

# Converting Colors

YUV(48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(48.5740, 2.6750,  
-18.0434)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C3A36
RGB	28, 58, 54
RGB Percent	11%, 23%, 21%
CMY	0.8902, 0.7725, 0.7882
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.07, 0.77
HSL	172°, 35%, 17%
HSV	172°, 52%, 23%
XYZ	2.6578, 3.5393, 4.0331
YIQ	48.5740, -16.5960, -7.6040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

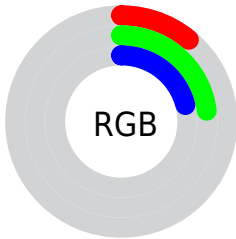
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	28, 44, 58
Decimal	1849910
CIE Lab	22.09, -12.40, -1.00
CIE LCh	22, 12.442, 184.626
Yxy	3.5393, 0.2598, 0.3460
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280039990 (0xFF1C3A36)
YUV	48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434
Hunter-Lab	18.8131, -7.7056, 0.4587




# Details

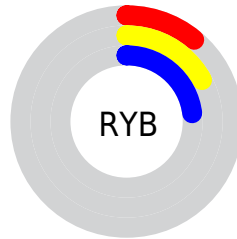
The YUV color **48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **37.4260, -2.6750, 18.0434**, and the grayscale version is **49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.2750, 2.8224, -18.6582**, and **9.3580, 0.3165, -8.2070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6660, 3.1227, -21.6321**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.4820, 2.2274, -14.4547**.

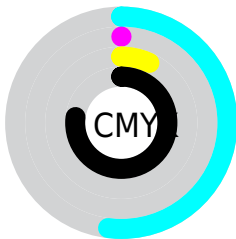
# Distribution







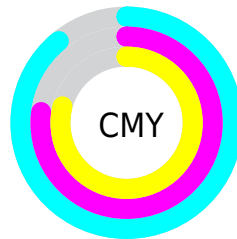
-  Red (11%)
-  Green (23%)
-  Blue (21%)






-  Red (11%)
-  Yellow (17%)
-  Blue (23%)



-  Cyan (52%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Black (77%)



-  Cyan (89%)
-  Magenta (77%)
-  Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5740, 2.6750,  
-18.0434

■ 48.5740, 2.6750,  
-18.0434

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 26.3890, 3.2592,  
-18.7582

■ 95.2750, 2.8224,  
-18.6582

■ 9.3580, 0.3165,  
-8.2070

■ 120.2750, 2.8224,  
-18.6582

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 146.4490, 2.2436,  
-19.6878

■ 173.1500, 2.3910,  
-20.3026

■ 200.2640, 2.8278,  
-20.4025

■ 228.8510, 2.5385,

-20.9173

■ 248.4220, 3.2430,  
-13.5251

■ 48.5740, 2.6750,  
-18.0434

■ 48.5740, 2.6750,  
-18.0434

■ 46.6660, 3.1227,  
-21.6321

■ 50.4820, 2.2274,  
-14.4547

■ 44.7580, 3.5703,  
-25.2208

■ 52.3900, 1.7797,  
-10.8660

■ 43.2630, 4.3073,  
-28.2947

■ 53.8850, 1.0427,  
-7.7921

■ 41.3550, 4.7550,  
-31.8833

■ 55.7930, 0.5951,  
-4.2035

■ 39.7460, 5.0552,  
-34.8572

■ 57.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 59.6090, -0.3002,  
2.9739

■ 61.4030, -1.1847,  
6.6626

■ 63.0120, -1.4849,  
9.6365

■ 64.9200, -1.9326,  
13.2252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.6520, -2.2934, -11.0958



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



48.4040, 7.1958, -21.4023

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



53.8460, 6.9779, 1.8891



53.1880, -8.4737, 11.2361

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



37.4260, -2.6750, 18.0434

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.7200, -5.2850, 15.1546



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



54.2770, 3.3144, 10.2811

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



52.0620, 9.3364, -7.9474



54.1590, -1.0644, 14.7696



52.3290, -9.0362, 4.9735



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



49.5830, 9.0796, -18.9283



54.1590, -1.0644, 14.7696



53.4270, -7.6055, 12.7805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



72.8850, 1.0427, -7.7921



46.8060, -9.2714, -12.9849



35.7930, 0.5951, -4.2035



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434



61.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



42.5730, 7.6055, -12.7805



27.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



63.1240, 8.3199, -55.3597



150.2130, 19.6150, -131.7368



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4260, -2.6750, 18.0434



44.0360, -4.4547, 28.9094



43.4270, -7.6055, 12.7805



26.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



28.8760, -8.3199, 55.3597

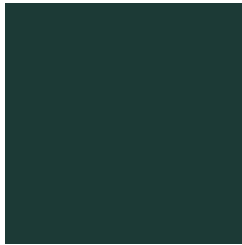


68.7870, -19.6150, 131.7368



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

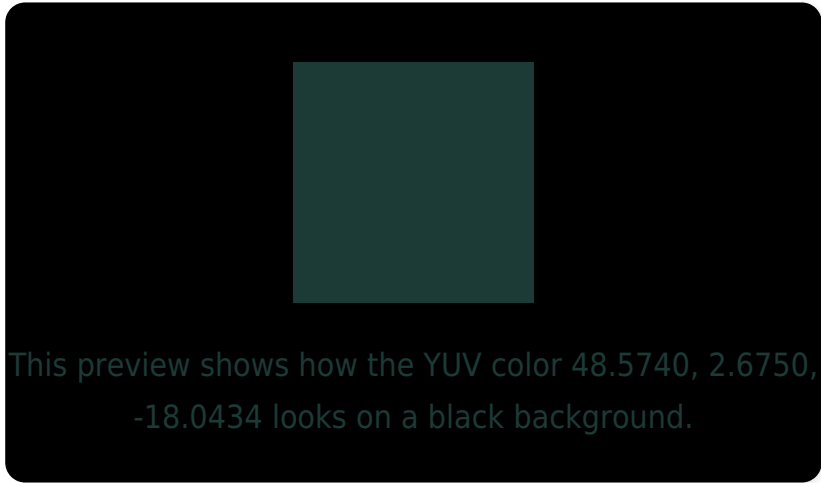
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

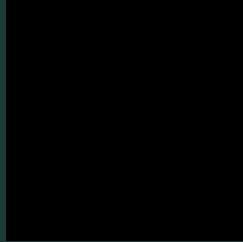
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.5740, 2.6750,

-18.0434.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434

### Protanopia

53.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

### Deuteranopia

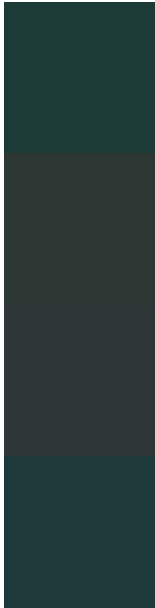
53.2500, 0.8628, 3.2887



## Tritanopia

49.3830, 5.7272, -16.9989

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434

## Protanomaly

51.6680, 0.1637, -5.8478

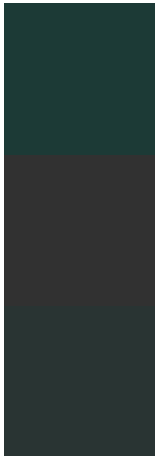
## Deuteranomaly

51.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182

## Tritanomaly

48.7420, 4.5642, -17.3137

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434

## Achromatopsia

49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

48.5970, 1.1847, -6.6626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 58, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 58, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 58, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 58, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 58, 54) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 58, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 58, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 58, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 58, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 58, 54)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 58, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 58,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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