  
-14.0742, 81.0804

■ 17.2710, -7.5286,  
34.8423

■ 166.5260,  
-14.0633, 77.5917

■ 4.7840, -2.3585,  
9.8364

■ 185.3390,  
-10.5201, 61.0927

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.8530, -6.8295,  
43.9789

■ 225.0680, -2.9915,

26.2504

245.2830, 0.8465,  
8.5218

48.5340, -2.7283,  
81.9697

48.5340, -2.7283,  
81.9697

47.2460, -2.5863,  
83.0993

57.8920, -2.4118,  
73.7627

67.2500, -2.0953,  
65.5558

77.1950, -2.0681,  
56.8340

86.5530, -1.7516,  
48.6270

95.9110, -1.4351,  
40.4201

■ 105.2690, -1.1186,  
32.2131

■ 114.6270, -0.8021,  
24.0061

■ 124.5720, -0.7750,  
15.2844

■ 133.9300, -0.4585,  
7.0774

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7670, 17.3699, 75.6263



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



60.8660, -30.0069, 57.9995

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



48.7210, -24.0195, -42.7283



64.1570, 45.2786, -56.2657

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



95.4660, 2.7283, -81.9697

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.8720, 34.0801, -57.7697



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



56.4100, -2.1741, -49.4716

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



62.2530, -30.6907, -2.8529



62.1270, 17.1924, -54.4854



54.8960, 47.8723, -48.1438



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



65.4630, -32.2733, 38.1819



62.1270, 17.1924, -54.4854



65.3480, 42.2264, -57.3102

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



147.2690, -1.1186, 32.2131



47.2620, 46.7058, 46.2512



69.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



61.1720, -3.5358, 107.7202



60.2960, -28.7399, 71.6544



66.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



44.9250, -2.4280, 78.9958



2.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697



61.1720, -3.5358, 107.7202



83.7040, 28.7399, -71.6544



66.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



44.9250, -2.4280, 78.9958

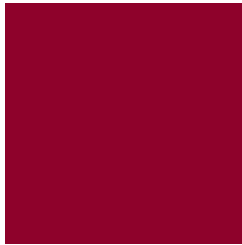


2.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

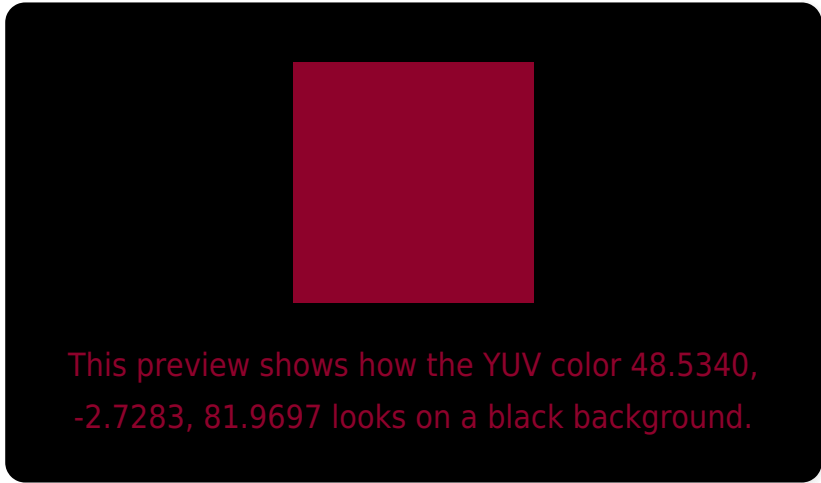
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.5340, -2.7283,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697

### Protanopia

72.2840, -4.0840, 3.2589

### Deuteranopia

71.2180, -17.3625, 15.5948



## Tritanopia

54.3210, -19.8783, 76.0175

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697

## Protanomaly

63.8730, -3.8814, 31.6834

## Deuteranomaly

63.1530, -11.9074, 39.3308

## Tritanomaly

52.0530, -13.3371, 78.0065

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697

## Achromatopsia

49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

48.9590, -0.9658, 29.8540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 2, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 2, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 2, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 2, 43) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 2, 43) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 2, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 2, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 2, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 2, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 2, 43)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.5340, -2.7283, 81.9697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 2, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 2,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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