

Converting Colors

YUV(48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(48.9470, -9.8339,
-19.2475)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B401D
RGB	27, 64, 29
RGB Percent	11%, 25%, 11%
CMY	0.8941, 0.7490, 0.8863
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.55, 0.75
HSL	123°, 41%, 18%
HSV	123°, 58%, 25%
XYZ	2.5072, 3.9885, 1.8001
YIQ	48.9470, -10.8170, -18.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

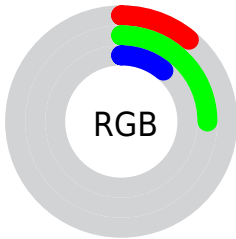
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 62, 64
Decimal	1785885
CIE Lab	23.63, -21.99, 17.38
CIE LCh	24, 28.035, 141.678
Yxy	3.9885, 0.3022, 0.4808
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279975965 (0xFF1B401D)
YUV	48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475
Hunter-Lab	19.9713, -12.5411, 8.6358




Details

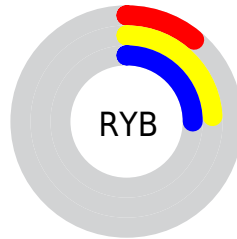
The YUV color **48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **42.0530, 9.8339, 19.2475**, and the grayscale version is **49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.1920, -11.4337, -19.4624**, and **12.3270, -6.0772, -10.8108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.4690, -11.5702, -22.3363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4250, -8.0975, -16.1587**.

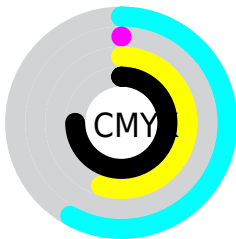
Distribution







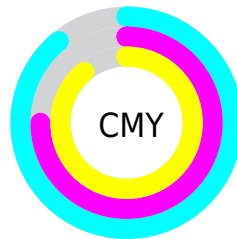
-  Red (11%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (11%)






-  Red (11%)
-  Yellow (24%)
-  Blue (25%)



-  Cyan (58%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (55%)
-  Black (75%)



-  Cyan (89%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.9470, -9.8339,
-19.2475

■ 48.9470, -9.8339,
-19.2475

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 26.7190, -10.7075,
-19.0476

■ 96.1920, -11.4337,
-19.4624

■ 12.3270, -6.0772,
-10.8108

■ 121.6650,
-12.1598, -19.8772

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.2520,
-12.4492, -20.3920

■ 174.1380,
-12.8860, -20.2920

■ 201.7250,
-13.1754, -20.8068

■ 230.0130,

-13.3174, -21.9364

■ 245.9850, -7.3876,
-10.5108

■ 48.9470, -9.8339,
-19.2475

■ 48.9470, -9.8339,
-19.2475

■ 46.4690, -11.5702,
-22.3363

■ 51.4250, -8.0975,
-16.1587

■ 43.6920, -13.1592,
-26.0399

■ 54.2020, -6.5086,
-12.4552

■ 41.2140, -14.8955,
-29.1287

■ 56.6800, -4.7722,
-9.3664

■ 38.4370, -16.4844,
-32.8322

■ 59.4570, -3.1833,
-5.6628

■ 37.9100, -17.2106,
-33.2471

■ 61.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 64.4130, 0.2894,
0.5148

■ 67.1900, 1.8783,
4.2184

■ 69.6680, 3.6147,
7.3072

■ 72.4450, 5.2036,
11.0107

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.6630, -19.0609, 0.2955



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



44.4420, 2.7401, -38.9756

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



46.3920, 25.4427, -40.6858



55.4990, -6.6550, 34.6424

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



42.0530, 9.8339, 19.2475

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9960, 2.9600, 30.6985



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



55.9940, 19.2300, -7.8877

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



48.3010, 20.0646, -42.3600



58.0140, 12.3181, 15.7737



55.1640, -15.3639, 27.9202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



46.6250, 8.5659, -40.8901



58.0140, 12.3181, 15.7737



55.7100, -3.3080, 34.4573

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



78.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



59.1840, -15.8667, 2.4696



39.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



60.3880, -15.4743, -30.1583



50.9990, -1.9715, -21.0471



31.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



57.5090, -25.8869, -50.4354



132.8560, -59.5820, -116.5147

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0530, 9.8339, 19.2475



49.6120, 15.4743, 30.1583



40.0010, 1.9715, 21.0471



31.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



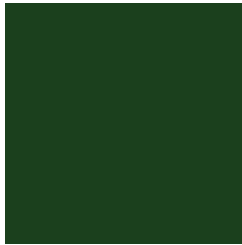
39.4910, 25.8869, 50.4354



91.1440, 59.5820, 116.5147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

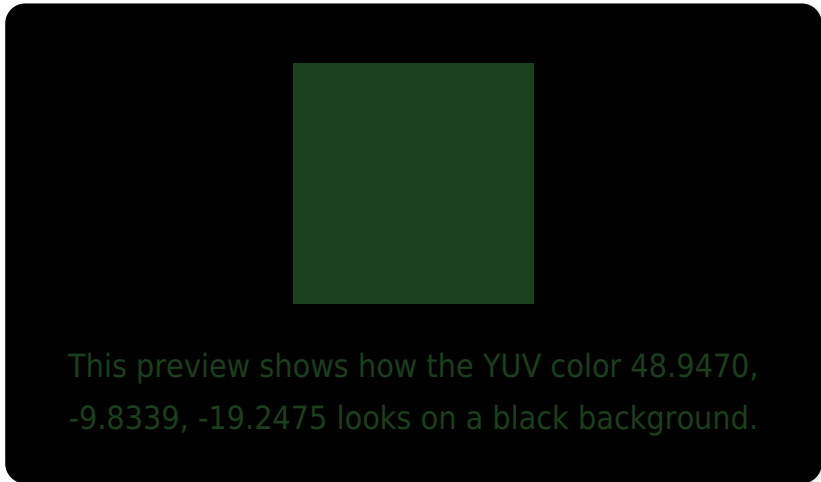
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

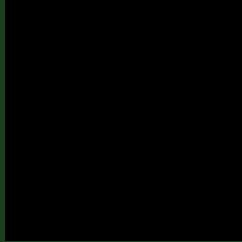
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475.

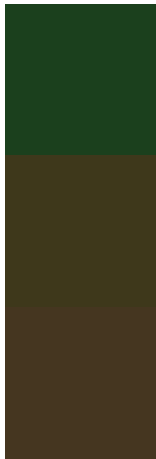


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 48.9470, -9.8339,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475

Protanopia

54.4880, -13.5516, 6.5880

Deuteranopia

55.9770, -11.8207, 11.4212



Tritanopia

53.3940, 5.7218, -15.2545

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475

Protanomaly

52.4760, -12.0667, -3.0485

Deuteranomaly

53.7260, -11.2039, 0.2403

Tritanomaly

51.6020, 0.1962, -16.3140

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475

Achromatopsia

49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

48.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 64, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 64, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 64, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 64, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 64, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 64, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 64, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 64, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 64, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 64, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 48.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 64, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 64,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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