

# Converting Colors

YUV(48.5720, -20.9880,  
11.7764)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(48.5720, -20.9880,  
11.7764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E3206
RGB	62, 50, 6
RGB Percent	24%, 20%, 2%
CMY	0.7569, 0.8039, 0.9765
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.90, 0.76
HSL	47°, 82%, 13%
HSV	47°, 90%, 24%
XYZ	3.1601, 3.3185, 0.6463
YIQ	48.5720, 21.2760, -11.1400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

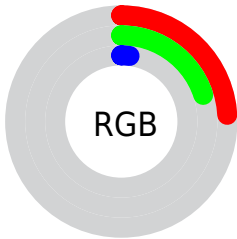
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">21, 62, 6</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4076038</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">21.28, 0.10, 27.44</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">21, 27.440, 89.789</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">3.3185, 0.4435, 0.4658</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282266118 (0xFF3E3206)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">18.2167, -0.9146, 10.6483</a>

# Details

The YUV color **48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **19.4280, 20.9880, -11.7764**, and the grayscale version is **49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.7680, -21.5776, 14.2355**, and **4.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3010, -23.3194, 12.8910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.8430, -18.6566, 10.6617**.

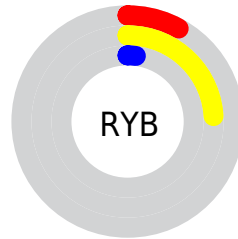
# Distribution



 Red (24%)

 Green (20%)

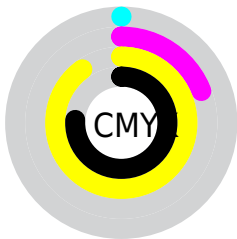
 Blue (2%)



 Red (8%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (2%)

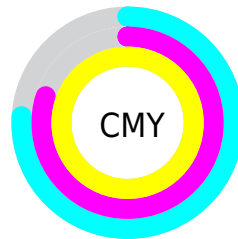


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (19%)

 Yellow (90%)

 Black (76%)



 Cyan (76%)

 Magenta (80%)

 Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5720, -20.9880,  
11.7764

■ 48.5720, -20.9880,  
11.7764

■ 252.4920, -9.6096,  
2.1995

■ 28.6840, -14.1412,  
9.0471

■ 95.7680, -21.5776,  
14.2355

■ 4.4410, -2.1894,  
2.2442

■ 120.8390,  
-22.5986, 15.0502

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 146.3230,  
-23.3302, 16.3797


■ 173.5080,  
-23.9144, 17.0945


■ 200.6930,  
-24.4986, 17.8092


■ 228.8780,


-25.0829, 18.5240


 249.3000,  
-21.8399, 4.9989


 48.5720, -20.9880,  
11.7764


 48.5720, -20.9880,  
11.7764


 47.3010, -23.3194,  
12.8910

 49.8430, -18.6566,  
10.6617

 51.7010, -16.6146,  
9.0322

 53.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176

 54.3570, -11.5150,  
6.7029

 56.2150, -9.4730,  
5.0734

■ 57.4860, -7.1416,  
3.9588

■ 58.7570, -4.8102,  
2.8441

■ 60.7290, -2.3314,  
1.1147

■ 62.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8000, -16.6634, 24.7314



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



46.9120, -16.7186, -4.3078

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



43.9010, 13.3598, -38.5012



52.3520, 9.6865, 19.8623

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



19.4280, 20.9880, -11.7764

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0550, 16.7349, -0.9252



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



43.8500, 20.7799, -38.4565

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



41.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



41.5990, 24.8477, -36.4823



50.7250, 0.6286, 31.8132



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



43.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032



41.5990, 24.8477, -36.4823



52.8890, 11.8867, 14.1293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



76.5570, -8.1626, 4.7735



24.1120, -3.0132, 33.2278



37.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764



62.0860, -30.6084, 17.4646



50.8320, -22.1022, -4.2377



30.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



71.5440, -35.2712, 19.6939



168.5160, -83.0784, 46.9055



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4280, 20.9880, -11.7764



19.3270, 30.8978, -16.9498



17.1680, 22.1022, 4.2377



28.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



22.4560, 35.2712, -19.6939

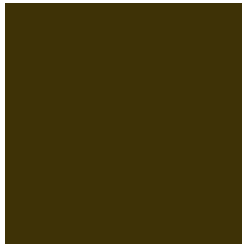


53.4840, 83.0784, -46.9055



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

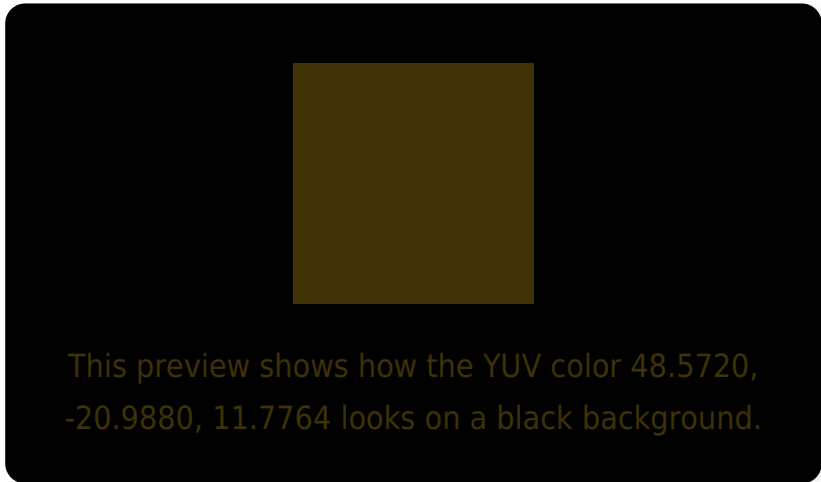
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

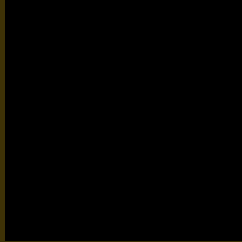
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.5720, -20.9880,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764

### Protanopia

48.6640, -20.5404, 8.1877

### Deuteranopia

48.9960, -20.7040, 14.0355



## Tritanopia

52.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764

## Protanomaly

48.3760, -20.3984, 9.3172

## Deuteranomaly

48.6970, -20.5566, 13.4207

## Tritanomaly

51.1880, -8.4737, 11.2361

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764

## Achromatopsia

49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

48.6710, -7.7258, 4.6735

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 50, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 50, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 50, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 50, 6) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 50, 6) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 50, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 50, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 50, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 50, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 50, 6) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 50, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 50,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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